



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

OCTOBER 1, 2019-SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

CITY OF CASSELBERRY, FLORIDA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL

FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

Prepared by Finance Department



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CITY OF CASSELBERRY, FLORIDA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

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The City of Casselberry, Florida City Officials During the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Elected Officials

Mayor/Commissioner David Henson

Vice Mayor/Commissioner Bill Hufford

Commissioner Anthony Aramendia

Commissioner Mark Busch

Commissioner Andrew Meadows

Financial Related Management

City Manager James R. Newlon

City Clerk Donna G. Gardner

Finance Director Carol A. Conroy

City Attorney Catherine D. Reischmann



City of Casselberry

City Manager

95 Triplet Lake Drive, Casselberry, Florida 32707 • Telephone (407) 262-7700, Ext. 1130 Fax (407) 262-7745 • Email jnewlon@casselberry.org

March 08, 2021

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Casselberry 95 Triplet Lake Drive Casselberry, FL 32707

Dear Mayor Henson and Commissioners:

Florida Statutes require that all general-purpose local governments publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Casselberry, Florida and its Community Redevelopment Agency (a component unit) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Casselberry. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Casselberry has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Casselberry's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Casselberry's framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of Casselberry's financial statements have been audited by MSL, P.A., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Casselberry for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examination of evidence, on a test basis, supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessment of the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and an evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation. Based upon the audit, the independent auditor concluded that a reasonable basis existed to render an unmodified opinion that the City of Casselberry's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Casselberry's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

THE CITY

The City of Casselberry is located in Central Florida and is part of the greater Orlando metropolitan area. The area has consistently ranked as one of the fastest growing areas in the United States. The City is primarily a retail, office, and residential area with a small amount of light industrial. Like all other cities in Seminole County, the City operates according to a Commission/Manager form of government. There are five elected City Commissioners, one of whom also serves as Mayor and Commission Chairman, and a professional, appointed City Manager.

The City of Casselberry is one of seven municipal governments within Seminole County. The City provides a full range of services to its 30,341 citizens. Included in these services are traditional city functions such as police, sanitation, road maintenance, water, reclaimed water and wastewater operations, parks, recreation, planning, economic and community development, as well as support activities for city governmental programs.

In terms of its physical development, the City of Casselberry is a mature and a relatively densely developed city of seven square miles. The City's infrastructure serves a stable population and requires expenditures primarily for maintenance and modernization of facilities rather than rapid growth. The City's policy is to keep its infrastructure safe and functional, and gradually improve services, while containing and limiting the financial burden to its residents.

ACCOUNTING SYSTEM, INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROLS, AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

The City's accounting records for General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, and Capital Projects Funds are maintained on a modified accrual basis. Revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available, while expenditures are recorded at the time the related fund liabilities are incurred. Accounting records for Enterprise and Pension Trust Funds are maintained on a full accrual basis.

In designing and developing the City's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding:

- 1. The safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition; and
- 2. The reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets.

The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that:

- 1. The cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and
- 2. The evaluation of cost and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets.

Budgetary control, in conformance with the City Charter and Florida Statutes, is maintained through constant review by the Finance Director. Budgetary responsibility for the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, Capital Projects and Enterprise Funds is established at the fund level. Detailed monthly revenue and expenditure/expense reports are prepared for each department.

THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES

The funds and entities related to the City of Casselberry that are included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report are controlled by or dependent on the City. Determination of "controlled by or dependent on" is based on criteria and disclosure requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 61 The Financial Reporting Entity. The criteria deal with the selection of governing authority, designation of management, and ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. Based on these criteria, the various funds shown in the Table of Contents are included in

this report. This report, together with the accounting and budgeting systems, have been designed to conform to the standards set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Fund structure has also been designed to comply with the legal requirements of the various revenue bond covenants and resolutions.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

During fiscal year 2020, several significant actions occurred within the City that will have lasting impacts going forward.

- Advanced Metering Infrastructure Project (AMI) The City of Casselberry operates a Water and Sewer Utility that extends well beyond the City limits and encompasses about fourteen square miles. The meters are read monthly by pedestrian meter readers using touch read "wands" to upload and temporarily store data. There are nearly 20,000 meters in service with most fifteen years old or older. In 2020, planning was completed and a contract awarded for the replacement of all customer meters. Technology will be upgraded to Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI). This would allow meter data to be accessed digitally through a network. Billing would be more efficient and customer service will have near "real time" access to customer data so alarms can bring timely attention to anomalies and customer inquiries can be efficiently answered. This project will be completed in 2021 and is expected to cost about \$9,000,000.
- <u>Public Works Complex</u> The City of Casselberry will completely refurbish the Public Works facility on Seventh Street. These facilities share space to house those divisions that generally do field work throughout Casselberry. They include maintenance teams that serve Parks, Streets, Lakes, Stormwater, Trees, Fleet, Water and Sewer Lift Stations and Distribution and Collection. Also located there are the fuel depot and Inventory Control. This is a major renovation that may eventually exceed \$15,000,000 in projected cost. Design and Engineering was completed in 2020 and construction will be awarded in 2021.
- Park Improvement Initiative Following years of community outreach and master planning, the City of Casselberry asked the voters if they would support major improvements to five parks and the construction of a new one. On March 17, 2020 a referendum was passed overwhelmingly. It was approved for the City of Casselberry to issue bonds to raise up to \$24,000,000 for Park Improvements. Planning and Engineering began in 2020 for Secret Lake Park. The first bond issue is planned to be \$6,000,000 in 2021. Work will then commence and extend several years.
- Concord Drive Improvements Concord Drive is a road on the southwest end of the City that runs between Anchor Road and US Hwy. 17-92. Planning and Engineering was completed in 2020 to make complete street design changes with new sidewalks, raised curves and gutters, landscaping, decorative streetlights and park-like amenities around newly created retention areas. Stormwater infrastructure will be added, and utility infrastructure will be improved. Construction was awarded in 2020 and will continue into 2021. The total cost of this project will be about \$2,000,000.

DEBT ISSUES

The City's new debt issues in FY 2020 pertained to debt issuances for capital leases and the Advanced Metering Infrastructure Project (AMI) which was issued in December 2019. The City issued new debt through J P Morgan Chase Bank, N.A. for the replacement or retrofitting of all the water meters within the City's water/sewer system and for upgrading the infrastructure to enable remote reading and other system upgrades in the amount of \$8,000,000 for a period of fifteen years. Principal and interest payments are secured by a lien upon, and a pledge of, the net revenues derived from the operation of the water and sewer utility system. The City also financed the purchase of a street sweeper, clam truck, various other trucks, a valve maintenance trailer, golf course lighting and police vehicles, all fully equipped, through a capital lease agreement with SunTrust Equipment Finance & Leasing Corporation. In addition, the City financed a fleet of golf carts through PNC Equipment Financing, LLC. The total increase in lease debt for FY20 was \$1,051,050 and is financed over three to five years.

FISCAL POLICIES

The City's policy applicable to the General Fund and the Water and Sewer Utility Fund is to preserve unrestricted fund balance (General Fund) or net position (Water and Sewer) above 25% of operating expenses excluding capital outlay, transfers and debt. Long-range forecasts have been developed and relied on in budget planning to assure that fund balance is preserved and that recurring revenues closely match recurring expenses. In accordance with GASB 68, the City records a net pension liability related to the City's pension plans. Net pension liability represents the present value of projected benefit payments for current and active employees to be provided through the cost-sharing defined benefit pension plans that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The City's share of pension expense for FY 2020 decreased by \$562,126 related to the Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plan liability and increased \$723,207 related to the Florida Retirement System liability. This information is presented in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and the Proprietary Statement of Net Position. Additional information is provided in Note 10 of the financial statements.

FIDUCIARY OPERATIONS

The City has a fiduciary responsibility for a self-directed deferred compensation plan, which allows employees to defer a portion of salary for future years. The City also has a fiduciary responsibility for a Police Officers/Firefighters Pension Plan organized under F.S. Chapters 175 and 185 that began operations January 1, 1996. This Plan is a cost-sharing defined benefit, public retirement system, and a component unit (reporting as a Pension Trust Fund) of the City's financial reporting entity. Both the employer and the employee contribute to this Plan. Currently, there are 74 active participants and 28 inactive plan members or beneficiaries receiving benefits. The fair market value of the plan's assets at the close of the fiscal year are \$30,645,698 and the plan is 102.45% funded.

OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Casselberry does not pay for any direct post employment benefits to retirees; however, State law allows retirees to elect to remain on the City's health plan at the same cost as regular employees. The inclusion of retirees in the group plan is considered to add to the overall cost to provide the benefit and create a future obligation. This future implicit benefit is required to be actuarially measured and disclosed. OPEB benefits are funded on a pay-as-you go basis. Additional information is provided in Note 9 of the financial statements.

STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS - INDEPENDENT AUDIT

Florida Statutes require the City's financial statements to be subjected to an annual examination by an independent Certified Public Accountant. Those provisions have been satisfied and the opinion of the independent accountant is included.

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT PROGRAM

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Casselberry, Florida for its financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The presentation of this report on a timely basis could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated service of the Finance Department personnel. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to its preparation. We would also like to thank the Commissioners for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

James R. Newlon City Manager

Carol A. Conroy Finance Director

Caul & Cone

CITY OF CASSELBERRY, FLORIDA ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

CITIZENS OF CASSELBERRY **CITY COMMISSION** TRUST AND AGENCY BOARDS **ADVISORY BOARDS** Mayor-Commissioner David Henson Community Redevelopment Agency Lakes Management Advisory Board Vice Mayor-Commissioner Bill Hufford Police Officers' & Firefighters' Pension Parks and Recreation Advisory Board Commissioner Anthony Aramendia **Board of Trustees** Planning & Zoning Commission Commissioner Mark Busch Commissioner Andrew Meadows **CITY ATTORNEY CITY CLERK CITY MANAGER** Catherine D. Reischmann James R. Newlon Donna G. Gardner **PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT** Mark D. Gisclar, Director **POLICE** COMMUNITY **FINANCE** Administration **ADMINISTRATIVE DEPARTMENT** City Facilities DEVELOPMENT **DEPARTMENT SERVICES** Distribution & Collection Larry Krantz DEPARTMENT Carol A. Conroy Engineering Chief Christopher Bowley Director Andy Brooks Fleet Maintenance Director Director

DEPARTMENT

Human Resources Information Systems Procurement Risk Management

Building Safety Code Compliance Community Redevelopment **Economic Development** Planning & Zoning

Accounting **Customer Service** Management & Budget Meter Service

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Police Administration **Enforcement Bureau** Support Services Bureau

Inventory Control Lift Stations Parks and Maintenance Recreation Solid Waste Stormwater Streets Maintenance Wastewater Reclamation Water Production

9/30/2020



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Casselberry Florida

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Casselberry, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Casselberry, Florida (the "City") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Casselberry, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the other required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, the other supplementary information section, and the statistical section, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 1, 2021, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida March 1, 2021

CITY OF CASSELBERRY. FLORIDA

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

September 30, 2020

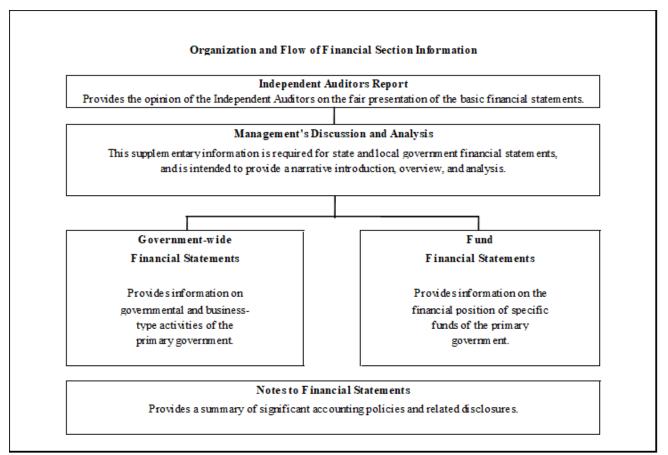
The City of Casselberry, Florida's (the "City") Management's Discussion and Analysis (the "MD&A") presents an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the letter of transmittal in the introductory section, and the City's financial statements following the MD&A.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows
 of resources at the close of fiscal year 2020 by \$159,307,373 (net position). Of this amount,
 \$28,955,075 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to
 citizens and creditors.
- The City's net position increased by \$8,007,214 of which governmental activities increased the net position \$3,676,461 and proprietary funds increased net position by \$4,330,753.
- At September 30, 2020, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$26,221,870, a decrease of \$(1,419,188) in comparison with the prior year. This change in fund balance was mostly due to increased spending on projects in the Infrastructure Surtax Fund, causing the Infrastructure Surtax Fund balance to decrease by \$(1,452,684).
- The City's capital assets increased overall by \$7,131,418, with governmental activities contributing an increase in capital assets of \$2,091,547 while business-type activities accounted for an increase of \$5,039,871.
- The City's long-term debt increased by \$5,598,665. Governmental long-term debt decreased by \$(1,366,767) and enterprise funds long-term debt increased by \$6,965,432. The governmental fund decreases were primarily attributable to regularly scheduled debt service payments offset by new leases. The enterprise fund increases were primarily attributable to the issuance of the Utility System Revenue Bond, Series 2019 and additional capital lease debt offset by regularly scheduled debt service payments.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements is comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.



Government-wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements*, which consist of the following two statements, are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Additionally, nonfinancial factors, such as a change in the City's property tax base or the condition of City facilities and infrastructure, should be considered to assess the overall health of the City.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event, giving rise to the change, occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned, but unused vacation leave).

Both of these financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, physical environment, transportation, economic environment, and culture/recreation. The business-type activities of the City include water and wastewater utilities and golf course operations. The government-wide financial statements can be found immediately following the MD&A.

CITY OF CASSELBERRY. FLORIDA

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Continued

September 30, 2020

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government) but also legally separate entities known as component units. Component units, which are other governmental units over which the City Commission can exercise influence and/or may be obligated to provide financial subsidy, are presented as a separate column in the government-wide financial statements and as individual activities in the basic and fund financial statements. The City's component units are briefly addressed in this MD&A.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

The City maintains several individual governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Information is presented separately in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for the General Fund, Stormwater Fund, Community Redevelopment Agency Fund, and Infrastructure Surtax Fund, which are considered to be major funds. The remaining data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* in the other supplemental information section of this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, debt service funds, and most special revenue funds; and project-length budgets for the active capital projects funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for these funds to demonstrate budgetary compliance.

Proprietary Funds

The City maintains enterprise funds as its one type of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses two enterprise funds to account for the fiscal activities relating to its water and wastewater utilities (Utility Fund) and golf course operation (Golf Club Fund).

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Utility Fund, which is considered to be a major fund of the City, and the Golf Club Fund, a nonmajor fund.

CITY OF CASSELBERRY, FLORIDA

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Continued

September 30, 2020

Fiduciary Funds

The City maintains a pension trust fund as its one type of fiduciary fund. *Fiduciary funds* are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar to proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, required supplementary information is included which presents schedules for the Other Postemployment Benefits Plan, schedules for the Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plan, Florida Retirement System pension and Health Insurance Subsidy and budgetary comparison schedules for the City's General Fund, Stormwater Fund, Community Redevelopment Agency Fund and Infrastructure Surtax Fund. Required supplementary information can be found following the notes to the financial statements.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented in the other supplemental information section of this report. Combining and individual fund schedules for non-major funds can be found after the required supplementary information.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$159,307,373 at the close of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. Net position is comprised of three categories: Net Investment in Capital Assets, Restricted Net Position and Unrestricted Net Position. At the end of fiscal year 2020, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

The largest portion of the City's net position (\$108,281,371 or 67.97%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, and equipment); less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The City has *restricted net position* (\$22,070,927) for construction projects, debt service, police public safety activities, building code enforcement, and other purposes. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* (\$28,955,075) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

City of Casselberry, Florida Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Current and Other Assets	\$ 31,516,270	\$ 30,744,517	\$ 35,058,157	\$ 28,929,768	\$ 66,574,427	\$ 59,674,285	
Capital Assets (Net)	63,391,684	61,300,137	65,071,637	60,031,766	128,463,321	121,331,903	
Total Assets	94,907,954	92,044,654	100,129,794	88,961,534	195,037,748	181,006,188	
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Deferred Contributions for Pensions	38,475	36,969	10,116	8,534	48,591	45,503	
Deferred Outflows for Pensions	1,729,541	888,124	158,294	85,502	1,887,835	973,626	
Deferred Outflows for OPEB	63,808	69,133	19,610	21,026	83,418	90,159	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,831,824	994,226	188,020	115,062	2,019,844	1,109,288	
Current and Other Liabilities	5,682,107	4,640,549	5,106,785	4,838,663	10,788,892	9,479,212	
Long-term Liabilities	13,982,505	14,738,977	11,540,580	4,832,286	25,523,085	19,571,263	
Total Liabilities	19,664,612	19,379,526	16,647,365	9,670,949	36,311,977	29,050,475	
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Deferred Inflows for Pensions	1,237,636	1,507,690	68,365	137,873	1,306,001	1,645,563	
Deferred Inflows for OPEB	101,154	91,749	31,087	27,530	132,241	119,279	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,338,790	1,599,439	99,452	165,403	1,438,242	1,764,842	
Net Position:							
Net Investment in							
Capital Assets	48,514,546	51,906,199	59,766,825	53,458,694	108,281,371	105,364,893	
Restricted	14,448,073	9,400,516	7,622,854	6,656,072	22,070,927	16,056,588	
Unrestricted	12,773,757	10,753,200	16,181,318	19,125,478	28,955,075	29,878,678	
Total Net Position	\$ 75,736,376	\$ 72,059,915	\$ 83,570,997	\$ 79,240,244	\$ 159,307,373	\$ 151,300,159	

There was an increase of \$8,007,214 in the City's net position from the prior fiscal year, of which an increase of \$4,330,753 in net position is reported in connection with the City's business-type activities for the current year. This increase represents 26.76% of total unrestricted net position for business-type activities at year end. Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$3,676,461. This increase represents 28.78% of the total unrestricted net position for governmental activities at year-end. Key reasons for changes in net position are presented in the following pages for governmental and business-type activities.

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$3,676,461 thereby affecting 45.91% of the total increase in the net position of the City. This increase is due to the addition of several transportation projects in the City that were completed during FY20 and placed in service. The public safety function (primarily police) has the largest percentage of governmental activity expenses (35.4%) and it presents the largest deficit from associated program revenues. Public safety expenses are primarily covered by general revenues of the City.

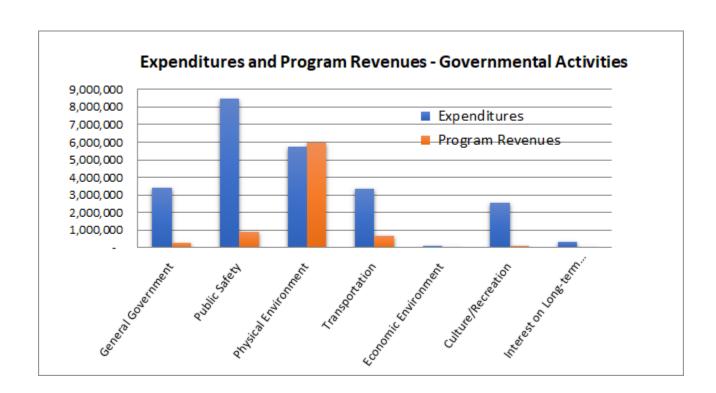
City of Casselberry, Florida Changes in Net Position

	Governme	ntal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
REVENUES							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for Services	\$ 5,346,948	\$ 6,200,059	\$ 21,084,613	\$ 19,752,394	\$ 26,431,561	\$ 25,952,453	
Operating Grants and Contributions	405,264	1,435,762	78,845	323,640	484,109	1,759,402	
Capital Grants and Contributions	2,168,040	1,343,751	126,250	358,681	2,294,290	1,702,432	
General Revenues:							
Property Taxes	4,790,637	4,507,851	-	-	4,790,637	4,507,851	
Other Taxes	8,994,626	8,906,984	-	-	8,994,626	8,906,984	
Other	4,468,516	4,883,736	687,971	879,855	5,156,487	5,763,591	
Total Revenues	26,174,031	27,278,143	21,977,679	21,314,570	48,151,710	48,592,713	
EXPENSES							
General Government	3,413,461	3,129,368	-	-	3,413,461	3,129,368	
Public Safety	8,477,960	7,984,299	-	-	8,477,960	7,984,299	
Physical Environment	5,722,219	4,095,432	-	-	5,722,219	4,095,432	
Transportation	3,331,195	3,174,747	-	-	3,331,195	3,174,747	
Economic Environment	116,710	160,332	-	-	116,710	160,332	
Culture/Recreation	2,522,877	2,322,355	-	-	2,522,877	2,322,355	
Interest on Long-term Debt	323,148	345,752	-	-	323,148	345,752	
Water and Wastewater	-	-	15,124,290	14,596,333	15,124,290	14,596,333	
Golf Course			1,112,636	1,025,105	1,112,636	1,025,105	
Total Expenses	23,907,570	21,212,285	16,236,926	15,621,438	40,144,496	36,833,723	
Excess (Deficiency) Before Special							
Items and Transfers	2,266,461	6,065,858	5,740,753	5,693,132	8,007,214	11,758,990	
Transfers	1,410,000	1,484,425	(1,410,000)	(1,484,425)			
Observation Not Bestition	0.070.101	7.550.600	4 000 ==0	4 000 ===	0.007.044	44 750 000	
Change in Net Position	3,676,461	7,550,283	4,330,753	4,208,707	8,007,214	11,758,990	
Net Position Beginning	72,059,915	64,509,632	79,240,244	75,031,537	151,300,159	139,541,169	
Net Position Ending	\$ 75,736,376	\$ 72,059,915	\$ 83,570,997	\$ 79,240,244	\$ 159,307,373	\$ 151,300,159	

The following tables and graphs show the results of governmental activities for fiscal year ended 2020.

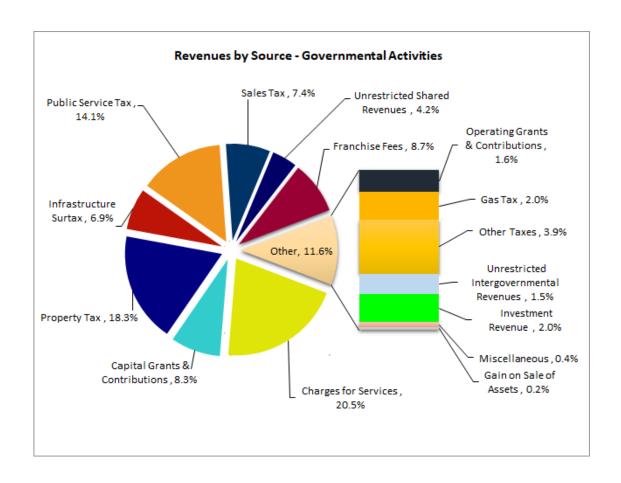
Expenditures and Program Revenues – Governmental Activities

			Program		N	let (Expense)		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	% of Total Revenues		Revenues	% of Total		Revenue	
General Government	\$ 3,413,461	14.3%	\$	273,797	3.5%	\$	(3,139,664)	
Public Safety	8,477,960	35.4%		918,452	11.6%		(7,559,508)	
Physical Environment	5,722,219	23.9%		5,987,527	75.6%		265,308	
Transportation	3,331,195	13.9%		662,077	8.4%		(2,669,118)	
Economic Environment	116,710	0.5%		-	-%		(116,710)	
Culture/Recreation	2,522,877	10.6%		78,399	1.0%		(2,444,478)	
Interest on Long-term Debt	323,148	1.4%		-	-%		(323,148)	
-	\$ 23,907,570	100.0%	\$	7,920,252	100.0%	\$	(15,987,318)	



Revenue by Source - Governmental Activities

Description	Revenues	% of Total
Charges for Services Operating Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions Property Tax Public Service Tax Gas Tax Infrastructure Surtax Sales Tax Unrestricted Shared Revenues Other Taxes Unrestricted Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 5,346,948 405,264 2,168,040 4,790,637 3,698,428 530,614 1,808,031 1,944,151 1,086,494 1,013,402 396,695	20.5% 1.6% 8.3% 18.3% 14.1% 2.0% 6.9% 7.4% 4.2% 3.9% 1.5%
Franchise Fees Investment Revenue Miscellaneous Gain on Sale of Assets	\$ 2,281,451 528,715 116,173 58,988 26,174,031	8.7% 2.0% 0.4% 0.2% 100.0%



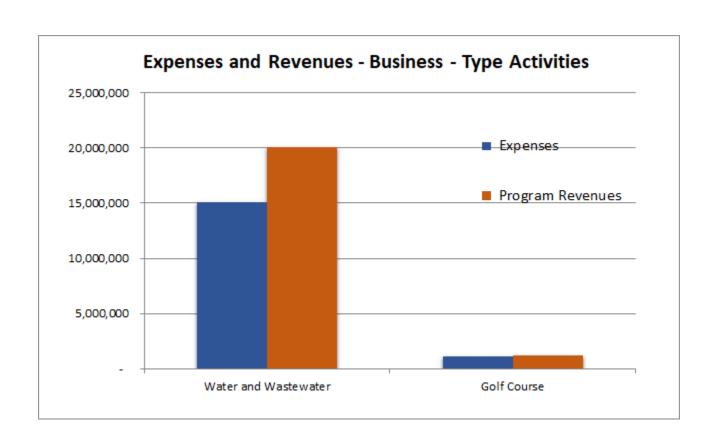
Business-type Activities

Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$4,330,753. This accounts for 54.09% of the City's growth in net position. This increase is primarily attributable to a growth in capital assets. Unrestricted net position decreased by \$(2,944,160).

The following tables and graphs show the results of business-type activities for fiscal year ended 2020. Net revenue is a reflection of capital utility projects that were not completed by the end of the fiscal year. The largest of these projects are the Howell Park Plant Rehabilitation, Water Reclamation Facility Improvement Project and Advanced Metering Infrastructure Project (AMI).

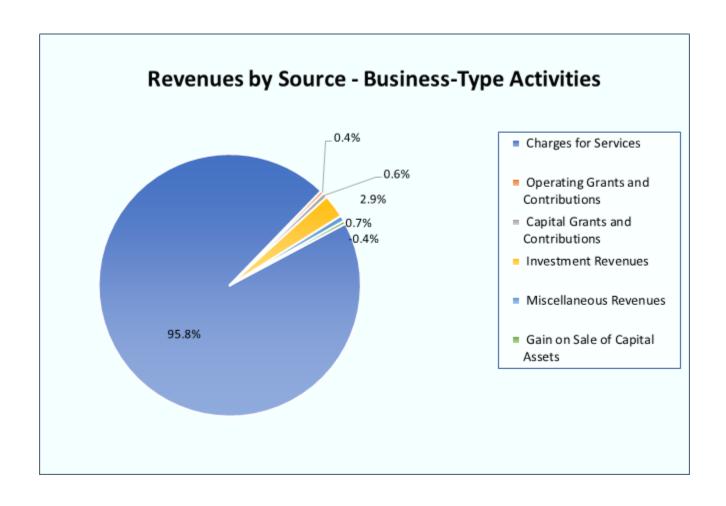
Expenses and Program Revenues – Business-type Activities

Functions/Programs	Expenses		Program Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue	
Water and Wastewater Golf Course	\$	15,124,290 1,112,636	\$ 20,080,365 1,209,343	\$	4,956,075 96,707
	\$	16,236,926	\$ 21,289,708	\$	5,052,782



Revenues by Source – Business-type Activities

Description	Revenues	% of Total
Charges for Services Operating Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions Investment Revenues Miscellaneous Revenues	\$ 21,084,613 78,845 126,250 635,568 144,179	95.8% 0.4% 0.6% 2.9% 0.7%
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets	\$ (91,776) 21,977,679	(0.4)% 100.0%



CITY OF CASSELBERRY, FLORIDA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Continued September 30, 2020

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable resources*. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

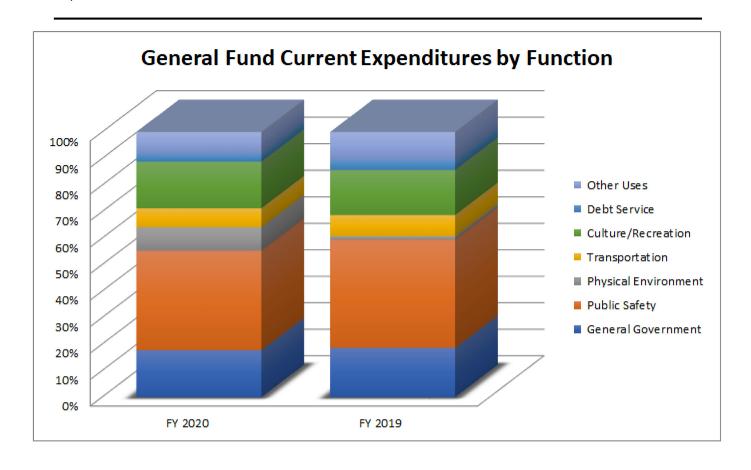
As of the end of FY 2020, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$26,221,870, a decrease of \$(1,419,188) in comparison with the prior year. The decrease in fund balance is attributable to planned capital projects in the Infrastructure Surtax Fund and the Stormwater Fund. The City's governmental fund balances are allocated as follows: non-spendable for prepaid items and inventory - \$240,855; Restricted for various purposes - \$12,789,332; Committed by City Commission - \$921,320; and Assigned for budget roll-forward - \$1,058,596. *Unassigned fund balance* is \$11,211,767 and is available for spending in accordance with related ordinances, resolutions, laws and regulations, Florida Statutes, and City policies.

MAJOR FUNDS

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of FY 2020, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$11,211,767, while total fund balance was \$12,699,256. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 60.8% of the total General Fund expenditures including transfers, while total fund balance represents 68.9% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City's General Fund increased \$522,619 during the current fiscal year. Total revenues increased by \$431,039 and total expenditures increased by \$2,373,696 from the prior year. The increase in revenues is attributable to increases in taxes due to new construction and increased property values. Much of the increase in expenditures can be attributed to the construction of the Sausalito Shores Wall. Associated costs are being recovered through a Special Assessment paid by the homeowners of the Sausalito Shores subdivision. The remaining differences in revenues and expenditures were due to routine variations. The following graph displays the General Fund current expenditures by function for FY 2020 and FY 2019 as a visual display.



CITY OF CASSELBERRY, FLORIDA

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Continued

September 30, 2020

Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) Fund

The CRA Fund was established to account for the City's redevelopment district. The CRA is presented as a blended component unit of the City in accordance with GASB No. 61 for fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. At the end of the fiscal year, fund balance was \$893,247, a decrease of \$(235,431) from the prior fiscal year. The decrease in fund balance was primarily due to transfers to the City to fund the purchases of land on US Highway 17/92.

Infrastructure Surtax Fund

The Infrastructure Surtax was approved through referendum in Seminole County in FY 2015. The Infrastructure Surtax Fund captures the tax revenue and costs restricted for infrastructure projects in compliance with the tax laws. At the end of the fiscal year, fund balance was \$4,258,628. There was a decrease in fund balance of \$(1,452,684) in FY 2020. This was due to strategically planned capital projects that utilize prior year debt funding.

Stormwater Fund

The Stormwater Fund is used to account for revenue and expenditures related to stormwater and lakes management. Stormwater fund balance increased \$516,018 in FY 2020. This was due a reduction in strategically planned capital projectsfor the year pursuant to the mission of the stormwater fund in reducing stormwater runoff and maintaining high water quality.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Utility Fund at the end of the current year was \$16,000,154, a decrease of \$(3,130,130) from the prior year. Unrestricted net position of the Golf Club Fund at the end of the current year was \$181,164, an increase of \$185,970 from the prior year.

The decrease in Unrestricted Net Position for the Utility Fund was due to increased investment in capital assets. The increase in Unrestricted Net Position for the Golf Club Fund is the result of higher revenues brought about by a renewed interest in golf and various on-site activities planned by the management company. The results of the current year were previously discussed in the section pertaining to business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund's original budget increased by \$3,561,422, resulting in the final amended budget of \$21,879,947 inclusive of expenditures and transfers out. Increases in Physical Environment are largely due to the budget rollover from FY 2019 for the replacement of Sausalito Wall. Culture/Recreation rolled over budget from FY 2019, and increased funding in FY 2020, for the purchase of land to be used for Lake Concord Park parking. These are purchases, projects and professional fees for items that were not completed by the end of fiscal year 2019. The changes within functions are summarized in the table below.

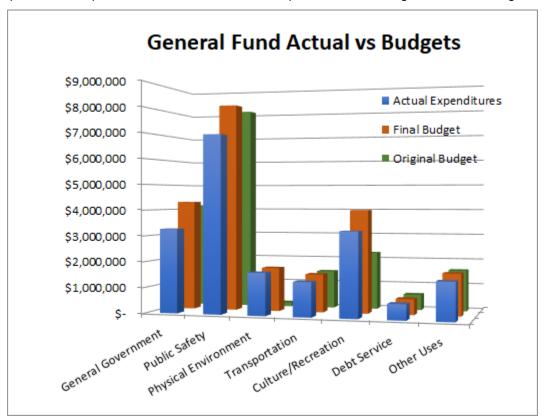
	Ori	ginal Budget	Final Budget		Change
General Government	\$	4,153,951	\$	4,310,528	\$ 156,577
Public Safety		8,069,833		8,175,069	105,236
Physical Environment		152,189		1,698,791	1,546,602
Transportation		1,473,826		1,480,188	6,362
Culture/Recreation		2,254,964		3,996,360	1,741,396
Debt Service		607,905		601,980	(5,925)
Other Uses		1,605,857		1,617,031	 11,174
	\$	18,318,525	\$	21,879,947	\$ 3,561,422

The General Fund underspent the final budget by \$3,440,768. The most significant underspending in General Government was due to a budgeted amount of \$422,673 for payment to Seminole County for the FY 2020 Fire "Look-Back". The Fire Stations' revenues exceeded expenditures in FY 2020. As a result, no payment was due to the County. This is the second year in a row that revenues exceeded expenditures. The interlocal agreement with Seminole County states that as a result of having two consecutive years with no additional contribution to Seminole County being required from the City, there will be no further payments due to the County. Other underspending in General Government was due to timing of budgetary appropriation versus actual expenditure. In Public Safety, actual expenditures were less than anticipated due to the timing of those expenditures related to design of a new Police Station This project was included in the 2020-2021 budget rollover for expenditures in the next fiscal year. Actual expenditures were also less than anticipated in Culture and Recreation due to the timing of those expenditures related to capital improvements for Wheel Park and Secret Lake Park. These projects were also included in the 2020-2021 budget rollover for expenditures in the next fiscal year. The changes within functions are summarized in the table below.

	ľ		ı

	Expenditures		Final Budget		Change	
General Government	\$	3,265,976	\$	4,310,528	\$	1,044,552
Public Safety		6,917,578		8,175,069		1,257,491
Physical Environment		1,634,668		1,698,791		64,123
Transportation		1,326,320		1,480,188		153,868
Culture/Recreation		3,239,542		3,996,360		756,818
Debt Service		596,035		601,980		5,945
Other Uses		1,459,060		1,617,031		157,971
	\$	18,439,179	\$	21,879,947	\$	3,440,768

The graph below compares the actual General Fund expenditures to its original and final budgets.



Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2020 amounts to \$128,463,321 (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). This investment in capital assets includes land, wastewater disposal rights, buildings, improvements other than buildings, equipment, vehicles, infrastructure, and construction in progress. The total change in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$7,131,418. Governmental activities increased capital assets by \$2,091,547 and business-type activities increased capital assets by \$5,039,871. The major capital asset events of the City during the current fiscal year included the following:

Governmental funds:

The increase in land was due to the purchase of property located on US Highway 17/92 in front of City Hall. This property was purchased with the intention of creating additional parking space for Lake Concord Park. Equipment increased primarily due to the purchase of a Stormwater streets sweeper and a Streets clam truck. Infrastructure increased due to the completion of the Road Rehabilitation Project (\$1,642,601) and the Casselton Drive Project (\$3,193,353) which were capitalized from construction work in progress. Construction in Progress shows a decrease of \$1,980,066, which is mostly attributable to the capitalization of the Casselton Drive Project offset by this year's construction work in progress. The offsetting increase in accumulated depreciation reflects the increase in depreciation related to the increase in assets.

Proprietary funds:

Buildings and Improvements increased due to the completion of the Seminola Force Main Replacement (\$2,118,010), Gravity Sewer Lining Projects (\$408,651), Wilshire Drive Force Main Project (\$503,947) and various other smaller projects. The increase in Wastewater Disposal Rights was due to the completion of capital projects at Iron Bridge. The offsetting increase in accumulated depreciation reflects the increase in depreciation related to the increase in assets.

City of Casselberry, Florida Capital Assets (Net)

	Governmental Activities		Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Land	\$ 18,328,240	\$ 16,908,702	\$ 4,422,605	\$ 4,422,605	\$ 22,750,845	\$ 21,331,307	
Wastewater Disposal Rights, Net	-	-	6,932,215	5,854,618	6,932,215	5,854,618	
Buildings and Improvements	14,220,228	14,102,702	81,157,250	77,993,635	95,377,478	92,096,337	
Machinery and Equipment	5,733,550	5,327,605	14,407,842	14,021,089	20,141,392	19,348,694	
Software	6,563	96,011	-	-	6,563	96,011	
Vehicles	4,091,161	4,004,525	-	-	4,091,161	4,004,525	
Infrastructure	57,138,032	52,280,924	-	-	57,138,032	52,280,924	
Construction in Progress	1,689,082	3,669,148	5,657,851	2,428,336	7,346,933	6,097,484	
	101,206,856	96,389,617	112,577,763	104,720,283	213,784,619	201,109,900	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(37,815,172)	(35,089,480)	(47,506,126)	(44,688,517)	(85,321,298)	(79,777,997)	
Capital Assets, net	\$ 63,391,684	\$ 61,300,137	\$ 65,071,637	\$ 60,031,766	\$ 128,463,321	\$ 121,331,903	

Additional information on the City's capital assets, including major construction commitments, can be found in Note 6 of this report.

September 30, 2020

Long-term Debt

At the end of FY 2020, the City had total long-term debt outstanding of \$25,075,504. This is an increase of \$5,598,665 from the prior year. Of the total debt amount, \$22,674,190 pertains to notes and loans payable at year-end. Notes and loans payable are the largest percentage of the City's overall outstanding debt. There is no debt limitation according to City Code. There was a decrease of notes and loans payable for governmental activities of \$(1,700,637) due to an increase in capital leases of \$1,014,072, offset by regularly scheduled debt service payments of \$(2,380,839) and an increase of \$6,905,956 for business-type activities, primarily due to the issuance of Utility System Revenue Bond, Series 2019 in the amount of \$8,000,000 and capital lease additions of \$361,978 offset by regularly scheduled debt service payments of (1,396,546). In FY 2020 there was an increase in governmental funds capital leases of \$333,870 due to the purchase of a street sweeper, a clam truck, police vehicles, and other vehicles offset by regular debt service payments. The increase of \$59,476 in business-type capital leases was due to the purchase of several trucks, a valve maintenance trailer, golf course parking lighting, and a fleet of golf carts offset by regular debt service payments.

The following table presents the City's long-term notes and loans payable and capital leases, and the changes from the prior fiscal year.

City of Casselberry, Florida Outstanding Long-term Debt

	Governmental Activities				Business-ty	pe A	ctivities		Total				
		2020		2019		2020		2019		2020		2019	
Notes and Loans Payable	\$	11,306,942	\$	13,007,579	\$	11,367,248	\$	4,461,292	\$	22,674,190	\$	17,468,871	
Capital Leases		1,388,732		1,054,862		1,012,582		953,106		2,401,314		2,007,968	
	\$	12,695,674	\$	14,062,441	\$	12,379,830	\$	5,414,398	\$	25,075,504	\$	19,476,839	

Additional information on the City's debt, including pledged future revenue sources that secure the debt, can be found in Note 7 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The creation of a Five-Year Strategic Plan is underway to foster economic development. The action items from the strategic plan will be in keeping with existing incentive programs, the City's Community Redevelopment Area (CRA), an Opportunity Zone Program (fostering economic development, job creation, and capital investment), and several design-oriented overlay districts. The City facilitates partnerships with other agencies, such as Seminole County Economic Development Office, area Chambers of Commerce, and public-private partnerships to foster its economic development incentives.

Casselberry also focuses on performance indicators to track economic growth that typically include annexations, the number of new development projects, the number of home units under construction, the number of building permits issued, median home prices, home sales, taxable property values, and annual unemployment rates. In addition to these performance indicators, the City takes proactive steps to attract businesses and partners with other agencies to improve its economic development. For example, recent adoption of a new Planned Unit Development process is leading to development applications for three large-scale projects and one annexation.

Within the past year, Casselberry annexed a large vacant tract to accommodate approximately 140 townhomes and commercial outparcels. The majority of growth resulted in the construction of over 150 apartments for Jefferson Apartments at Lake Howell, 8 townhomes at the Preserve at Maitland, 20 townhomes at Concord Townhomes, and over 20 single family new homes in the Greenville Commons subdivision. Another 64 townhomes were approved for future construction within the Legacy Place project.

CITY OF CASSELBERRY, FLORIDA

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Continued

September 30, 2020

The largest commercial development was the Axios Building, with over 20,000 square feet of medical office use. This is in addition to new commercial retail uses along major roadway corridors, with a fitness center, restaurants, and light industrial uses.

Increase in new development helped the City gain 306 new residents from the prior year for a total population of 30,341. Median home prices increased approximately 15% from the previous year, which is in keeping with the local real estate market for Central Florida. Homes sales rose with increased median home prices, as home inventory in the area diminished and fewer single-family homes are available for purchase for a growing population. The population pressures on housing are reflected in the increased number and project size of multi-family homes. Casselberry is comparable to other cities in Seminole County with a taxable property value increase of 6.4%, which is expected to continue into 2021. At the same time, COVID-19 impacted the unemployment rate which rose from approximately 2.7% to 6.4% as compared to the state unemployment rate of 7.6% and a national unemployment rate of 7.7%.

The City Commission adopted the tax millage rate of 2.9990 in fiscal year 2021 to sufficiently fund the current level of services to the citizens and business owners of Casselberry. This is a reduction in the millage rate of 3.0519 for fiscal year 2020.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to present users with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or needs for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, 95 Triplet Lake Drive, Casselberry, Florida 32707.

CITY OF CASSELBERRY, FLORIDA GOVERNMENT WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 9,765,537	\$ 4,323,266	\$ 14,088,803
Investments	5,190,218	18,966,520	24,156,738
Restricted Assets	12,519,065	8,863,652	21,382,717
Accounts Receivable (Net)	1,038,083	2,064,243	3,102,326
Special Assessments Receivable	1,939,567	-	1,939,567
Due from Other Governments	416,285	65,289	481,574
Prepaid Items	212,547	15,473	228,020
Inventories	28,308	371,472	399,780
Deposits	,	388,242	388,242
Pension Asset	406,660	-	406,660
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	20,017,322	10,080,456	30,097,778
Capital Assets Being Depreciated	20,017,022	10,000,100	00,001,110
And Amortized (Net)	43,374,362	54,991,181	98,365,543
Total Assets	94,907,954	100,129,794	195,037,748
		100,120,101	100,007,710
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Contributions for Pensions	38,475	10,116	48,591
Deferred Outflows for Pensions	1,729,541	158,294	1,887,835
Deferred Outflows for OPEB	63,808	19,610	83,418
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,831,824	188,020	2,019,844
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	2,326,027	1,651,837	3,977,864
Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets	2,020,027	1,240,798	1,240,798
Retainage Payable	_	215,176	215,176
Accrued Liabilities	386,866	103,895	490,761
Due to Other Governments	44,947	19,474	64,421
	,	19,474	,
Accrued Interest Payable	102,551	-	102,551
Unearned Revenue	165,739	-	165,739
Deposits	2,700	-	2,700
Long-term Liabilities:	0.050.077	4 075 005	4 500 000
Due Within One Year	2,653,277	1,875,605	4,528,882
Due in More Than One Year	13,982,505	11,540,580	25,523,085
Total Liabilities	19,664,612	16,647,365	36,311,977
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Inflows for Pensions	1,237,636	68,365	1,306,001
Deferred Inflows for OPEB	101,154	31,087	132,241
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,338,790	99,452	1,438,242
NET POOLTION			
NET POSITION	40.544.540	E0 700 00E	400 004 074
Net Investment in Capital Assets	48,514,546	59,766,825	108,281,371
Restricted For:			
Construction Projects	10,280,962	6,916,416	17,197,378
Debt Service	1,193,981	706,438	1,900,419
Police and Fire	307,760	-	307,760
Building Code Enforcement	1,894,517	-	1,894,517
Other Purposes	770,853	-	770,853
Unrestricted	12,773,757	16,181,318	28,955,075
Total Net Position	\$ 75,736,376	\$ 83,570,997	\$ 159,307,373
			-

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements.

CITY OF CASSELBERRY, FLORIDA GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

			Program Revenues					N	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Positio					
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities	E	Business-type Activities		Total
Primary Government:		•					_							
Governmental Activities: General Government Public Safety Physical Environment Transportation Economic Environment Culture and Recreation	\$	3,413,461 8,477,960 5,722,219 3,331,195 116,710 2,522,877	\$	97,918 664,335 3,954,230 575,531 - 54,934	\$	136,686 254,117 - 1,318 - 13,143	\$	39,193 - 2,033,297 85,228 - 10,322	\$	(3,139,664) (7,559,508) 265,308 (2,669,118) (116,710) (2,444,478)	\$	- - - - -	\$	(3,139,664) (7,559,508) 265,308 (2,669,118) (116,710) (2,444,478)
Interest on Long-Term Debt		323,148	_		_		_		_	(323,148)	_			(323,148)
Total Governmental Activities		23,907,570		5,346,948		405,264	_	2,168,040		(15,987,318)				(15,987,318)
Business-type Activities: Water and Wastewater Golf Course		15,124,290 1,112,636		19,875,270 1,209,343		78,845 -		126,250 -		- -		4,956,075 96,707		4,956,075 96,707
Total Business-Type Activities		16,236,926		21,084,613		78,845		126,250		-		5,052,782		5,052,782
Total Primary Government	\$	40,144,496	\$	26,431,561	\$	484,109	\$	2,294,290	. —	(15,987,318)		5,052,782		(10,934,536)
	Pro Pub Gas Infra Sald Unr Oth Unr Frai Inte Mis	nchise Fees erest Revenue cellaneous in (Loss) on Sa	ax Rev jove	renue Sharing rnmental Rever Capital Assets		es				4,790,637 3,698,428 530,614 1,808,031 1,944,151 1,086,494 1,013,402 396,695 2,281,451 528,715 116,173 58,988 1,410,000		- - - - - - 635,568 144,179 (91,776) (1,410,000)		4,790,637 3,698,428 530,614 1,808,031 1,944,151 1,086,494 1,013,402 396,695 2,281,451 1,164,283 260,352 (32,788)
	Total	I General Reve	nues	and Transfers	;					19,663,779		(722,029)		18,941,750
	Char	nge in Net Posi	tion							3,676,461		4,330,753		8,007,214
		Position - Begir		I						72,059,915		79,240,244		151,300,159
	Net F	Position - Endir	ıg						\$	75,736,376	\$	83,570,997	\$	159,307,373

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements.

CITY OF CASSELBERRY, FLORIDA

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2020

		General		Stormwater Fund	Red	ommunity development gency Fund
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,571,047	\$	700,859	\$	886,031
Investments	·	8,199,513	·	989,044	·	, -
Accounts Receivable		507,033		317,129		_
Special Assessments Receivable		1,939,567		· -		_
Prepaid Items		204,241		_		7,216
Inventories		28,308		-		-
Due from Other Governments		372,690		-		-
Total Assets	\$	15,822,399	\$	2,007,032	\$	893,247
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:	_		_		_	
Accounts Payable	\$	601,089	\$	45,889	\$	-
Accrued Liabilities		358,071		21,269		-
Due to Other Governments		34,083		-		-
Deposits		2,700		-		-
Advanced Revenues		165,739				
Total Liabilities		1,161,682		67,158		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Unavailable Grant Reimbursements		32,453		-		-
Special Assessment Revenue		1,929,008				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,961,461		- _		
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable Prepaid Items and Inventories		232,549		-		7,216
Restricted for Public Safety		-		-		-
Restricted for Transportation Projects		-		-		-
Restricted for Stormwater Improvements		-		1,939,874		-
Restricted for Solid Waste		-		-		-
Restricted for Capital Improvements		-		-		-
Restricted for Recreation Improvements		-		-		-
Restricted for Debt Service		196,344		-		-
Restricted for Community Redevelopment		-		-		886,031
Committed for Improvements		-		-		-
Committed for Equipment Purchases		-		-		-
Assigned for Budget Rollforward		1,058,596		-		-
Unassigned		11,211,767		-		-
Total Fund Balances		12,699,256		1,939,874		893,247
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	15,822,399	\$	2,007,032	\$	893,247

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements.

	Infrastructure Surtax Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
\$	794,540 4,844,417 - -	\$	2,813,060 3,676,309 213,921 - 1,090	\$	9,765,537 17,709,283 1,038,083 1,939,567 212,547
_	<u> </u>		43,595		28,308 416,285
\$	5,638,957	\$	6,747,975	\$	31,109,610
\$	1,380,329	\$	298,720	\$	2,326,027
Ψ	-	Ψ	7,526	Ψ	386,866
	-		10,864		44,947
	-		-		2,700
_	1,380,329		317,110		165,739 2,926,279
	1,300,323		317,110		2,320,273
	-		-		32,453 1,929,008
					1,961,461
	_		1,090		240,855
	-		2,432,468		2,432,468
	3,094,674		2,224,536		5,319,210
	-		-		1,939,874
	-		321,301		321,301
	-		284,995		284,995
	-		215,128		215,128
	1,163,954		30,027		1,390,325
	-		523,156		886,031 523,156
	- -		398,164		398,164
	-		-		1,058,596
	-		-		11,211,767
	4,258,628		6,430,865	_	26,221,870
\$	5,638,957	\$	6,747,975	\$	31,109,610

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2020

Total fund balances of governmental funds		\$ 26,221,870
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$101,206,856, and the accumulated depreciation is \$37,815,172		63,391,684
Long term net pension assets are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as fund level assets.		406,660
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources for pensions Deferred outflows of resources for OPEB Deferred inflows of resources for OPEB	1,768,016 63,808 (1,237,636) (101,154)	493,034
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilitiesboth current and long-termare reported in the Statement of Net Position. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of: Notes payable Capital lease payable Accrued interest payable Other postemployment benefits Net pension liability Compensated absences	11,306,942 1,388,732 102,551 709,474 1,973,645 1,256,989	(16,738,333)
·	1,230,909	(10,730,333)
Deferred inflow from special assessments are not available at the fund level but are recognized as revenue in the Entity-wide statements.		1,929,008
Deferred inflows from federal and state grants recognized as revenue of the current period		32,453
Total net position of governmental activities		\$ 75,736,376



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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

		General		Stormwater Fund	Re	Community development gency Fund
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$	8,711,533	\$	_	\$	_
Permits, Fees and Special Assessments	,	2,396,800	•	_	•	-
Intergovernmental Revenues		3,554,736		1,468		758,479
Charges for Services		125,282		2,213,648		, -
Fines and Forfeitures		196,109		, , , <u>-</u>		-
Investment Income		187,569		34,854		2,355
Miscellaneous Revenues		276,661		52		1,645
Total Revenues		15,448,690		2,250,022		762,479
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government		3,265,976		-		-
Public Safety		6,917,578		-		-
Physical Environment		1,634,668		1,286,478		-
Transportation		1,326,320		-		-
Economic Environment		-		-		105,269
Culture and Recreation		3,239,542		-		-
Debt Service:						
Notes Payable Principal Retirement		-		-		-
Capital Lease Principal Retirement		570,237		109,965		-
Interest and Fiscal Charges		25,798		4,859		-
Capital Outlay						<u>-</u> _
Total Expenditures		16,980,119		1,401,302		105,269
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,531,429)		848,720		657,210
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)						
Transfers In		3,509,859		_		474,822
Transfers (Out)		(1,459,060)		(332,702)		(1,367,463)
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		3,249		-		-
Issuance of Capital Lease		, -		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		2,054,048		(332,702)		(892,641)
Net Change in Fund Balances		522,619		516,018		(235,431)
Fund Balances - Beginning		12,176,637	_	1,423,856		1,128,678
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	12,699,256	\$	1,939,874	\$	893,247

Infrastructure Surtax Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ 530,614	\$ 9,242,147
· -	900,915	3,297,715
1,808,031	74,996	6,197,710
-	1,742,200	4,081,130
-	17,341	213,450
195,820	108,117	528,715
	381,628	659,986
2,003,851	3,755,811	24,220,853
-	-	3,265,976
-	1,046,299	7,963,877
-	1,698,789	4,619,935
2,301,934	889,914	4,518,168
-	-	105,269
-	-	3,239,542
1,043,000	657,637	1,700,637
-	-	680,202
111,601	182,052	324,310
2.450.505	1,705,185	1,705,185
3,456,535	6,179,876	28,123,101
(1,452,684)	(2,424,065)	(3,902,248)
	000.054	4 002 025
-	909,254 (324,710)	4,893,935 (3,483,935)
-	55,739	58,988
_	1,014,072	1,014,072
	1,014,072	1,014,072
	1,654,355	2,483,060
(1,452,684)	(769,710)	(1,419,188)
5,711,312	7,200,575	27,641,058
\$ 4,258,628	\$ 6,430,865	\$ 26,221,870

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For The Year Ended September 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (1,419,188)
Governmental funds report capital purchases as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and amortization expense. These are the amounts by which capital purchases of (\$5,605,722) exceeds depreciation and amortization of (\$3,483,579) in the current period.		2,122,143
The issuance of notes and similar long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces the liability in the statement of net position. The amounts of the items that make up these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are: Issuance of capital leases Notes payments Capital lease payments	\$ (1,014,072) 1,700,637 680,202	1,366,767
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. These adjustments are as follows: Compensated absences	(128,637)	(407.475)
Accrued interest on long-term debt	 1,162	(127,475)
In the statement of activities, only the loss on the sale/disposal of capital assets is reported. The change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the capital assets sold/disposed for adjusted in value.		(30,596)
Governmental funds report City pension contributions as expenditures. In the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of contributions is reported as pension expense.		
Difference between pension contributions and net pension expense Difference between OPEB contributions and net OPEB expense		(75,481) (53,900)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, grant revenues are recognized when both the measurable and available criteria have been met. Under full accrual accounting, the grant revenues would be recognized when earned.		
Current year revenue recognized under full accrual Reversal of prior year revenues already recognized under full accrual Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 1,961,461 (67,270) 3,676,461

CITY OF CASSELBERRY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND September 30, 2020

	_	Business-type Utility Fund		Nonmajor Other Enterprise - Golf Club Fund			Total
ASSETS							
Current Assets:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,115,682	\$	207,584	\$	ò	4,323,266
Investments		18,966,520		· -			18,966,520
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,240,798		-			1,240,798
Accounts Receivable (Net)		2,064,243		-			2,064,243
Due from Other Governments		65,289		-			65,289
Prepaid Items		375		15,098			15,473
Inventories		371,472		-			371,472
Deposits		388,242		-	_		388,242
Total Current Assets		27,212,621		222,682	_		27,435,303
Noncurrent Assets:							
Noncurrent Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		3,677,280		_			3,677,280
Restricted Investments		3,945,574		_			3,945,574
Total Restricted Assets	_	7,622,854			_		7,622,854
		.,,			_		.,,
Capital Assets:							
Land		2,205,610		2,216,995			4,422,605
Building and Improvements		80,943,614		213,636			81,157,250
Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles		13,931,372		476,470			14,407,842
Construction in Progress		5,657,851		-			5,657,851
Wastewater Disposal Rights		14,101,526		(465.042)			14,101,526
Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization		(54,509,494)		(165,943)	-		(54,675,437)
Total Capital Assets (Net)		62,330,479		2,741,158	_		65,071,637
Total Noncurrent Assets		69,953,333		2,741,158			72,694,491
Total Assets		97,165,954		2,963,840	_		100,129,794
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred Contributions for Pensions		10,116		-			10,116
Deferred Outflows for Pensions		158,294		-			158,294
Deferred Outflows for OPEB	_	19,610	_				19,610
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	188,020	\$	-	\$	ì	188,020

Continued

CITY OF CASSELBERRY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - Continued PROPRIETARY FUND

September 30, 2020

		Business-type Utility Fund		Nonmajor Other Enterprise - Golf Club Fund			Total
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	\$	1,610,319	\$	41,518	(\$	1,651,837
Retainage Payable		215,176	•	-		•	215,176
Accrued Liabilities		103,895		-			103,895
Due to Other Governments		19,474		-			19,474
Compensated Absences Payable		104,217		-			104,217
Current Portion Capital Leases		215,440		58,825			274,265
Current Portion Notes Payable		1,497,123		-			1,497,123
Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets							
Accrued Interest Payable		137,112		-			137,112
Customer Deposits		1,103,686		-			1,103,686
Total Current Liabilities		5,006,442		100,343			5,106,785
Noncurrent Liabilities:							
Noncurrent Portion Compensated Absences		243,172		_			243,172
Other Postemployment Benefits		218,040		_			218,040
Net Pension Liability		470,926		_			470,926
Noncurrent Portion Capital Leases		613,631		124,686			738,317
Noncurrent Portion Notes Payable		9,870,125		121,000			9,870,125
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		11,415,894		124,686			11,540,580
		, ,	_	,,,,,			,
Total Liabilities		16,422,336		225,029			16,647,365
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred Inflows for Pensions		68,365		_			68,365
Deferred Inflows for OPEB		31,087		-			31,087
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		99,452		-	_		99,452
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in Capital Assets		57,209,178		2,557,647			59,766,825
Restricted:		= 00.400					= 00.400
Debt Service		706,438		-			706,438
Capital Projects		6,916,416		404.404			6,916,416
Unrestricted	_	16,000,154	_	181,164		Φ	16,181,318
Total Net Position	\$	80,832,186	\$	2,738,811	= }	\$	83,570,997

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

		susiness-type Utility Fund		Nonmajor Other Enterprise - Golf Club Fund		Total
On anothing December						
Operating Revenues:	Φ	40.075.070	Φ	4 000 040	Φ	04 004 040
Charges for Services	\$	19,875,270	Ф	1,209,343	Ъ	21,084,613
Miscellaneous Revenues		134,179 20,009,449		10,000 1,219,343		144,179 21,228,792
Total Operating Revenues		20,009,449		1,219,343		21,220,192
Operating Expenses:						
Administration and Operations		4,430,852		1,045,165		5,476,017
Water Distribution and Wastewater Collections		1,611,807		-		1,611,807
Wastewater Treatment and Disposal		4,127,916		-		4,127,916
Drinking Water Production		1,318,499		-		1,318,499
Depreciation		2,978,563		58,082		3,036,645
Amortization		352,502		-		352,502
Total Operating Expenses		14,820,139		1,103,247		15,923,386
Operating Income (Loss)		5,189,310		116,096		5,305,406
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Grants from Other Agencies Investment Income Interest and Fiscal Charges Expense Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	_	78,845 635,568 (304,151) (181,776) 228,486		- (9,389) 90,000 80,611		78,845 635,568 (313,540) (91,776) 309,097
Income (Loss) Before Transfers and Contributions		5,417,796		196,707		5,614,503
Capital Contributions		126,250		_		126,250
Transfers In		120,200		95,752		95,752
Transfers (Out)		(1,505,752)		-		(1,505,752)
Change in Net Position		4,038,294		292,459		4,330,753
Total Net Position - Beginning		76,793,892		2,446,352		79,240,244
Total Net Position - Ending	\$	80,832,186	\$	2,738,811	\$	83,570,997

CITY OF CASSELBERRY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND For The Year Ended September 30, 2020

	ısiness-type Jtility Fund	Е	nmajor Other nterprise - If Club Fund	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from Customers and Users Payments to Suppliers Payments to Employees	\$ 19,853,822 (8,053,219) (3,875,030)	\$	1,209,343 (1,068,360)	\$ 21,063,165 (9,121,579) (3,875,030)
Net Cash (Used) Provided by Operating Activities	 7,925,573		140,983	 8,066,556
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Transfers to Other Funds Transfers from Other Funds Subsidy from Federal/State Grants	(1,505,752) - 78,845		95,752 -	(1,505,752) 95,752 78,845
Net Cash (Used) Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	(1,426,907)		95,752	 (1,331,155)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Acquisition/Construction of Capital Assets Contributions for Capital Asset Acquisitions Proceeds from Capital Lease/Note Payable Proceeds from Sale of Assets Principal Paid on Capital Leases Principal Paid on Bonds and Notes Interest Paid on Capital Debt	(7,873,717) 91,574 8,193,858 5,972 (224,931) (1,094,044) (238,876)		(255,120) - 168,120 90,000 (77,571) - (9,389)	(8,128,837) 91,574 8,361,978 95,972 (302,502) (1,094,044) (248,265)
Net Cash (Used) Provided by Capital and Related Financing Activities	 (1,140,164)		(83,960)	 (1,224,124)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Purchase of Investments Interest Revenues Received	 (8,439,466) 635,568		- -	(8,439,466) 635,568
Net Cash (Used) Provided by Investing Activities	 (7,803,898)			 (7,803,898)
Net Increase(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(2,445,396)		152,775	(2,292,621)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	 11,479,157		54,809	 11,533,966
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 9,033,761	\$	207,584	\$ 9,241,345
Cash and Cash Equivalents Classified As: Unrestricted Assets Restricted Assets Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,115,682 4,918,078 9,033,760	\$	207,584	\$ 4,323,266 4,918,078 9,241,344

Continued

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - Continued PROPRIETARY FUND

For The Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Business-type Utility Fund	Nonmajor Other Enterprise - Golf Club Fund	Total
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities			
Operating Income	\$ 5,189,310	\$ 116,096	\$ 5,305,406
Depreciation Amortization Change in Assets and Liabilities:	2,978,563 352,502	58,082 -	3,036,645 352,502
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable (Increase) Decrease in Inventories (Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Items	(24,770) 19,836 (134)	- - (14,412)	(24,770) 19,836 (14,546)
(Increase) Decrease in City of Orlando Iron Bridge Deposit (Increase) Decrease in Deposits (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of	72,611 -	- -	72,611 -
Resources Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable/Retainage Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences	(72,958) (569,680) 49,303	(8,783)	(72,958) (578,463) 49,303
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Governments Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Liabilities Increase (Decrease) in Other Postemployment	1,399 27,541	- -	1,399 27,541
Benefits Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of	16,916 154,553	- -	16,916 154,553
Resources Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits/Advance Total Adjustments	(65,951) (203,468) 2,736,263	(10,000)	(65,951) (213,468) 2,761,150
Net Cash (Used) Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 7,925,573	\$ 140,983	\$ 8,066,556

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

PENSION TRUST FUND

September 30, 2020

ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents:	
Short Term Investments	\$ 284,012
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	284,012
Receivables:	
Contributions in Transit	11,521
Investment Income	10,793
Total Receivables	22,314
Investments:	
Mutual Funds:	
Fixed Income	8,270,330
Equity Funds	19,579,783
Real Estate	2,489,258
Total Investments	30,339,371
Total Assets	30,645,697
LIABILITIES	
Payables:	
Investment Expenses	6,125
Administrative Expenses	3,642
Total Liabilities	9,767
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS	\$ 30,635,930

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

ADDITIONS	
Contributions:	
City	\$ 629,995
State	381,149
Employee	143,723
Total Contributions	1,154,867
Investment Income:	
Net (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments	1,631,468
Interest and Dividends	914,930
Less Investment Expense*	(31,642)
Net Investment Gain (Loss)	2,514,756
Total Additions	3,669,623
DEDUCTIONS	
Benefits Paid to Participants	436,856
Refunds of Member Contributions	38,666
Administrative Expense	69,476
Total Deductions	544,998
Net Increase in Net Position	3,124,625
Net Position Restricted for Pensions	
Beginning of Year	27,511,305
End of Year	\$ 30,635,930

^{*}Investment related expenses include investment advisory, custodial and performance monitoring fees.



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CITY OF CASSELBERRY, FLORIDA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2020

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September 30, 2020

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September 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Casselberry, Florida (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. The Reporting Entity

The City was created under general law pursuant to voters' referendum held on October 30, 1940. The most recent amendments to the City Charter were adopted by way of voters' referendum held on August 14, 2016. The legislative branch of the City is composed of a five (5) member elected Commission, including a City-wide elected Mayor. The City Commission is governed by the City Charter, and by state and local laws and regulations. The City Commission is responsible for the establishment and adoption of policy. The execution of such policy is the responsibility of the Commission-appointed City Manager.

The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component unit, an entity for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. A blended component unit, although legally separate, is in substance, part of the City's operations. The City has only one blended component unit, the Community Redevelopment Agency (the "CRA"). The CRA is an incremental tax district established in accordance with Florida Statutes Chapter 163 to finance and redevelop the City's designated redevelopment areas. Even though the CRA is a legally separate entity, it is reported as if it were part of the City because the City commission also serves as the CRA Board. Acting as the City Commission, The Commission reviews and approves the CRA's budget, provides funding, and performs all accounting functions for the CRA. The CRA's services benefit the City by supporting the City's redevelopment in the designated community redevelopment areas. The CRA has been presented as a blended component unit classified as a special revenue fund. The City has no discretely presented component units.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component unit. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements where the transfers between funds are incorporated into the same activities column. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses and indirect costs of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Indirect expenses* are those costs that are allocated to functions and activities in accordance with the City's adopted indirect cost allocation plan. The "Expenses" column includes both direct and indirect expenses. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, the enterprise funds, and the pension trust fund. The pension trust fund is excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

1. Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

September 30, 2020

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

2. Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise fees, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The Community Redevelopment Agency, a special revenue fund, accounts for the County's portion of tax increment revenues restricted for expenditures for the City's Community Redevelopment Area.
- The *Infrastructure Surtax Fund*, a special revenue fund, accounts for the infrastructure surtax revenues and expenditures for transportation improvements.
- The Stormwater Fund, a special revenue fund, accounts for the resources and expenditures for stormwater and lakes management.

The City reports the Utility Fund as a major enterprise fund. An enterprise fund may be used to report any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services.

■ The *Utility Fund*, accounts for the fiscal activities of the City's water and sewer treatment and distribution operations as well as the funding and payment of related debt.

Additionally, the City reports the following non-major fund types:

- Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes.
- The *Debt Service Fund* accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, governmental long-term debt principal and interest.
- Capital Projects Funds account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds), vehicles, or equipment.
- The Golf Club Fund accounts for the activities of the Casselberry Golf Club.
- The Pension Trust Fund, a fiduciary fund, accounts for the activities of the City's Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plan, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified police and fire employees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

September 30, 2020

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources, as they are needed for their intended purposes. For unrestricted resources, the City considers that committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

D. Budgetary Requirements

The following procedures are used to establish the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1) No later than August 1 of each year, the City Manager submits to the City Commission a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1.
- 2) Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3) Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through the passage of a resolution.
- 4) Budgets are legally adopted and formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, the Debt Service fund, all capital projects funds, and all special revenue funds except for the Justice Equity Sharing, Justice Equity Sharing DEA, Summerset Wall and Police and Firefighters Premium Tax Trust Fund. The budget adopted for the enterprise fund is derived in compliance with bond covenants. The pension trust fund is not budgeted.
- 5) Budgets for the governmental funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The budget for the enterprise fund is adopted on a non-GAAP basis to reflect budget versus actual information related to "operations and maintenance" as defined in bond covenants.
- 6) The City Manager is authorized to transfer part or all of an unencumbered appropriation balance between departments within a fund; however, any revisions that alter the total appropriations of any fund must be approved by the City Commission. The classification detail at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is at the total fund level. During the fiscal year ended, various appropriations were approved in accordance with this policy. Budgeted amounts shown in the financial statements are as originally adopted and as further amended. However, amendments were nominal and did not significantly change the originally adopted budget.
- 7) Appropriations lapse at the close of the fiscal year.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, money market accounts, savings accounts, investments in the State Board of Administration (SBA) Florida PRIME, and highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of twelve months or less when purchased.

F. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value, with the exception of investments in the SBA Florida PRIME. The Florida PRIME is an external investment pool which is presented at share price. All fair valuations are based on quoted market prices. Florida PRIME pool shares are based on amortized cost, which approximates fair value, of the Florida PRIME's underlying portfolio. The Florida PRIME is not a registrant with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Office of the Auditor General of the State of Florida performs the operational audit of the activities and investments of the Florida PRIME.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

September 30, 2020

G. Receivables

Property Taxes Receivable

Under Florida law, the assessment of all properties and the collection of all county, municipal and school board property taxes are consolidated in the offices of the Seminole County Property Appraiser and Seminole County Tax Collector. The laws of the State regulating tax assessments are also designed to assure a consistent property valuation method statewide. State Statutes permit municipalities to levy property taxes at a rate of up to 10 mills. The City's millage for 2020 was 3.0519 mills.

All real and tangible personal property taxes are due and payable on the levy date of November 1 of each year or as soon thereafter as the assessment roll is certified by the Seminole County Property Appraiser (levy date). Seminole County (the "County") mails to each property owner on the assessment roll a notice of the taxes due and the County also collects the taxes for the City. Taxes may be paid upon receipt of such notice from the County, with discounts at the rate of four percent (4%) if paid in the month of November, three percent (3%) if paid in the month of December, two percent (2%) if paid in the month of January, and one percent (1%) if paid in the month of February. Taxes paid during the month of March are without discount and all unpaid taxes on real and tangible property become delinquent on April 1 (the lien date) of the year following the year in which taxes were assessed. Procedures for collecting delinquent taxes, including applicable tax certificate sales, are provided for by the Laws of Florida.

Accounts Receivable

Utility System Fund operating revenues are generally recognized on the basis of cycle billings rendered monthly. Revenues for services delivered during the last month of the fiscal year that have not been read by September 30 are accrued based on meter readings for the applicable consumption taken at the beginning of October and billed in October.

Special Assessments Receivable

Special assessments receivable are recorded at the time the related project is completed and are secured by liens on the property benefited. Revenue in governmental funds is deferred until such time it becomes an available resource. Special assessment revenues are recorded in the government-wide and enterprise fund financial statements when earned.

H. Inventories

Inventories are valued at average price, which approximates market value, using the weighted average method. Inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

I. Prepaids

Prepaids represent payments made to vendors for services that will benefit beyond September 30, 2020. These payments are recorded as expenditures or expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

J. Restricted Assets

The uses of certain assets of the Utility System Enterprise Fund are restricted by specific provisions of bond resolutions and other agreements. Assets so designated are identified as restricted assets on the statement of net position.

K. Capital Assets

Capital assets include property, plant, equipment, software, wastewater rights, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), and are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Property, plant, equipment and intangibles with initial, individual costs that equal or exceed \$5,000 and estimated useful lives of over one year are recorded as capital assets. Personal computers and related hardware valued under \$5,000 are manually tracked by the Information Technology division. Roads, bridges, water/sewer lines, and sidewalks are capitalized when their

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

September 30, 2020

initial costs equal or exceed \$25,000 and possess estimated useful lives of more than five years. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized upon substantial completion of construction. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

The City has entered into agreements with nearby utilities for the right to dispose of specified wastewater flows. These agreements require payment of capital costs which have been recorded as capital assets and are being amortized, using the straight-line method over 40 years (maximum life for an intangible asset).

Capital assets are depreciated or amortized using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives for buildings and improvements is 25 years, utility system and infrastructure ranges from 25-40 years, equipment ranges from 5-10 years, software is 3 years, and vehicles range from 5-7 years.

L. Amortization of Bond Discounts and Premiums

In the Utility Fund, bond discounts and premiums are amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. In the governmental funds, these costs are recorded as other sources or uses when bonds are issued. Issuance costs are expensed at the time of debt issuance.

M. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to grant employees annual leave based upon the number of years of employment with the City. Annual leave may be used as time off or accrued up to a maximum of 300 hours. Upon termination in good standing, the employee can receive a cash benefit for the number of hours accrued at the employee's current wage rate. Additionally, employees are paid for sick hours at a rate of 25% of the hourly wage upon termination. Compensated time is paid at a rate of 100% of the current hourly wage for the balance of compensated hours on hand at time of termination. The City records compensated absences in governmental funds, only if they have matured, as expenditures for the amount accrued during the year that would normally be liquidated with expendable, available financial resources. The City accrues compensated absences in the period they are earned in the government-wide and enterprise fund financial statements.

N. Other Postemployment Benefits

It is the City's policy to allow retirees to participate in its employee health and life insurance programs. The City accrues an other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liability for the cost of providing those benefits in the government-wide and enterprise fund financial statements based on actuarial measurement annually.

O. Net Pension Liability

In the government-wide and proprietary statements, net pension liability represents the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the cost-sharing defined benefit pension plans to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service (total pension liability), less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension plans, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position, and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The City allocated the net pension liability, deferred outflows for pensions, deferred inflows for pensions, and pension expense to funds and functions/activities based on their respective contributions made to the pension plans during the measurement year.

P. Advanced Revenues

Advanced revenues consist primarily of advanced grant revenues, business licenses collected in advance for fiscal year 2021, and permit revenues collected that are refundable up until the time building projects are started.

Q. Deferred Inflows of Resources/Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets and liabilities, the City reports the financial statement elements of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

September 30, 2020

position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure or expense) until that applicable time. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that applicable time.

The City reports three items that qualify as deferred outflows of resources on its government-wide and proprietary statements of net position- deferred outflows for pensions, deferred contribution for pensions and deferred outflows for OPEB. The deferred outflows for pension are an aggregate of items related to pensions as calculated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. The deferred outflows for pensions will be recognized as pension expense or a reduction of the net pension liability in future reporting years. The deferred outflows for OPEB represent contributions toward OPEB cost by the City that will offset the total OPEB liability in future reporting years.

The City reports two items that qualify as deferred inflows of resources on its government-wide and proprietary statements of net position - deferred inflows for pensions and deferred inflows for OPEB. The deferred inflows for pension and deferred inflows for OPEB are an aggregate of items related to pensions/OPEB as calculated under the same principles as deferred outflows for pensions/OPEB, and will be recognized as a reduction to pension/OPEB expense in future reporting years.

The City reports one item that qualifies as deferred inflow of resources on the governmental balance sheet. The deferred inflow of resources for unavailable grant reimbursements represents grant revenues for which the earning process is complete but the revenue was not received within the City's revenue recognition period.

R. Capital Contributions

Capital contributions consist primarily of donations from federal and state aid programs, developers, and water and sewer stabilization fees charged to customers for initial hookup to the Utility System's water and sewer lines. Capital contributions are recognized when earned or when legal title is transferred to the City for contributed capital assets.

S. Fund Balances

The City has classified governmental fund balances as follows:

- <u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u> represents fund balance that is (a) not in a spendable form, such as
 prepaid items and inventory, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as an
 endowment.
- Restricted Fund Balance consists of amounts that can be spent only on the specific purposes stipulated by law or by the external providers of those resources such as local option gas taxes and 29% of the municipal state revenue sharing.
- <u>Committed Fund Balance</u> self-imposed limitations set in place prior to the end of the fiscal period. These
 amounts can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City
 Commission, which is the highest level of decision-making authority, and that require the same level of
 formal action to remove the constraint. The City Commission can establish, modify or rescind committed
 fund balance through the formal approval of an ordinance.
- Assigned Fund Balance amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint that represents an intended
 use established by the City Commission or by their designated body or official. The City Commission has
 not formally delegated the authority to assign fund balance to any individual or position at this time. The
 purpose of the assignment must be narrower than the purpose of the General Fund. Formal action is not
 necessary to impose, remove, or modify a constraint in Assigned Fund Balance. Additionally, this category
 is used to reflect the appropriation of a portion of existing fund balance to eliminate a projected deficit in
 the subsequent year's budget.
- <u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> includes all spendable amounts not contained within the other classifications of the General Fund, and any deficit fund balance of the other governmental funds.

The City adopted a policy that sets aside funds for the purpose of maintaining sufficient working capital. This is approximately equal to two to three months of operating expenses or 25% of the operating budget. The 25% reserve is calculated as a percentage of normal operating expenses not inclusive of debt service, capital outlay

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

September 30, 2020

and other financing uses. This amount is needed to cover short-term cash flow variations, economic downturns, and emergencies. As part of the annual budget process, the City Commission may also approve an amount to be set aside for a catastrophic event or unforeseen losses through insurance or litigation.

T. Net Position Restricted by Enabling Legislation

In the government-wide financial statements, governmental activities report restricted net position of \$14,448,073 of which management has determined \$1,894,517 is restricted by enabling legislation and is reported as restricted for building code enforcement.

September 30, 2020

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Governmental and Business-type Activities Deposits and Investments

At September 30, 2020, the City's carrying value of cash and cash equivalents totaled \$19,006,880, while the bank balance was \$18,941,870. The City's cash deposits are held by a bank that qualifies as a public depository under the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act as required by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes and are fully insured by the Public Deposits Trust Fund. Additionally, funds are placed with the State Board of Administration (SBA) for participation in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (Florida Prime Investment Pool), created by Section 2018.405, Florida Statutes. This investment pool operates under investment guidelines established by Section 215.47, Florida Statutes.

The City utilizes a pooled investment model for all City funds to maximize its investment program. Investment from this internal pool is allocated to the respective funds based upon the resources invested. As of September 30, 2020, the carrying value of investments includes accrued interest of \$136,200. City Charter, Florida Statutes, bond covenants, and other legal and contractual provisions govern the City's investment policy. Allowable investments include direct obligations of the US Treasury and Federal agencies, corporate debt obligations, local government surplus funds trust fund (Florida PRIME), mortgage asset backed securities, certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, banker's acceptances, prime commercial paper, collateralized mortgage obligations, fixed income, or money market mutual trust funds. Investments are stated at fair value and amortized cost. Deposits and investments of the Pension Trust Fund are held separately from those of other City funds and an independent investment manager and custodial bank handles all such investments.

Carrying Value

		Carrying value
Governmental & Business-type Activities:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	19,006,880
Local Government Surplus Funds Trust		6,603,128
Investment Accounts		34,018,250
Total Governmental & Business-type Activities:		59,628,258
Pension Trust Funds:		
Short-Term Investments		284,012
Mutual Funds - Fixed Income		8,270,330
Mutual Funds - Equity		19,579,783
Real Estate		2,489,258
Total Pension Trust Funds	_	30,623,383
Total Primary Government	\$	90,251,641
Classified as:		
		Carrying Value
Government-Wide Statement of Net Position	_	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	14,088,803
Investments	·	24,156,738
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		21,382,717
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents		284,012
Investments		30,339,371
Total Primary Government	\$	90,251,641

The City categorizes its fair value measurements in accordance with GASB 72 Fair Value Hierarchy. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets that the government can access at the measurement date; level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset, either directly or indirectly; level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The City uses quoted prices provided by its third party custodian, Salem Trust. The City has the following fair value measurements and input levels as of September 30, 2020:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

September 30, 2020

- Short-term investments and US Government Obligations of \$18,850,886 using quote market prices (Level 1 inputs)
- Corporate bonds of \$14,763,309 are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs)

Local Government Investment Pools

The City's investments in the Florida Prime Investment Pool are similar to money market funds in which units are owned in the fund rather than the underlying investments. These investments are reported at amortized cost and meet the requirements of GASB Statement No. 31, as amended by GASB Statement No. 79 *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*, which establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. There are no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals from the Florida Prime Investment Pool; although in the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, the fund's executive director may limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund for a period of 48 hours.

As of September 30, 2020, the City's governmental and business-type investment portfolio is composed of the following instruments:

Weighted

		weigntea		
Casselberry Investment Portfolio		Average	S&P	Fair Value
In the second Trans	Fair Value	Maturity	Credit	Measurement
Investment Type	 at 9/30/20	(Years)	Rating	Level
US Treasury Notes/Bonds	\$ 3,648,130		TSY	1
Corporate Debt	460,291		A-	2
Corporate Debt	1,035,655		Α	2
Corporate Debt	490,310		A+	2
Corporate Debt	580,367		AA-	2
Corporate Debt	110,070		AA	2
Corporate Debt	130,082		AA+	2
Corporate Debt	 2,196,387		AAA	2
Total Investment Portfolio	\$ 8,651,292	2.94		
Casselberry Operating Portfolio		Weighted Average	S&P	Fair Value
caccondenty operating termine	Fair Value	Maturity	Credit	Measurement
Investment Type	at 9/30/20	(Years)	Rating	Level
US Treasury Notes/Bonds	\$ 15,202,756		TSY	1
Corporate Debt	400,166		A-	2
Corporate Debt	1,551,863		Α	2
Corporate Debt	927,214		A+	2
Corporate Debt	780,812		AA	2
Corporate Debt	273,284		AA+	2
Corporate Debt	 5,826,808		AAA	2
Total Operating Portfolio	\$ 24,962,903	2.15		
Investments Measured at Amortized Cost				
SBA - Florida Prime	\$ 6,603,128			
Total Investments	\$ 40,217,323			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

September 30, 2020

Interest Rate Risk: In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its liquid reserves investment portfolio to no longer than 2.5 years and its investment reserves portfolio to no longer than 3.5 years. Risks of market price volatility are controlled through maturity diversification such that aggregate price losses on instruments with maturities exceeding one year shall be no greater than coupon interest and investment income received from the balance of the portfolio. The portfolio is structured so that investments mature to meet the City's cash needs for ongoing operations. Liquidity is assured through practices that ensure that the City's next disbursement date and payroll are covered through maturing investments or marketable US Treasury bills. The reserve portfolio must remain highly liquid with an average maturity of AA- or higher.

Credit Risk: The City's investment policy limits the minimum credit quality of its investments, as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSRO). The City primarily invests in government and corporate bonds, US Treasury Obligations, and certificates of deposit or mutual funds. Unrated investments are typically IA Agency backed securities.

Custodial Risk: For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. To avoid custodial credit risk, it is the City's policy to have its investments held at a third party custodian in the City's name.

Concentration of Credit Risk: To mitigate concentration of credit risk, the City diversifies its investments to an extent that is practical given the safety of investments and associated return, in compliance with its investment policy. Specific limitations as to the percentage of the portfolio and length of the maturity for each type of investment are addressed in the policy.

Police Officer and Firefighters Pension Plan (POFPP) Investments

The City's Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plan categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices; level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The following is a summary of the City's POFPP Trust investments at September 30, 2020:

	Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)	Credit Rating	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Investments by Fair Value Level						
Real Estate \$	2,489,258	N/A		\$	-	\$ 2,489,258
Mutual Funds - Fixed Income	8,270,330	N/A	N/A		3,270,330	-
Mutual Funds - Equity	19,579,783	N/A	N/A	19	9,579,783	-
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	30,339,371	<u>.</u>		\$ 27	7,850,113	\$ 2,489,258

Interest Rate Risk: To mitigate interest rate risk from declines in fair value, the POFPP's investment policy requires that the investment portfolio structure maturities so that the weighted average maturity is less than 10 years.

Credit Risk and Concentration of Credit Risk: In order to provide for a diversified portfolio, the Pension Board of Trustees engages several investment management firms who are responsible for the assets and allocation of their mandate only, and are provided specific performance objectives and investment criteria. Allowable investments include investments in equity, fixed income, Treasury Inflation Protection Securities (TIPS), real estate and other alternatives. In order to maintain a balanced portfolio, the allocation of assets are targeted at not more than 5% in common stock, capital stock or convertible stock of any one issuing company. Fixed income investments issued to any single corporation shall not exceed 3% of the total fund and all investments and shall have a minimum rating of investment grade or higher by at least one major credit rating agency. Money market funds shall have a minimum rating of S&P's A1 or Moody's P1. Foreign securities are limited to fully and easily

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

September 30, 2020

negotiable securities with no qualitative guidelines with regard to equity rating, etc., except that prudent standards shall be developed and maintained by the manager.

Pooled funds may include mutual funds, commingled funds, exchange-traded funds, limited partnerships and private equity. Investments in a pooled fund require the Pension Board to adopt the prospectus or governing policy of that fund. Investments in corporate common stock and convertible bonds shall not exceed 70% of the total POFPP assets. Foreign securities may not exceed 25% of the value at market of the POFPP fund.

Custodial Risk: The POFPP assets are held by a third party and all securities are properly designated as an asset of the POFPP. Securities transactions between a broker-dealer and the custodian involving purchase or sale of securities by transfer of money or securities must be made on a "delivery vs. payment method" to ensure that the custodian will have the security or money, as appropriate, in hand at the conclusion of the transaction.

Foreign Currency Risk: Foreign currency risk is controlled by ensuring that all international investments are purchased with U.S. dollars. The Casselberry Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension plan was not exposed to foreign currency risk during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

Additional information regarding the City's pension investments not disclosed in this section may be found in Note 10.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

September 30, 2020

NOTE 3 – RECEIVABLES

The following is a detail listing of receivables for the City's individual major funds and the aggregate of nonmajor funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts at September 30, 2020:

Description	(General	St	ormwater	Utility System	N	lonMajor Funds	Total
Accounts	\$	507,033	\$	317,129	\$ 1,504,109	\$	213,921	\$ 2,542,192
Unbilled receivables		-		-	661,797		-	661,797
Allowance for uncollectible		-		-	(101,663)		-	(101,663)
Total Receivables (Net)	\$	507,033	\$	317,129	\$ 2,064,243	\$	213,921	\$ 3,102,326

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND ACCOUNTS

Interfund Transfers

Individual interfund transfers at September 30, 2020 are:

	Tı	ansfers In	Transfers Out		insfers In Transfers Out		Purpose
Major Funds:							
General Fund	\$	3,509,859	\$	1,459,060	Transfer to cover receipts and expenditures Transfer for capital project and		
Stormwater Fund		-		332,702	administrative costs Transfer for Lake Concord Park parking		
Community Redevelopment Agency		474,822		1,367,463	and administrative costs Transfer for capital project and payment to		
Utility Fund		-		1,505,752	general fund for franchise fee		
NonMajor Governmental Funds:							
Special Revenue Funds		12,200		324,710	Transfer for administrative costs		
Debt Service Fund		865,901		-	To fund current year debt service payments		
Capital Projects Funds		31,153		-	To fund capital project		
Golf Club Enterprise Fund		95,752		-	Transfer to fund lease payments		
Total Interfund Transfers	\$	4,989,687	\$	4,989,687			

NOTE 5 – UTILITY RESTRICTED ASSETS

The use of certain Utility Fund assets is restricted by specific provisions of bond resolutions. The City also restricts funds available for repayment of customer deposits and amounts required to be placed in special construction accounts. Restricted assets of the Utility System at September 30, 2020 are as follows:

Accounts Description:	Cash and h Equivalents	Ir	nvestments	Restriction
Capital improvements Customer deposits	\$ 3,107,561 1,104,079	\$	3,945,574 -	Restricted fees Deposit liability
State revolving loans and revenue bond	 706,438		-	Debt liability
Total Restricted Assets - Business-type Activities	\$ 4,918,078	\$	3,945,574	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued September 30, 2020

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Net Capital Assets

The following is a summary of net capital assets as shown on the government-wide statement of net position:

	Governmental		В	usiness-type	
		Activities	Activities		Total
Land	\$	18,328,240	\$	4,422,605	\$ 22,750,845
Construction in Progress		1,689,082		5,657,851	7,346,933
Buildings and Improvements		14,220,228		81,157,250	95,377,478
Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles		9,824,711		14,407,842	24,232,553
Software		6,563		-	6,563
Infrastructure		57,138,032		-	57,138,032
Wastewater Disposal Rights		-		14,101,526	14,101,526
Total Capital Assets		101,206,856		119,747,074	220,953,930
Less: Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization		(37,815,172)		(54,675,437)	(92,490,609)
Capital Assets, Net	\$	63,391,684	\$	65,071,637	\$ 128,463,321

B. Changes in Capital Assets

The following show the changes in the City's capital assets by governmental activities and business-type activities. Also shown is a summary of depreciation and amortization expense by function and major activity:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance 10/01/2019	 ncreases	 Decreases	 Ending Balance 9/30/2020
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 16,908,702	\$ 1,419,538	\$ -	\$ 18,328,240
Construction In Progress	 3,669,148	 4,440,205	 (6,420,271)	 1,689,082
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	20,577,850	 5,859,743	 (6,420,271)	 20,017,322
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated and Amortized:				
Buildings	6,828,527	-	-	6,828,527
Improvements other than buildings	7,274,175	151,598	(34,072)	7,391,701
Equipment	5,327,605	541,642	(135,697)	5,733,550
Software	96,011	-	(89,448)	6,563
Vehicles	4,004,525	615,902	(529,266)	4,091,161
Infrastructure	 52,280,924	 4,857,108	 _	 57,138,032
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated and Amortized	 75,811,767	 6,166,250	 (788,483)	 81,189,534
Less Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization For:				
Buildings	(5,792,986)	(202,241)	-	(5,995,227)
Improvements other than buildings	(4,194,301)	(766,249)	27,028	(4,933,522)
Equipment	(4,083,817)	(364,491)	135,697	(4,312,611)
Software	(96,011)	-	89,448	(6,563)
Vehicles	(2,559,711)	(467,676)	505,714	(2,521,673)
Infrastructure	 (18,362,654)	 (1,682,922)		 (20,045,576)
Total Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	 (35,089,480)	 (3,483,579)	757,887	 (37,815,172)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated				
and Amortized, Net	 40,722,287	 2,682,671	 (30,596)	 43,374,362
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 61,300,137	\$ 8,542,414	\$ (6,450,867)	\$ 63,391,684

<u>Depreciation and Amortization Expense By Function for Governmental Activities</u>

General Government	\$ 160,103
Public Safety	505,360
Physical Environment	1,164,695
Transportation	1,060,073
Culture/Recreation	 593,348
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 3,483,579

CITY OF CASSELBERRY, FLORIDA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued September 30, 2020

Business-type Activities	Beginning Balance 10/1/2019	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance 9/30/2020
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 4,422,60	5 \$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,422,605
Construction In Progress	2,428,33	6,704,576	(3,475,061)	5,657,851
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	6,850,94	6,704,576	(3,475,061)	10,080,456
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated and Amortized:				
Buildings and Improvements	77,993,63	3,494,861	(331,246)	81,157,250
Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles	14,021,08	9 462,291	(75,538)	14,407,842
Wastewater Disposal Rights	12,671,42	1,430,099		14,101,526
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated and Amortized	104,686,15	5,387,251	(406,784)	109,666,618
Less Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization For:				
Buildings and Improvements	(38,565,01	6) (2,198,744)	143,498	(40,620,262)
Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles	(6,123,50	1) (837,901)	75,538	(6,885,864)
Wastewater Disposal Rights	(6,816,80	9) (352,502)		(7,169,311)
Total Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	(51,505,32	(3,389,147)	219,036	(54,675,437)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated				
and Amortized, Net	53,180,82	1,998,104	(187,748)	54,991,181
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 60,031,76	\$ 8,702,680	\$ (3,662,809)	\$ 65,071,637

Depreciation and amortization expense for Business type activities by function/program is as follows:

Utility System Golf Course \$3,331,065 58,082 \$3,389,147

C. Construction Commitments

	F	Remaining
Project (with commitments > \$100,000)	Commitment	
Advance Metering Infrastructure	\$	7,674,278
Concord Drive Improvements		1,555,033
Howell Park Treatment Plant Renovation		676,323
Lake Kathryn Complete Street Improvements		236,844
Northgate Water Main Replacement		113,753
Police Department Complex		735,937
Sausalito Blvd. Force Main Replacement		102,927
Secret Lake Park Pavillion		290,795
Seminola Master Lift Station Renovation		976,947
Various Gravity Sewer Linings		296,433
Windward Square Water Main Replacement		152,110
WRF Pump Station		472,162
Total	\$	13,283,542

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The City's outstanding long-term liabilities includes notes and loans payable, capital leases, other postemployment benefits liability, net pension liability, and accrued compensated absences. The following is a schedule of changes in the City's long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020:

	Balance 10/1/2019	Additions	Reductions	Balance 9/30/2020	Due Within One Year	Long-Term Portion		
Governmental Activities:								
Revenue Notes-Direct Placement Special Assessment Debt with Government Commitment-Direct Placement	\$ 11,364,000 1,643,579	\$ -	\$ (1,578,000) (122,637)	\$ 9,786,000 1,520,942	\$ 1,627,000 149,042	\$ 8,159,000 1,371,900		
Capital Leases	1,043,379	1,014,072	(680,202)	1,388,732	500,138	888,594		
'	, ,	, ,	(000,202)	, ,	500,136	,		
Other Postemployment Benefits	670,304	39,170	-	709,474	-	709,474		
Net Pension Liability	1,364,298	609,347	-	1,973,645	-	1,973,645		
Compensated Absences	1,128,352	835,763	(707,126)	1,256,989	377,097	879,892		
Governmental Activities Long-term Liabilities	\$ 17,225,395	\$ 2,498,352	\$ (3,087,965)	\$ 16,635,782	\$ 2,653,277	\$ 13,982,505		
Business-type Activities:								
Revenue Notes	\$ 1,544,905	\$ 8,000,000	\$ (765,541)	\$ 8,779,364	\$ 1,159,364	\$ 7,620,000		
FDEP Loans Payable- Direct Borrowings:								
Preconstruction Loan	57,075	-	(15,695)	41,380	16,177	25,203		
Construction Loans	593,826	-	(163,295)	430,531	168,313	262,218		
Water Quality Loan	2,265,486	-	(149,513)	2,115,973	153,269	1,962,704		
Capital Leases	953,106	361,978	(302,502)	1,012,582	274,265	738,317		
Other Postemployment Benefits	201,124	16,916	-	218,040	-	218,040		
Net Pension Liability	316,373	154,553	-	470,926	-	470,926		
Compensated Absences	298,086	316,499	(267,196)	347,389	104,217	243,172		
Business-type Activities Long-term Liabilities	\$ 6,229,981	\$ 8,849,946	\$ (1,663,742)	\$ 13,416,185	\$ 1,875,605	\$ 11,540,580		

Compensated absences, net pension liability and other postemployment benefits for governmental activities will be liquidated in future periods primarily by the General Fund.

B. Notes Payable and Capital Leases

The City has capital lease agreements with SunTrust Equipment Financing and Leasing to finance the purchase of vehicles and equipment that are secured by the related assets listed below and classified under machinery, equipment and vehicles. Initial principal payment is due upon contract execution, with subsequent principal and interest due annually thereafter. The City also has a capital lease agreement with PNC Equipment Finance Leasing, LLC to lease 60 golf carts. Principal and interest payments are due monthly. The original purchase amounts and remaining principal are as follows:

		Asset	I	Principal
Governmental Activities Capital Leases:	Cost		Oı	utstanding
Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles				
SunTrust 2016, Purpose: Stormwater vac-con, int 2.98%	\$	370,000	\$	110,296
SunTrust 2017, Purpose: IT server and SAN, int 1.98%		300,537		61,274
SunTrust 2018, Purpose: PD vehicles, int 2.59%		447,000		180,993
SunTrust 2019, Purpose: Streets hot asphalt trailer, PD vehicles and Parks service truck, int 3.19-3.32%		459,781		240,373
SunTrust 2020, Purpose: Stormwater street sweeper, Streets clam truck, PD vehicles, 2 trucks, int 2.19%		1,014,072		795,796
Total	\$	2,591,390	\$	1,388,732

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

September 30, 2020

Business-Type Activities Capital Leases:		
Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles		
SunTrust 2018, Purpose: LS generators and pumps, int 3.41%	\$ 1,188,950	\$ 689,819
SunTrust 2018, Purpose: Golf lighting, int 3.29%	120,800	49,063
SunTrust 2020, Purpose: D&C trucks & maint trailer, lead truck, WP pickup truck, Golf lighting, int 2.19%	213,658	152,309
PNC Leasing, Purpose: Golf Carts, int 4.74%	 148,320	 121,391
Total	\$ 1,758,728	\$ 1,012,582

The City has revenue notes and loans from governmental agencies outstanding at September 30, 2020. The revenue notes under governmental activities are secured by sales tax revenue, gas tax revenue, infrastructure surtax revenue, and special assessments. The revenue notes under business-type activities are secured by the net revenues of the Utility System. The loans from a state agency are secured as a secondary lien on the net revenues of the Utility System.

The following is a summary schedule of the City's long-term obligations, including their impact on those present and future pledged revenue sources:

Governmental Activities:	Revenue Pledged	Principal Outstanding		Total Pledged evenue (1)	Future Pledged Revenue Over Debt Service Required (2)	Current Year Debt Srvc Paid		Current Year Total Revenue
Revenue Notes-Direct Placement:		 utotug		<u> </u>	110441104 (2)	. 414		
Sales Tax Revenue Note 2011A Total issued: \$5,345,000 Maturity: 2026, Interest Rate: 3.00% Purpose: Refi/Capital Improvements	Half-Cent Sales Tax	\$ 4,275,000	\$	4,742,468	244.1%	\$	673,638	\$ 1,944,151
Sales Tax Revenue Bond 2015 Total issued: \$9,894,000 Maturity: 2025, Interest Rate: 1.85% Purpose: Infrastructure Improvements	Infrastructure Sales Surtax	5,511,000		5,769,621	156.7%		1,154,601	1,808,031
Special Assessment Revenue Bond 2019 Total issued: \$1,643,579 Maturity: 2029, Interest Rate: 3.11% Purpose: Infrastructure Improvements	Sausalito Wall Special Assessment	 1,520,942		1,767,093	51.6%		165,801	104,289 (3)
Total Governmental Activities		\$ 11,306,942						

⁽¹⁾ Total pledged revenue is the total outstanding principal and interest.

⁽²⁾ Future pledged revenue over debt service required is calculated using the current year total revenues for the remaining years of debt service.

⁽³⁾ Revenues to be collected over 20 years, debt payments made over ten years. To the extent that Special Assessment Revenues are insufficient to pay amounts due, the City has covenanted to budget and appropriate non-ad valorem revenues.

CITY OF CASSELBERRY, FLORIDA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued September 30, 2020

Business-type Activities:	Revenue Pledged	Principal Outstanding	Total Pledged Revenue (1)	Future Pledged Revenue Over Debt Service Required (2)	Current Year Debt Srvc Paid	Current Year Total Revenue
Revenue Note: Utility System Refunding Note, Series 2011	Net revenues	\$ 779,364	\$ 788,561	868.7%	\$ 792,968	\$ 6,849,943
Total issued: \$5,400,000	after operating	\$ 779,304	\$ 700,501	000.7 /6	\$ 792,900	(3)
Maturity: 2020, Interest Rate: 2.32%	expenses &					(5)
Purpose: Refunding	loan payments					
Notes and Loans- Direct Borrowings:						
FL Dept of Environmental Protection Note # CS12056116P	Net revenues	41,380	43,292	691.1%	17,317	149,590
Total issued: \$250,916	after operating					(3)
Maturity: 2022, Interest Rate: 1.53%	expenses &					
Purpose: Wastewater transmission	loan payments					
capital improvements						
FL Dept of Environmental Protection Note # CS120561140	Net revenues	430,531	450,427	691.1%	180,171	1,556,383
Total issued: \$3,369,790	after operating					(3)
Maturity: 2022, Interest Rate: 1.53%	expenses &					
Purpose: Water reuse facilities capital improvements	loan payments					
FL Dept of Environmental Protection Note # DW590301	Net revenues	2,115,973	2,461,998	791.9%	205,167	1,772,306
Total issued: \$370,073	after operating					(3)
Maturity: 2031, Interest Rate: 2.65%	expenses &					
Purpose: Water quality improvement	loan payments					
Utility System Revenue Note Series 2019	Net revenues	8,000,000	9,230,059	66.7%	47,500	410,322
Total issued: \$8,000,000	after operating					(3)
Maturity: 2034, Interest Rate: 1.94%	expenses &					
Purpose: Advanced Metering Infrastructure Capital Improvements	loan payments					
Total Business-type Activities		\$ 11,367,248				

⁽¹⁾ Total pledged revenue is the total outstanding principal and interest.

⁽²⁾ Future pledged revenue over debt service required is calculated using the current year total revenues for the remaining years of debt service.

⁽³⁾ Total current year net revenue is calculated for each outstanding debt issue based on its proportionate share of total annual debt service paid. Net revenue is Utility Fund income before contributions and transfers.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

Revenue Notes / Loans (Direct

September 30, 2020

C. Debt Service Requirements

The following are the debt service requirements to maturity on the City's revenue notes, loans payable, and capital leases.

Governmental Activities:

	ment)	`		Capital						
Fiscal Year	_	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Total
2021	\$	1,776,042	\$	260,974	\$	500,138	\$	34,540	\$	2,571,694
2022		1,830,678		218,855		424,709		21,884		2,496,126
2023		1,855,457		175,764		266,942		10,980		2,309,143
2024		1,890,385		132,161		196,943		4,309		2,223,798
2025		1,931,466		87,327		-		-		2,018,793
2026-2030		1,367,914		97,159		-		-		1,465,073
2031-2035		655,000								655,000
Total	\$	11,306,942	\$	972,240	\$	1,388,732	\$	71,713	\$	13,739,627

Business-type Activities:

	Revenue	Notes	Direct Borrowings Notes Payable					Capital Le		
Fiscal Year	 Principal	Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 1,159,364	\$ 160,331	\$	337,759	\$	64,896	\$	274,265 \$	33,609 \$	2,030,224
2022	480,000	142,816		347,280		55,374		283,283	24,590	1,333,343
2023	490,000	133,431		258,329		45,582		223,590	15,263	1,166,195
2024	500,000	124,179		165,115		40,052		231,444	7,408	1,068,198
2025	505,000	114,130		169,264		35,903		-	-	824,297
2026-2030	2,685,000	418,779		912,306		113,526		-	-	4,129,611
2031-2035 2036 & Beyond	2,960,000	145,590 -		397,831		12,500		-	-	3,515,921
Total	\$ 8,779,364	1,239,256	\$	2,587,884	\$	367,833	\$	1,012,582 \$	80,870 \$	14,067,789

D. Significant Debt Terms

Sales Tax Revenue Note Series 2011A - The Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A may be prepaid in whole or in part with appropriate written notes to the Registered Holder, subject to a prepayment penalty. In addition to the scheduled principal and interest payments, debt coverage provided by the Half Cent Sales Tax Revenues (pledged revenues) must remain at 1.20 times the annual required debt payment. If the required coverage is not maintained, the bank shall have the option of putting the bonds back to the Issuer on any payment date.

<u>Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2015</u> - Pledged revenue for the Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2015 is the Infrastructure Sales Surtax Revenue. The City has covenanted to protect the collection of these revenues and the non-taxable status of the revenue bonds. The bonds are subject to early redemption as outlined in Article III of the bond resolution. These covenants, in addition to scheduled principal and interest payment, constitute the more significant provisions of the bond agreement. In the event of default, holders of the least 25% of the then outstanding principal amount of the bonds, can appoint a trustee to represent them in legal proceedings related to enforcement of the rights of the bondholders; however, no Holder, trustee or receiver shall have the right to declare the bonds immediately due and payable.

Special Assessment Revenue Bond 2019 - Pledged Revenues for the Special Assessment Revenue Bond 2019 are special assessments collected from property owners within the Sausalito Shores subdivision and pledged

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

September 30, 2020

non-advalorem revenues as needed to make covenanted principal and interest payments. Failure to make scheduled principal and interest payments within 10 business days of the due date constitutes a default of the bond agreement. In the event of default, the bondholder has the right to declare the principal due and payable.

<u>Utility System Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2011</u> - Significant covenants under the Utility System Revenue Refunding Bonds include: maintenance of the utility system in good condition, annual budget for scheduled principal and interest, setting of appropriate rates to cover operating expenses and 125% reserve requirement, provision for annual audit, protection of tax exempt status of the bonds and commitment to make scheduled principal and interest payments. The bonds are subject to early redemption as outlined in Article III of the bond resolution. In the event of default, holders of at least 25% of the then outstanding principal amount of the bonds, can provide written notice to issuer of the default. A period of 90 days for correction of the default is available. If not remedied, legal proceedings related to enforcement of the rights of the bondholders may begin: however, no Holder, trustee or receiver shall have the right to declare the bonds immediately due and payable.

Florida Department of Environmental Protection State Revolving Loans - The State Revolving Loans contain similar covenant and default provisions. Significant provisions include maintaining rates and charges to provide 1.15 times the semiannual loan payments, provide for annual audit and single audit as applicable, fund loan service and reserve accounts and collection of utility system revenues. Article VI of the agreements outlines defaults and remedies for the City, including 60 days to correct any default. Remedy, if not corrected within the allotted 60 day grace period, includes legal action against the City up to and including transfer of other State revenues due to the City to cover the delinquent amounts.

<u>Utility System Revenue Bond, Series 2019</u> - Significant covenants under the Utility System Revenue Bond, Series 2019 include: maintenance of the utility system in good condition, annual budget for scheduled principal and interest, setting of appropriate rates to cover operating expenses and 125% reserve requirement, provision for annual audit, protection of tax exempt status of the bonds and commitment to make scheduled principal and interest payments. Principal and interest are payable from and secured by a lien upon a pledge of net revenues from the operation of the water and sewer system. The bonds are not subject to early redemption. In the event of default, the interest rate will be the interest rate on the Series 2019 Bond in effect at that time plus 2.00%.

NOTE 8 - NET POSITION - NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

The net investment in capital assets classification of net position was calculated as follows:

	Governmentai		D	usiness-rype	
	Activities			Activities	Total
Capital Assets (net)	\$	63,391,684	\$	65,071,637	\$ 128,463,321
Outstanding debt		(12,695,674)		(12,379,830)	(25,075,504)
Outstanding current liabilities related to these assets		(2,296,146)		(487,928)	(2,784,074)
Unspent proceeds of capital-related debt		114,682		7,562,946	7,677,628
Total	\$	48,514,546	\$	59,766,825	\$ 108,281,371

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued September 30, 2020

NOTE 9 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Plan Description

The Other Postemployment Benefit Plan ("OPEB Plan") is a single-employer benefit plan administered by the City. Retirees are charged the rate the insurance company charges for the type of coverage elected. However, the premiums charged by the insurance company are based on a blending of the experience among younger active employees and older retired employees. Since the older retirees actually have higher costs, it means that the City is actually subsidizing the cost of the retiree coverage because it pays all or a significant portion of that premium on behalf of the active employee. This is called the "implicit rate subsidy".

Retirees and their dependents are permitted to remain covered under the City's respective medical and life insurance plans as long as they pay a full premium applicable to coverage elected. This conforms to the minimum required of Florida governmental employers per Ch. 112.08, F.S. The City Commission has the authority to amend the benefits of the OPEB Plan. The OPEB Plan does not issue a stand-alone report. For purposes of applying Paragraph 4 under Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the Plan does not meet the requirements for an OPEB plan administered through a trust.

B. Benefits Provided

A retired employee and his or her spouse are eligible to continue health insurance identical to active employees if they meet the eligibility for retirement under the applicable Plan. The retiree is responsible for paying the entire monthly premium for health coverage and that of any covered spouse or eligible dependents.

For the OPEB Plan, contribution requirements of the City are established and may be amended through action of the City Commission. The City performed the most recent actuarial valuation of its OPEB Plan dated October 1, 2019. Currently, there are 187 active participants and 6 inactive plan members/beneficiaries currently receiving benefits. The City's OPEB benefits are currently unfunded. Thus, there are no assets accumulated to provide OPEB benefits. The required contribution is based on pay-as-you-go financing requirements. There is no OPEB trust fund or equivalent arrangement into which the City would make contributions to advance-fund the obligation, as it does for its pension plans. Therefore, ultimate subsidies which are provided over time are financed directly by general assets of the City, which are invested in short-term investments in accordance with its investment policy. The interest rate used to calculate the present values and costs of OPEB must be the long-range expected return on those investments. The City selected an interest rate of 3.58% for this purpose.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued September 30, 2020

C. Total OPEB Liability

The measurement date is September 30, 2019.

The measurement period for the OPEB expense is October 1, 2018 to September 30, 2019.

The reporting period is October 1, 2019 to September 30, 2020.

The City's Total OPEB Liability was measured as of September 30, 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The Total OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation Rate	2.50%
Salary Increase Rate(s)	See Assumptions
Discount Rate	3.58%
Initial Trend Rate	7.50%
Ultimate Trend Rate	4.00%
Years to Ultimate	55

Mortality rates for non-disabled participants were based on the RP-2000 mortality tables, projected generationally with Improvement Scale BB.

Mortality Rates for disabled participants were based on the RP-2000 mortality tables with no projection.

Discount Rate:

Given the City's decision not to fund the program, all future benefit payments were discounted using a high-quality municipal bond rate of 3.58%. The high-quality municipal bond rate was based on the measurement date of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as published by S&P Dow Jones Indices. The S&P Municipal 20 Year High Grade Rate Index consists of bonds in the S&P Municipal Bond Index with a maturity of 20 years. Eligible bonds must be rated at least AA by Standard and Poor's Ratings Services, Aa2 by Moody's or AA by Fitch. If there are multiple ratings, the lowest rating is used.

D. Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	Fi 	scal Year 2020
Total OPEB Liability		
Service Cost	\$	96,553
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		(30,668)
Interest		39,598
Change of assumptions and other inputs		(7,648)
Benefit payments		(41,749)
Net change in total OPEB liability		56,086
Total OPEB liability, beginning		871,428
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$	927,514

Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience reflects the impact of changes to the census data from the prior valuation to the valuation as of September 30, 2019.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued September 30, 2020

Changes of Assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 4.18% for the reporting period ending September 30, 2019, to 3.58% for the reporting period ending September 30, 2020. Also reflected are updated claims and premiums, and an increase in the assumed rate of line-of-duty disablements for firefighters.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to changes in the Discount Rate:

The following presents the Total OPEB Liability of the City, as well as what the City's Total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

			Current		
	1% Decrease	D	iscount Rate	1% Increase	
	2.58%		3.58%	4.58%	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 1,026,562	\$	927,514	\$ 840,245	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:

The following presents the Total OPEB Liability of the City, as well as what the City's Total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

				Current	
	1	% Decrease	D	iscount Rate	1% Increase
	3.	00% - 6.50%	4.	00% - 7.50%	5.00% - 8.50%
					_
Total OPEB Liability	\$	818,254	\$	927,514	\$ 1,058,621

E. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the Sponsor will recognize OPEB Expense of \$126,282.

On September 30, 2020, the Sponsor reported Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources	
\$	-	\$	93,523	
	32,925		38,718	
	50,493		-	
\$	83,418	\$	132,241	
	of I	\$ - 32,925 50,493	of Resources of \$ - \$ 32,925 50,493	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued September 30, 2020

Of the total amount reported as Deferred Outflows of Resources related to OPEB, \$50,493 resulting from benefits paid subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the Total OPEB Liability for the year ended September 30, 2021. Amounts reported as Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB Expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	
9/30/2021	\$ (18,769)
9/30/2022	(18,769)
9/30/2023	(18,769)
9/30/2024	(18,769)
9/30/2025	(18,768)
Thereafter	 (5,472)
Total	\$ (99,316)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

September 30, 2020

F. Actuarial Assumptions

Valuation DateSeptember 30, 2019.Measurement DateSeptember 30, 2019.Fiscal Year EndSeptember 30, 2020.

Discount Rate as of 9/30/19 3.58%. Based on the September 30, 2019

S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as published by S&P Dow Jones Indices.

Inflation 2.50% per year.

Salary Rate Increase

Defined Contribution Plan Participants 2.50% per year

Police & Firefighters' Plan Participants

Years of Service	Salary Increase
<2	10.0% per year
>=2	5.0% per year

FRS Plan Participants

Years of Service	Male	Female	
0	7.7%	7.5%	
5	4.7%	4.8%	
10	4.5%	4.4%	
15	4.3%	4.3%	
20	4.2%	4.2%	
25	3.9%	3.9%	
30+	3.9%	4.3%	

Mortality Rates

FRS Regular Class and Defined Contribution Plan Participants

Healthy Active Lives:

Female: RP2000 Generational, 100% Combined Healthy (previously Annuitant) White Collar, Scale

BB

Male: RP2000 Generational, 50% Combined Healthy White Collar / 50% Combined Healthy

Blue Collar, Scale BB Healthy Inactive Lives:

Female: RP2000 Generational, 100% Annuitant

White Collar, Scale BB

Male: RP2000 Generational, 50% Annuitant White Collar / 50% Annuitant Blue Collar, Scale

BB

Disabled Lives:

Female: 100% RP2000 Disabled Female

set forward two years

Male: 100% RP2000 Disabled Male setback four

years

FRS Special Risk and Police & Firefighters' Plan Participants:

Healthy Active Lives:

Female: RP2000 Generational, 100% Combined

Healthy White Collar, Scale BB

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

September 30, 2020

Male: RP2000 Generational, 10% Combined Healthy White Collar / 90% Combined Healthy

Blue Collar, Scale BB

Healthy Inactive Lives:

Female: RP2000 Generational, 100% Annuitant

White Collar, Scale BB

Male: RP2000 Generational, 10% Annuitant White Collar / 90% Annuitant Blue Collar, Scale

BB

Disabled Lives:

Female: 60% RP2000 Disabled Female set forward two years / 40% Annuitant White Collar

with no setback, no projection scale

Male: 60% RP2000 Disabled Male setback four years / 40% Annuitant White Collar with no

setback, no projection scale

Initial rate of 7.50% in fiscal 2020, grading down to the ultimate trend rate of 4.00% in fiscal 2075.

Health Care Inflation

Retirement Rates

Defined Contribution Plan Participants

Police & Firefighters' Plan Participants

FRS Plan Participants (regular class)

FRS Plan Participants (special risk class)

Members may retire early at age 55 and 6 years of service. 50% are assumed to retire beginning at age 55 and 8 years of service, then 100% by age 60 and 13 years of service.

Commencing with the earliest Early

Retirement Age (Age 50; 6 years of service for Tier 1; 10 years of service for Tier 2), members are assumed to retire at the rate of 5% per year, until Normal Retirement Eligibility (Age 55 with 10 years of service for Tier 1, Age 60 with 10 years of service for Tier 2, or 25 years of service regardless of age), when 100% are assumed to retire

Commencing with the earliest Early

Retirement Age (Age 43; 6 years of service for Tier 1; 8 years of service for Tier 2), members are assumed to retire at the rate of 4-15% per year, until Normal Retirement Eligibility (Age 62 with 6 years of service for Tier 1, Age 65 with 8 years of service for Tier 2, or 30/33 years of service regardless of age), when 100% are assumed to retire.

Commencing with the earliest Early

Retirement Age (Age 36; 6 years of service for Tier 1; 8 years of service for Tier 2), members are assumed to retire at the rate of 4-35% per year, until Normal Retirement Eligibility (Age 55 with 6 years of service for Tier 1, Age 60 with 8 years of service for Tier 2, or 25/33 years of service regardless of age), when 100% are assumed to

etire

Entry Age Cost Method (Level Percentage of Pay)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

September 30, 2020

NOTE 10 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

All City of Casselberry full-time employees participate in one of three retirement plans offered by the City. Full-time employees hired before January 1, 1996, participate in the Florida Retirement System. Full-time employees hired after January 1, 1996, participate in either the Casselberry Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plan or the Casselberry General Employees' Defined Contribution Retirement Plan.

A. The Casselberry Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plan

1. Plan Description, Membership and Plan Benefits, and Contribution Requirements

Plan Description

The Casselberry Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plan (POFPP) was established, and began operations, on January 1, 1996, following approval of State legislation allowing municipalities then participating in the FRS to "opt-out" of that system. Effective October 1, 2015, The City's Emergency Medical Services (EMS)/fire/rescue operations were merged with Seminole County's (the County) EMS/fire/rescue operations. The City employees affected by the merger became employees of the County but were allowed to remain participants in the POFPP. Thus, as of October 1, 2015, firefighters participating in the Casselberry Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plan are now sponsored by Seminole County, who makes contributions to the plan on their behalf. The Plan is a multi-employer, cost sharing, defined-benefit, public employee retirement system and is reported as a Pension Trust Fund in the City's financial statements. The City's proportional share of the net pension liability at September 30, 2020 (measurement date) is 57.73%. The City's proportional share is calculated based on benefit payments made to the plan; the City's proportionate share was 58.61% in the prior year. The Plan does not issue separate financial statements.

The POFPP is administered by a five-member Board of Trustees (the "Board"). Two are City Commission appointees, two are members of the Plan (one from the police department and one from the fire department) elected by the membership, and a fifth member elected by a majority of the other four Board members and appointed by the Commission.

Membership and Plan Benefits

As of October 1, 2019, the date of the valuation, there were 69 active members in the POFPP, 39 inactive members entitled to benefits but not receiving yet, and 26 inactive plan members or beneficiaries receiving benefits. The POFPP provides retirement, termination, disability and death benefits to all full-time, certified police officers and firefighters hired by the City after January 1, 1996. The POFPP was established and operates within the parameters of Florida Statutes 175 and 185, which govern police and fire pension plans in the State of Florida. The establishment of the POFPP and any amendments thereto, are at the sole discretion of the City Commission, with recommendations by the Board of Trustees of the POFPP.

The normal retirement benefit is 3% of average final compensation times credited service for police officers and 3.12% of average final compensation times credited service for firefighters. Normal retirement is calculated as the earlier of age 55 with six years of credited service or 25 years of credited service regardless of age. For police officers hired on or after September 15, 2013, normal retirement is the earlier of age 55 with ten years of credited service or age 52 with 25 years of credited service. For firefighters hired on or after September 15, 2013, normal retirement is the earlier of age 55 with eight years of credited service or 25 years of credited service regardless of age. The early retirement benefit is the member's accrued benefit reduced 3% for each of the first five years prior to normal retirement and 5% for each additional year prior to normal retirement. Early retirement eligibility requires six years of credited service (or eight years of credited service for members hired on or after September 15, 2013). Member vesting reaches 100% after six years of credited service (eight years for members hired after September 15, 2013), and the non-vested benefit is the accumulated member contributions.

Disability benefit is accrued to the date of the disability but not less than 65% of average final compensation (service incurred). For service incurred disability, the member is covered from the date of employment. For non-service incurred disability, the member is covered after six years of credited service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

September 30, 2020

Death benefits for members with less than six years of service is a refund of the member contributions. Death benefits for members with six or more years of service, the beneficiary receives (at their election) either 1) refund of member contributions, or 2) an immediate or deferred monthly benefit computed based on the assumption that the member retired on the date of death and elected the 100% joint and survivor annuity. The minimum in-line of duty benefit is 50% of the member's salary at the date of death paid to the spouse for life.

Benefit terms provide for cost of living adjustments. Each July 1 after the later of the termination date or otherwise normal retirement date, the monthly benefit amount is increased 3%. The increase is based on the June benefit, excluding any retirement subsidy. The cost of living adjustment is five years deferred for members hired after September 15, 2013. A monthly retirement subsidy is not subject to cost of living adjustments and is \$5 per year of credited service (\$30 minimum and \$150 maximum).

Firefighter members who continue in employment past their normal retirement date may either accrue larger pensions, or freeze their accrued benefit and enter the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP). An employee may participate in the DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. The rate of return while in DROP is the actual net rate of investment return with a minimum of 0%, with a cash lump sum at termination of employment. The balance of DROP as of September 30, 2020 is \$189,846.

Contribution Requirements

Florida Statutes, Chapters 175 and 185, require members to contribute not less than 0.5% of their annual salary. The POFPP, as approved by the City Commission, requires members to contribute 3% of their annual salary. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate, which includes the State's premium tax proceeds. Employer contributions for firefighters and police officers include on-behalf payments from the state of Florida related to state excise taxes collected on homeowner's insurance policies. The on-behalf payment amounts are recorded as revenue in the City's Police and Firefighters Premium Tax Trust Fund, and as an operating expenditure for the amounts contributed to the pension funds. The current required rate is 13.2% of annual covered payroll and contributions were \$583,717 for the year ended September 30, 2020. Municipalities that have established pension plans complying with the provisions of Chapters 175 and 185, Florida Statutes, and that have enacted appropriate taxing legislation are eligible to receive revenues generated from excise taxes on gross receipts of certain insurance premiums from policyholders covering property within the City limits.

These State premium tax proceeds are the Firefighters' Pension Fund Excise Tax, which is imposed on the gross receipts of property insurance policy premiums, and the Police Officers' Pension Fund Excise Tax, which is imposed on the gross receipts of casualty insurance policy premiums. These revenues, taken as a whole, amounted to \$381,149 for the year ended September 30, 2020.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

September 30, 2020

2. Pension Plan Investments

The Plan's investment policy was adopted by the Pension Board of Trustees, which has the authority for establishing and amending investment policy decisions for the POFPP. The policy outlines suitable authorized investments along with asset allocations. The following table presents the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of September 30, 2020.

	Target
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>
Domestic Broad Cap Equity	45%
International Equity	15%
Domestic Fixed Income	25%
Global Fixed Income	5%
Real Estate	10%
	100%

The POFPP's investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Independent investments managers and an independent custodian handle all pension investments and disbursements.

The POFPP did not hold investments in any one organization that represent 5% or more of the POFPP's fiduciary net position. For the year ended September 30, 2020, the annual money-weighted rate of return on the POFPP's investments, net of pension investment expense, was 9.10%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested. Additional information regarding the POFPP's investments including risk disclosures are included in Note 2.

3. Net Pension Liability, Significant Assumptions, and Discount Rate

The components of the net pension liability of the Plan (City and County) measured as of September 30, 2020 were as follows:

Total Pension Liability	\$ 29,902,092
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	 (30,635,931)
Net Pension Liability (asset)	\$ (733,839)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability	102.45%
or rotal rension Liability	102.45%

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2019 updated to September 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all measurement periods.

Inflation	2.50%	Salary Increases	service based
Investment Rate of Return	7.55%	Discount Rate	7.55%

Mortality Rate Healthy Active Lives:

Female: PubS.H-2010 (Below Median) for Employees, set forward one year. Male: PubS.H-2010 (Below Median) for Employees, set forward one year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

September 30, 2020

Mortality Rate Healthy Retirees Lives:

Female: PubS.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees, set forward one year.

Male: PubS.H-2010 (Below Median) for Healthy Retirees, set forward one year.

Mortality Rate Beneficiary Lives:

Female: PubG.H-2010 (Below Median) for Healthy Retirees

Male: PubG.-2010 (Below Median) for Healthy Retirees, set back one year.

Mortality Rate Disabled Lives:

80% PubG.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees/20% PubS.H-2010 for Diabled Retirees.

All rates are projected generationally with Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the POFPP's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return
Domestic Broad Cap Equity	7.5%
International Equity	8.5%
Domestic Fixed Income	2.5%
Global Fixed Income	3.5%
Real Estate	4.5%

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.55% (7.60% in the prior year). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the POFPP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following tables present the sensitivity of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate.

	1% Decrease to 6.55%	Discount Rate to 7.55%	1% Increase to 8.55%
Plan Net Pension Liability, City and County Combined	\$ 4,484,985	\$ (733,839)	\$ (4,900,738)
		Current	
	1% Decrease to 6.55%	Discount Rate of 7.55%	1% Increase to 8.55%
Plan Net Pension Liability, City Portion Only	\$ 2,589,182	\$ (423,645)	\$ (2,829,196)

B. The Florida Retirement System

1. Plan Description, Membership and Plan Benefits, and Contribution Requirements

Plan Description

Full-time employees hired before January 1, 1996 are covered by the Florida Retirement System (FRS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The FRS was created by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) under the defined benefit plan, and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan (INV). Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan to assist retired members of any state-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

The FRS and HIS are administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and Florida Retirement System Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code. The Florida legislature has the authority to establish and amend retirement legislation and related bills of significance to members of the FRS and HIS plans (including benefit terms and contribution rates). Passed bills are presented to the Governor of Florida and approved before they may be enacted into law.

The FRS and HIS financial information is included in the Florida Retirement System (System) Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems' Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The System CAFR, including audited financial information to support the Schedules of Employer Allocations and Schedules of Pension Amounts by Employer, are available online at:

http://www.dms.myflorida.com/workforce operations/retirement/publications

The System CAFR and actuarial reports may also be obtained by contacting the Division of Retirement by mail or phone at:

Department of Management Services
Division of Retirement
Bureau of Research and Member Contributions
P.O. Box 9000
Tallahassee, FL 32315-9000
850-907-6500 or toll-free 844-377-1888

Membership and Plan Benefits - FRS

The FRS has several classes of membership applicable to the City, including regular class, senior management, and special risk. Employees enrolled in the FRS vested after six years of creditable service and are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service. Retirees receive a lifetime pension benefit with joint and survivor payment options. The FRS provides retirement, disability, death benefits and annual cost-of-living adjustments. The FRS also includes an early retirement provision, but imposes a penalty for each year a member retires before the normal retirement date.

Benefits are computed on the basis of age, average final compensation, creditable years of service, and accrual value by membership class. Pension benefits of retirees and annuitants are increased each July 1 by a cost of living adjustment of 3% per year.

A DROP was established effective July 1, 1998, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes. It permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the FRS to defer receipt of monthly benefit payment while continuing employment with a Florida Retirement system employer. An employee may participate in the DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the Florida Retirement System Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

Membership and Plan Benefits - HIS

HIS membership is available to all members within the FRS and INV plans. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. Eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under one of the state-administered retirement systems must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

Contribution Requirements

The contribution rates for FRS and HIS members are established, and may be amended, by the State of Florida. Employer contributions rates are actuarially recommended but set by the Legislature. These rates are a percentage of covered payroll. The FRS and HIS contribution rates were as follows:

	Employer Rate					
Class	10/19 - 06/20	07/20 - 09/20				
Regular	8.47%	10.00%				
Senior Mgmt	25.41%	27.29%				
Special Risk	25.48%	24.45%				
DROP	14.60%	16.98%				

Employer rates include 1.66% from 10/18 - 09/19 for the HIS program. In addition, other than for the DROP, rates include .06% from 10/18 - 09/19 for administrative costs.

The City's contributions recognized during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 by the FRS and HIS were \$155,623 and \$19,564 respectively.

2. FRS and HIS Rate of Return, Discount Rate Sensitivity and Significant Actuarial Assumptions

Long-Term Rate of Return

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in October 2020 the FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference reviewed assumptions by Milliman's Capital Markets Assumption team and Aon Hewitt Investment Consulting. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Annual
Target	Arithmetic
Allocation	Return
1.0%	2.2%
19.0%	3.0%
54.2%	8.0%
10.3%	6.4%
11.1%	10.8%
4.4%	5.5%
100.0%	
	Allocation 1.0% 19.0% 54.2% 10.3% 11.1% 4.4%

The HIS is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, and the depletion date is considered to be immediate. As such, there is no assumption for a long-term expected rate of return on a portfolio, no assumptions for cash flows into and out of the plan, or assumed asset allocation.

September 30, 2020

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The sensitivity analysis shows the impact if the discount rate was 1.0% higher or 1.0% lower than the current discount rate at June 30, 2020.

FRS Net	Pension Liability	(Asset)) HIS Net Pension Liability (Asset)			sset)		
	Current	_				Current		
1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase		1% Decrease	D	iscount Rate	1	1% Increase
5.80%	6.80%	7.80%		1.21%		2.21%		3.21%
\$ 3,241,634 \$	2,030,041	\$ 1,018,113		\$ 479,178	\$	414,530	\$	361,615

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial assumptions for both the FRS and HIS are reviewed annually by the Florida Retirement System Actuarial Assumptions Conference. The FRS has a valuation performed annually and the HIS has a valuation performed biennially that is updated for GASB reporting in the year a valuation is not performed. The most recent experience study for the FRS was completed for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018. Because the HIS is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, no experience study has been completed.

The total pension liability for the FRS and HIS were determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020, using the individual entry age normal actuarial cost method. Inflation increases for both plans is assumed at 2.40%. Payroll growth for both plans is assumed at 3.25%. Mortality assumptions for FRS were based on PUB2010 base table varied by member category and sex, projected generationally with scale MP-2018; and on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables for the HIS. Both the discount rate and long-term expected rate of return used for FRS investments is 6.8%, a decrease from 6.9% in the prior year. The FRS fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return. Because the HIS program uses a pay-as-you-go funding structure, a municipal bond rate of 2.21% was used to determine its total pension liability (a decrease from 3.50% in the prior year). In October 2020 the Actuarial Assumptions Conference adopted the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index as the applicable municipal bond index.

C. Net Pension Liability, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Pension Expense for City Defined Benefit Pension Plans

1. Proportionate Share of FRS and HIS Plans

Employers participating in the FRS and HIS were provided pension allocation schedules for use in recording their proportionate share of the FRS and HIS collective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pensions expense at measurement date June 30, 2020 in accordance with GASB Statements No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - An Amendment of Statement No. 68. The underlying financial information used to prepare the pension allocation schedules was based on the same basis as mentioned previously and on an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020 for FRS and HIS. The City's proportionate share was calculated using retirement contributions for employees that were members of the FRS and HIS during the measurement year ended June 30, 2020. The aggregate employer contribution amounts in the pension allocation schedules agree to the total employer contribution amounts reported in the System CAFR.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

September 30, 2020

At September 30, 2020, the City reported a net pension liability of \$2,444,571 for its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability of the FRS and HIS. The following table presents information on the City's proportionate share of the FRS and HIS.

	FRS		HIS	City Total
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability at June 30, 2020	\$ 2,030,041	\$	414,530	\$ 2,444,571
City's proportion at June 30, 2020	0.00004684	0	.00003395	
City's proportion at June 30, 2019	0.00003795	0	.00003341	
Change in proportion during current year	0.00000889	0	.00000054	

2. Change in Net Pension Liability of the POFPP (City and County Combined)

	2020
\$	1,248,924
*	2,035,696
	(344,044)
	1,662,733
	(475,522)
	4,127,787
	25,774,305
•	29,902,092
	29,902,092
\$	629,995
*	381,149
	143,723
	2,514,756
	2,0 : :,: 00
	(475,522)
	(69,475)
	3,124,626
	27,511,305
Φ	30,635,931
<u> </u>	30,033,931
¢	(733,839)
Ψ	(733,039)
	\$ \$ \$

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

September 30, 2020

3. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$612,395 related to the POFPP. The City's proportionate share of the total Plan's net position is 57.73%. Employer contributions were used as a basis to determine the allocation. The City also recognized pension expense of \$262,137 related to the FRS, and \$26,356 income related to the HIS. At September 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Portio	n								City Total
	PC	FPP		F	RS		Н	ΙS			Def Outfl
	Def Outfl		Def Infl	Def Outfl	Def Infl	[Def Outfl	[Def Infl	/	(Def Infl)
Differences between expected	\$ 882,298			\$ 77,694		\$	16,957			\$	976,949
and actual experience		\$	(524,205)		\$ -			\$	(320)		(524,525)
Changes of assumptions	184,520		-	367,501			44,573		-		596,594
			(158,888)		-				(24,103)		(182,991)
Net difference between projected	-			120,871			331		-		121,202
and actual investment earnings			(35,787)		-		-		-		(35,787)
Changes in proportion	-			187,458			4,960				192,418
					(385,225)			(177,473)		(562,698)
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-		-	44,338			4,925		-		49,263
Total Deferred Outflows	\$ 1,066,818			\$ 797,862		\$	71,746			\$	1,936,426
Total Deferred Inflows		\$	(718,880)		\$ (385,225)			\$ (201,896)	\$ ((1,306,001)

Deferred outflows of resources of \$49,263 are reported by the City for FRS and HIS employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

						City Total
Reporting Year	(City Portion			De	eferred Outflow
Ending Sept 30,		POFPP	FRS	HIS	/ ([Deferred Inflow)
2021	\$	3,502	\$ (23,119)	\$ (49,452)	\$	(69,069)
2022		112,787	90,631	(49,138)		154,280
2023		125,663	130,293	(35,423)		220,533
2024		105,986	115,863	(10,507)		211,342
2025		-	55,303	3,186		58,489
Thereafter		-	-	6,260		6,260
Totals	\$	347,938	\$ 368,971	\$ (135,074)	\$	581,835

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

September 30, 2020

4. Payables to the Pension Plans

Included in the amounts reported as accrued liabilities is \$5,727 payable to the Florida Retirement System. The amount is for required contributions based on September 2020 payroll not remitted to the plans until October 2020, and is reported in the General Fund. The amount includes required employer contributions for the FRS and HIS plans.

D. Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The City contributes to the General Employees' Defined Contribution Plan (DC Plan) for all full-time employees, other than certified police officers hired after January 1, 1996. All full-time and regular part-time general employees are eligible to participate upon employment. The DC Plan is administered by ICMA Retirement Corporation. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the DC Plan are established and may be amended by the City Commission. For each regular employee in the DC Plan, the City contributes 10% of annual salary. The City contributes 11.79% for Directors and 15% for the City Manager. For the year ended September 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$720,668.

Employer contributions and earnings on those contributions are vested according to the following schedule: 20% after one year of service and 20% thereafter until fully vested. Nonvested City contributions are forfeited upon termination of employment. Such forfeitures are used to cover a portion of the DC Plan's administrative expenses. For the year ended September 30, 2020, forfeitures reduced the City's pension expense by \$2,349.

NOTE 11 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City purchases commercial insurance for all types of claims with nominal deductible amounts. The following is a summary of the City's significant insurance coverage and limitations:

Coverage	Limitations				
General Professional Liability (includes errors and omissions, employee benefits program admin, medical attendants/medical directors malpractice, broad form property damage, extra contractual legal expense, fire legal, law enforcement, and information security and privacy)	\$200,000 - Each person \$300,000 - Each occurrence \$3,000,000 - Combined single limit per occurrence \$1,000,000 - Information Security & Privacy-each claim				
Automobile (includes automobile, uninsured motorists protection, personal injury protection, and auto physical damage)	\$200,000 - Each person \$300,000 - Each occurrence \$2,000,000 - Combined single limit per occurrence				
Property Damage (includes real and personal property, inland marine and electronic data processing, and crime/bonds)	\$58,312,088 - Buildings and personal property \$3,605,829 - Inland marine \$50,000 - Crime/bonds				
Workers Compensation - Statutory	\$1,000,000 - Each accident, each disease \$1,000,000 - Aggregate by disease				

Settled claims have not exceeded the Excess insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

September 30, 2020

NOTE 12 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

South Seminole and North Orange County Wastewater Transmission Authority (SSNOCWTA) - The City is a member of the SSNOCWTA which was created, pursuant to an ordinance enacted by the City of Orlando, Florida, to provide a facility for the purpose of transmitting wastewater from the City and other governmental entities to the City of Orlando's Iron Bridge Facility for treatment. The City has agreed to establish and collect from all users of its wastewater collection system charges sufficient to pay the SSNOCWTA for the related costs of operations and maintenance.

Amendment to Intergovernmental Agreement with City of Orlando, FL – On March 30, 2005 the City amended its agreement with the City of Orlando, Florida for its participation in the planning, construction, and operation of the regional wastewater treatment facility commonly known as the Iron Bridge Regional Water Reclamation Facility. Due to the outdating of components of this facility and changes in environmental regulations, improvements are needed for continued reliable treatment of effluent flows to the facility. This amendment provides the City of Orlando to make the necessary improvements to the facility and to bill the City for its pro-rata share of the costs for the improvements. The City paid its share of the improvement costs in fiscal year 2020.

Intergovernmental Grants - Amounts received or receivable from grantors are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally federal and state government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts to be immaterial.

Litigation - Various law suits and claims arising in the ordinary course of operations are pending against the City. While the ultimate effect of such litigation cannot be ascertained at this time, in the opinion of legal counsel, the City has sufficient insurance coverage to cover any claims and/or the liabilities that may arise from such action. The effect of such losses would not materially affect the financial position of the City or the results of its operations.

NOTE 13 - FIRE AND EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES MERGER

Effective October 1, 2015, the County's Public Safety department merged the City of Casselberry's Emergency Medical Services (EMS)/fire/rescue with the County's EMS/fire/rescue.

On December 9, 2014, the Seminole County Board of Commissioners "Board" approved a Fire/EMS inter-local agreement with the City of Casselberry (the "City"). Under the terms of the inter-local agreement, Seminole County (the "County") will provide emergency medical services and fire/rescue services to the City. The County will operate two fire stations, within the fire protection system, with primary responsibility to provide services to the City's citizens. Services included, but not limited to, are Fire Suppression Services, Emergency Medical Services (EMS) and Fire Prevention Services. The City's employees assigned to those fire stations were transferred and became employees of the County. Fire impact fees collected prior to October 1, 2015 remain with the City until Seminole County identifies an appropriate use of the impact fees for expansion of fire services in Casselberry. Any fire impact fees collected after the date of the merger are remitted to Seminole County quarterly.

The interlocal agreement stipulates that revenues generated from the Municipal Service Taxing Unit (MSTU) within the City are to be sufficient to support Fire/EMS operations within the City. As a result, commencing March 1, 2017, and each subsequent year until such time as the City has two consecutive years in which no contributions are due to the County for any shortfall between actual Fire/EMS operational expenditures and the revenues generated from the MSTU within the City for the prior fiscal year. The City was notified on January 6, 2021 that FY 2020 revenues exceeded expenditures. Therefore, no liability was recorded by the City for FY 2020. This is the second year in a row that revenues exceeded expenditures. As such, no further contributions will be required.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

September 30, 2020

NOTE 14 - NEW PRONOUNCEMENTS

Due to the following Statement, no Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statements have been implemented in the current financial statements:

Statement No. 95 - Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance. The primary objective of this Standard is to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. The effective dates of certain provisions contained in the following pronouncements are postponed by one year: Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations; Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities; Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements; Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020, Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates; Implementation Guide No. 2017-3, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (and Certain Issues Related to OPEB Plan Reporting); Implementation Guide No. 2018-1, Implementation Guidance Update - 2018; Implementation Guide No. 2019-1, Implementation Guidance Update - 2019; Implementation Guide No. 2019-2, Fiduciary Activities. The effective dates of the following pronouncements are postponed by 18 months: Statement No. 87, Leases; Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, Leases. Management is aware of this standard and intends to properly evaluate the impact and ensure that any accounting and reporting impact is properly addressed specifically with regards to implementation of Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities and Statement No. 87, Leases.

The City is currently evaluating the effects that the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements, which will be implemented in future financial statements, will have on its financial statements for subsequent fiscal years.

Statement No. 84 - *Fiduciary Activities*. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The City intends to properly evaluate the impact of this standard and implement it to ensure that any accounting and financial reporting is properly addressed. The provisions of this Statement will become effective for fiscal year end September 30, 2021.

Statement No. 87 - *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the informational needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This standard changes the accounting and financial reporting for leases by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases. This standard establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this standard, a lessee government is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use asset and a lessor government is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The City is evaluating this statement to determine the impact on financial presentation. The provisions of this statement will become effective for fiscal year end September 30, 2022.

Statement No. 89 - Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period. The objective of this standard is to establish accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This standard also reiterates that in financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expenditure on a basis consistent with governmental fund accounting principles. The implementation of this standard is not expected to materially impact the City's financial statements. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal year end September 30, 2022.

Statement No. 90 - *Majority Equity Interests*. The objective of this standard is to improve the constancy and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. This standard also requires that a component unit in which a government has a 100 percent equity interest account for its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at acquisition value at the date the government acquired a 100 percent equity interest in the component unit. The implementation of this statement is not expected to

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

September 30, 2020

impact the City's financial statements. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal year end September 30, 2021.

Statement No. 91 - Conduit Debt Obligations. The objective of this standard is to clarify the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation, establish a conduit obligation is not a liability of the issuer, establish standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and to improve required note disclosures. The implementation of this statement is not expected to impact the City's financial statements. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal year end September 30, 2022.

Statement No. 92 - Omnibus 2020. The objective of this standard is to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics and includes specific provisions about the following: (1) The effective date of Statement No. 87, Leases, and Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, Leases, for interim financial reports; (2) Reporting of intra-entity transfers of assets between a primary government employer and a component unit defined benefit pension plan or defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan; (3) The applicability of Statements No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, as amended, and No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended, to reporting assets accumulated for postemployment benefits; (4) The applicability of certain requirements of Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, to postemployment benefit arrangements; (5) Measurement of liabilities (and assets, if any) related to asset retirement obligations (AROs) in a government acquisition; (6) Reporting by public entity risk pools for amounts that are recoverable from reinsurers or excess insurers; (7) Reference to nonrecurring fair value measurements of assets or liabilities in authoritative literature; (8) Terminology used to refer to derivative instruments. This standard is not expected to impact the City's financial statements. The provisions of this statement will become effective for fiscal year end September 30, 2022.

Statement No. 93 - Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates. The objective of this standard is to address accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an Interbank Offered Rate (IBOR). This Statement achieves that objective by: (1) Providing exceptions for certain hedging derivative instruments to the hedge accounting termination provisions when an IBOR is replaced as the reference rate of the hedging derivative instrument's variable payment; (2) Clarifying the hedge accounting termination provisions when a hedged item is amended to replace the reference rate; (3) Clarifying that the uncertainty related to the continued availability of IBORs does not, by itself, affect the assessment of whether the occurrence of a hedged expected transaction is probable; (4) removing LIBOR as an appropriate benchmark interest rate for the qualitative evaluation of the effectiveness of an interest rate swap; (5) Identifying a Secured Overnight Financing Rate and the Effective Federal Funds Rate as appropriate benchmark interest rates for the qualitative evaluation of the effectiveness of a interest rate swap; (6) Clarifying the definition of reference rate, as it is used in Statement 53, as amended. This standard is not expected to impact the City's financial statements. The provisions of this statement will become effective for the fiscal year end September 30, 2022, with the exception of the removal of LIBOR as an appropriate benchmark interest rate which will become effective September 30, 2023.

Statement No. 94 - Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements. The objective of this standard is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). This Statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements (APAs). The requirements of this Statement will improve financial reporting by establishing the definitions of PPPs and APAs and providing uniform guidance on accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet those definitions. This standard is not expected to impact the City's financial statements. The provisions of this statement will become effective for the fiscal year end September 30, 2023.

Statement No. 96 - Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. The objective of this standard is to provide guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

September 30, 2020

establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset--an intangible asset--and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extend relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as amended. This standard is not expected to impact the City's financial statements. The provisions of this statement will become effective for the fiscal year end September 30, 2023.

NOTE 15 – SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On November 17, 2020, the City issued the City of Casselberry Capital Improvement Revenue Bond, Series 2020 with a par amount of \$15,679,481 payable over 25 years with a 15 year put. The Series 2020 Bond is subject to mandatory purchase by the City on the Put Date (November 17, 2035 with the potential for a second put date of November 17, 2040). The bonds are being used to finance the construction and equipping of the City's public works facility and other related capital projects.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedules (GAAP BASIS):

- General Fund
- Major Special Revenue Fund:
 - o Stormwater Fund
 - o Community Redevelopment Agency Fund
 - o Infrastructure Surtax Fund

Other Postemployment Benefits Plan Schedules:

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability

Florida Retirement System and Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan Schedules:

- Schedules of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability
- Schedules of Employer Contributions

Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plan Schedules:

- Combined Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability
- Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability
- Schedule of Contributions
- Schedule of Investment Returns

CITY OF CASSELBERRY, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts							
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		Original		Final		Actual Amounts	Fina	iance with al Budget - er / Under
Taxes								
Ad Valorem Business Taxes Utility and Telecommunication	\$	4,858,896 225,000 3,560,589	\$	4,858,896 225,000 3,560,589	\$	4,790,637 222,469 3,698,427	\$	(68,259) (2,531) 137,838
Clinty and Telecommunication		8,644,485		8,644,485	_	8,711,533		67,048
Permits Fees and Special								
Assessments Franchise Fees		2,341,487		2,341,487		2,281,451		(60,036)
Special Assessments Other Permits and Fees		103,132 18,000		103,132 18,000		104,289 11,060		1,157 (6,940)
		2,462,619		2,462,619		2,396,800		(65,819)
Intergovernmental Revenues								
Federal Grants State Grants		132,750 -		336,915 253,079		354,855 53,619		17,940 (199,460)
Local Grants State Revenue Sharing		50,000 3,295,000		50,000 3,295,000		47,456 3,078,646		(2,544) (216,354)
Half Cent Sales Tax Shared Taxes and Licenses		-		-		-		-
Other Revenues from Governments		22,000 3,499,750		22,000 3,956,994		20,160 3,554,736		(1,840) (402,258)
		3,499,750		3,930,994		3,554,736		(402,256)
Charges for Services General Government Charges		61,600		67,600		76,141		8,541
Public Safety Charges Culture / Recreation Charges		1,000 165,500		1,000 100,350		250 48,891		(750) (51,459)
Culture / Neoreation Onlarges		228,100		168,950	_	125,282		(43,668)
Fines and Forfeitures		274,050		171,272		196,109		24,837
Miscellaneous Revenues								
Investment Income Other Miscellaneous		114,300 354,605		114,300 372,705		187,569 279,910		73,269 (92,795)
Care Missenarious		468,905		487,005	_	467,479		(19,526)

Continued

CITY OF CASSELBERRY, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - CONTINUED GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Budgeted	I Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Over / Under
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers Transfer from Building Fund Transfer from Solid Waste Fund Transfer from Utility Fund Transfer from CRA Transfer from Stormwater	\$ 76,394 248,316 1,495,367 69,596 322,319	\$ 76,394 248,316 1,495,367 1,372,926 322,319	\$ 76,394 248,316 1,495,367 1,367,463 322,319	\$ - - (5,463)
Total Other Sources	2,211,992	3,515,322	3,509,859	(5,463)
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	17,789,901	19,406,647	18,961,798	(444,849)
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES General Government Commission:	,. 00,00	,,		(,
Personal Services Operating Capital Outlay	38,723 32,830	38,949 27,085 68,927	33,683 7,867 39,193	5,266 19,218 29,734
отр. на	71,553	134,961	80,743	35,000
Administration:				
Personal Services Operating	330,326 33,802 364,128	330,529 33,823 364,352	279,321 21,007 300,328	51,208 12,816 64,024
Accounting: Personal Services Operating	304,488 69,773 374,261	304,675 69,816 374,491	249,718 48,853 298,571	54,957 20,963 75,920
Information Technology:				
Personal Services Operating	164,958 509,285 674,243	165,570 487,182 652,752	143,189 411,511 554,700	22,381 75,671 98,052
Procurement: Personal Services Operating	135,139 6,480 141,619	140,999 3,814 144,813	121,939 2,915 124,854	19,060 899 19,959
Budget: Personal Services Operating	41,777 3,850 45,627	41,802 3,852 45,654	33,974 2,514 36,488	7,828 1,338 9,166
Legal: Operating	147,330 147,330	147,420 147,420	116,604 116,604	30,816 30,816
Continued				

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - CONTINUED GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

		_	
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Buu	ueteu	AIIIU	ums

						Variance with	
		Original		Final	Actual Amounts	Fina	al Budget - er / Under
General Government - Continued							
Administrative Services:							
Personal Services	\$	210,724	\$	219,740	\$ 190,035	\$	29,705
Operating		78,399		96,493	 79,988		16,505
		289,123		316,233	 270,023	-	46,210
Non-Departmental:							
Operating		543,826		543,722	 204,298		339,424
		543,826		543,722	 204,298		339,424
Community Planning:							
Personal Services		468,909		468,909	388,937		79,972
Operating		145,700		132,700	 58,310		74,390
		614,609		601,609	 447,247		154,362
Facilities:							
Personal Services		191,363		191,669	191,669		_
Operating		480,892		512,140	505,451		6,689
Capital		-		46,043	3,247		42,796
		672,255		749,852	700,367		49,485
Economic Development:							
Personal Services		85,827		85,827	84,316		1,511
Operating		129,550		148,842	47,437		101,405
		215,377		234,669	131,753		102,916
Total General Government		4,153,951		4,310,528	 3,265,976		1,044,552
Public Safety Police:							
Personal Services		5,680,268		5,648,768	5,416,492		232,276
Operating		1,128,763		1,235,499	986,926		248,573
Capital Outlay		806,199		806,199	65,510		740,689
Suprial Sullay		7,615,230		7,690,466	6,468,928		1,221,538
Code Enforcement:							
Personal Services		407,503		425,768	425,767		1
Operating		47,100		58,835	22,883		35,952
C politicing		454,603		484,603	448,650		35,953
Total Public Safety		8,069,833		8,175,069	 6,917,578		1,257,491

Continued

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - CONTINUED GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Budget	ed Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Over / Under
Physical Environment Engineering:				
Personal Services	\$ 94,489		\$ 94,145	\$ 344
Operating	57,700 152,189		1,540,523	63,779
	152,108	9 1,698,791	1,634,668	64,123
Total Physical Environment	152,189	9 1,698,791	1,634,668	64,123
Transportation Streets Maintenance:				
Personal Services	774,380	•	736,692	37,688
Operating	446,410		316,700	111,616
	1,220,790	1,202,696	1,053,392	149,304
Fleet Maintenance:				
Personal Services	232,096		256,552	_
Operating	20,940		16,376	4,564
	253,036	5 277,492	272,928	4,564
Total Transportation	1,473,826	5 1,480,188	1,326,320	153,868
Culture and Recreation Parks and Maintenance:			500.040	
Personal Services	509,095	,	508,340	755 40,430
Operating Capital Outlay	569,610 265,000	•	629,993 1,340,242	12,429 585,772
Capital Outlay	1,343,705		2,478,575	598,956
	1,040,700	3,011,001	2,470,070	330,330
Recreation:				
Personal Services	598,109		573,940	24,169
Operating	313,150	_	187,027	133,693
	911,259	918,829	760,967	157,862

Continued

Total Culture and Recreation

2,254,964

3,996,360 3,239,542

756,818

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - CONTINUED GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Budgeted Amounts

	Dudgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts	Fi	eriance with nal Budget - ver / Under
Debt Service								
General Government Leases								
Capital Lease Principal Retirement	\$	108,742	\$	108,742	\$	108,742		-
Interest and Fiscal Charges		3,818		4,880		4,880		-
Public Safety Capital Leases								
Capital Lease Principal Retirement		286,590		279,579		276,960		2,619
Interest and Fiscal Charges		16,914		16,938		16,938		· -
Transportation Capital Lease		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u>, </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		_
Capital Lease Principal Retirement		146,104		146,104		145,039		1,065
Interest and Fiscal Charges		2,980		2,980		2,780		200
Recreation Capital Leases				_,,,,,				
Capital Lease Principal Retirement		41,514		41,514		39,496		2,018
Interest and Fiscal Charges		1,243		1,243		1,200		43
General Government Note Payable		.,		.,		.,		
Total Debt Service		607,905		601,980	-	596,035		5,945
		00.,000		00.,000		000,000		0,0.0
Other Financing Uses / Transfers								
PW Complex Design		_		(10,385)		(10,385)		_
Debt Service Fund		(865,901)		(865,901)		(865,901)		_
Street Light Fund		(12,200)		(12,200)		(12,200)		_
Golf Club		(253,723)		(253,723)		(95,752)		157,971
Community Redevelopment Agency		(474,033)		(474,822)		(474,822)		107,071
Total Other Financing Uses		(1,605,857)		(1,617,031)		(1,459,060)		157,971
Total Expenditures and Other		(1,000,001)		(1,017,001)		(1,400,000)		107,071
Financing Uses		18,318,525		21,879,947		18,439,179		3,440,768
I mancing Oses		10,510,525		21,019,941		10,433,173		3,440,700
Net Change in Fund Balance		(528,624)		(2,473,300)		522,619		2,995,919
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		-		2,473,300		12,176,637		9,703,337
		_				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Fund Balance - Ending of Year	\$		\$	_	\$	12,699,256	\$	12,699,256

Notes to Schedule
The budget for the General Fund is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). There is no difference between GAAP and the budgetary basis of accounting.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE **STORMWATER FUND**

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Budgeted Amounts	_	
	-	Variance
	Actual	Final Bud

	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Over / Under
REVENUES Intergovernmental Revenues Charges for Services Investment Income Miscellaneous Revenues Total Revenues	\$ - 2,142,217 19,100 - 2,161,317	\$ 974 2,142,217 19,100 	\$ 1,468 2,213,648 34,854 52 2,250,022	\$ 494 71,431 15,754 52 87,731
EXPENDITURES Current:	4 005 057	0.404.004	4 000 470	4 405 500
Physical Environment Debt Service:	1,965,057	2,421,981	1,286,478	1,135,503
Capital Lease Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges Total Expenditures	138,075 4,859 2,107,991	138,075 4,859 2,564,915	109,965 4,859 1,401,302	28,110 - 1,163,613
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	53,326	(402,624)	848,720	1,251,344
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (Out)	(322,319)	(332,702)	(332,702)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(322,319)	(332,702)	(332,702)	<u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	(268,993)	(735,326)	516,018	1,251,344
Fund Balance - Beginning	268,993	735,326	1,423,856	688,530
Fund Balance - Ending	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ 1,939,874	\$ 1,939,874

Notes to Schedule

The budget for the Stormwater Fund is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). There is no difference between GAAP and the budgetary basis of accounting.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Budgeted	d Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Over / Under
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 757,219	\$ 758,479	\$ 758,479	\$ -
Investment Income	5,000	5,000	2,355	(2,645)
Miscellaneous Revenues		1,645	1,645	
Total Revenues	762,219	765,124	762,479	(2,645)
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Economic Environment	188,750	208,750	105,269	103,481
Total Expenditures	188,750	208,750	105,269	103,481
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	573,469	556,374	657,210	100,836
` ' .	,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	· · · · · ·
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In	474,033	474,822	474,822	_
Transfers (Out)	(69,596)	(1,372,926)	(1,367,463)	5,463
Total Other Financing	(00,000)	(1,01=,0=0)	(1,001,100)	
Sources (Uses)	404,437	(898,104)	(892,641)	5,463
Net Change in Fund Balance	977,906	(341,730)	(235,431)	106,299
Fund Balance - Beginning	(977,906)	341,730	1,128,678	786,948

893,247

893,247

Notes to Schedule

Fund Balance - Ending

The budget for the Community Redevelopment Agency Fund is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). There is no difference between GAAP and the budgetary basis of accounting.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE INFRASTRUCTURE SURTAX FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	 Budgeted	d Am	ounts			
	 Original		Final	 Actual Amounts	F	ariance with inal Budget - Over / Under
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 3,422,458	\$	3,422,458	\$ 1,808,031	\$	(1,614,427)
Investment Income	 114,500		114,500	 195,820		81,320
Total Revenues	 3,536,958		3,536,958	 2,003,851		(1,533,107)
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Transportation	1,891,230		6,882,807	2,301,934		4,580,873
Debt Service:	.,00.,=00		0,00=,00	_,00.,00.		.,000,0.0
Notes Payable Principal Retirement	1,043,000		1,043,000	1,043,000		-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	111,601		111,601	111,601		-
Total Expenditures	 3,045,831		8,037,408	3,456,535		4,580,873
Net Change in Fund Balance	491,127		(4,500,450)	(1,452,684)		3,047,766
Fund Balance - Beginning	 (491,127)		4,500,450	 5,711,312		1,210,862
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 	\$	<u> </u>	\$ 4,258,628	\$	4,258,628

Notes to Schedule

The budget for the Infrastructure Surtax Fund is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). There is no difference between GAAP and the budgetary basis of accounting.

CITY OF CASSELBERRY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

LAST TEN YEARS

	 Fiscal Year 2020	F	Fiscal Year 2019	Fiscal Year 2018
Total OPEB Liability				
Service cost	\$ 96,553	\$	95,115	\$ 101,761
Interest Differences Between Expected and Actual	39,598		32,751	26,156
Experience	(30,668)		(94,130)	-
Change in assumptions	(7,648)		46,095	(51,462)
Benefit payments	 (41,749)		(25,867)	(23,786)
Net change in total OPEB liability	56,086		53,964	52,669
Total OPEB liability, beginning	871,428		817,464	764,795
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$ 927,514	\$	871,428	\$ 817,464
Covered employee payroll Total OPEB liability as a percentage of	\$ 10,444,143	\$	9,726,850	\$ 9,326,249
covered employee payroll	8.88%		8.96%	8.77%

Fiscal year 2020 presents information on the Plan's measurement year ended September 30, 2019.

Notes to Schedule:

Covered Employee Payroll was projected one year forward from the valuation date for the reporting period ending September 30, 2020.

Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience reflects the impact of changes to the census data from the prior valuation to the valuation as of September 30, 2019.

Changes of assumptions:

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

tollowing are the alcocant rates acca in cach period.	
Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2020	3.58%
Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2019	4.18%
Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2018	3.64%
Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2017	3.06%

Also reflected are updated claims and premiums, and an increase in the assumed rate of line-of-duty disablements for firefighters.

Plan Assets:

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB. Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

Other items:

This information is required for ten years. However, only three years of information is available.

CITY OF CASSELBERRY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (FRS)

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	sh ne	City's oportionate nare of the et pension oility (asset)	City's covered payroll	City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (Note 2)
2020	0.004683830	\$	2,030,041	\$ 1,019,949	199.03%	78.85%
2019	0.003794676		1,306,834	1,063,143	122.92%	82.61%
2018	0.003813791		1,148,733	1,077,743	106.59%	84.26%
2017	0.005092132		1,506,218	1,266,697	118.91%	83.89%
2016	0.007808465		1,971,644	1,722,157	114.49%	84.88%
2015	0.010926341		1,411,284	2,257,881	62.50%	92.00%
2014	0.011942776		728,685	2,293,816	31.77%	96.09%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30.

Note 1: GASB 68 requires information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City is presenting information for only those years for which information is available.

Note 2: The Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability is published in Note 10 of the Plan's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Note 3: The Plan's discount rate was 7.65% in 2015, 7.60% in 2016, 7.10% in 2017, 7.0% in 2018, 6.9% in 2019 and 6.8% in 2020.

CITY OF CASSELBERRY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY (HIS)

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	sh	City's portionate are of the et pension liability (asset)	City's covered payroll	City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (Note 2)
2020	0.003395046	\$	414,530	\$ 1,085,691	38.18%	3.00%
2019	0.003341110		373,837	1,132,521	33.01%	2.63%
2018	0.003505316		371,007	1,144,898	32.41%	2.15%
2017	0.004176609		446,582	1,331,283	33.55%	1.64%
2016	0.005775312		673,089	1,782,872	37.75%	0.97%
2015	0.007557469		770,743	2,316,841	33.27%	0.50%
2014	0.007839452		733,008	2,346,130	31.24%	0.99%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30.

Note 1: GASB 68 requires information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City is presenting information for only those years for which information is available.

Note 2: The Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability is published in Note 10 of the Plan's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Note 3: The Plan's discount rate was 3.80% in 2015, 2.85% in 2016, 3.58% in 2017, 3.87% in 2018, 3.5%. in 2019 and 2.21% in 2020.

CITY OF CASSELBERRY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (FRS)

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

Contributions in relation to

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	Contractually required contribution	the contractually required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	City's covered payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll
2020	\$ 159,543	\$ (159,543)	\$ -	\$ 1,096,562	14.55%
2019	129,250	(129,250)	-	993,452	13.01%
2018	104,587	(104,587)	-	1,024,147	10.21%
2017	127,181	(127,181)	-	1,230,913	10.33%
2016	174,086	(174,086)	-	1,640,610	10.61%
2015	260,185	(260,185)	_	2,185,976	11.90%
2014	273,504	(273,504)	-	2,275,936	12.02%

Note 1: GASB 68 requires information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City is presenting information for only those years for which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 9/30.

CITY OF CASSELBERRY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY (HIS)

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

Contributions in relation to

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	Contractually required contribution		the contractually required contribution		Contribution deficiency (excess)		ty's covered payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	
2020	\$ 19,404	\$	(19,404)	\$	-	\$	1,168,662	1.66%	
2019	18,864		(18,864)		-		1,058,661	1.78%	
2018	18,117		(18,117)		-		1,091,164	1.66%	
2017	21,531		(21,531)		_		1,296,738	1.66%	
2016	28,293		(28,293)		-		1,704,062	1.66%	
2015	28,499		(28,499)		_		2,245,331	1.27%	
2014	28,077		(28,077)		_		2,329,920	1.21%	

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 9/30.

Note 1: GASB 68 requires information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City is presenting information for only those years for which information is available.



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CITY OF CASSELBERRY, FLORIDA COMBINED SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

(City and County) POLICE OFFICERS' AND FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION PLAN

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

		2020		2019		2018
Total Pension Liability						
Service Cost	\$	1,248,924	\$	1,159,391	\$	1,140,619
Interest		2,035,696		1,898,506		1,730,704
Change in Excess State Money		-		-		-
Change in Assumptions		(344,044)		194,741		194,797
Changes of Benefit Terms		-		677		-
Differences Between Expected & Actual Experience Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of		1,662,733		(774,365)		(517,775)
Member Contributions		(475,522)		(400,991)		(376,099)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		4,127,787		2,077,959		2,172,246
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		25,774,305		23,696,346		21,524,100
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$	29,902,092	\$	25,774,305	\$	23,696,346
		_				
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - Employer	\$	629,995	\$	603,342	\$	570,671
Contributions - State		381,149		364,457		343,562
Contributions - Employee		143,723		141,765		133,040
Net Investment Income		2,514,756		992,751		2,219,686
Benefit Payments Including Refunds of Member Contributions		(475,522)		(400,991)		(376,099)
Administrative Expense		(69,475)		(69,477)		(57,107)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		3,124,626		1,631,847		2,833,753
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	_	27,511,305	_	25,879,458	•	23,045,705
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	30,635,931	\$	27,511,305	\$	25,879,458
Net Pension Liability/(Asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	(733,839)	\$	(1,737,000)	\$	(2,183,112)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total						
Pension Liability		102.45%		106.74%		109.21%
1 onoton Elability		102.1070		100.7 170		100.2170
Covered Payroll	\$	4,790,779	\$	4,725,496	\$	4,434,664
Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of Covered						
Payroll		-15.32%		-36.76%		-49.23%

	2017	2016		2015		2014
\$	1,108,908 \$	1,119,959	\$	1,118,193	\$	1,072,478
	1,568,528	1,446,408		1,213,707		1,030,153
		(793,704)		(840,356)		127,288
	218,503	104,867				-
				285,843		-
	(346,321)	(196,763)		812,506		-
	(311,353)	(297,561)		(177,255)		(102,263)
	2,238,265	1,383,206		2,412,638		2,127,656
	19,285,835	17,902,629		15,489,991		13,362,335
\$	21,524,100 \$	19,285,835	\$	17,902,629	\$	15,489,991
-						
\$	643,477 \$	830,391	\$	904,163	\$	835,382
Ψ	323,024	322,422	Ψ	298,872	Ψ	310,405
	131,856	131,674		125,851		119,697
	2.545.534	1,627,223		(757,895)		1,496,762
	(311,353)	(297,561)		(177,255)		(102,263)
	(55,031)	(57,606)		(66,836)		(48,929)
	3.277.507	2.556.543		326.900		2,611,054
	19,768,198	17,211,655		16,884,755		14,273,701
\$	23,045,705 \$	19,768,198	\$	17,211,655	\$	16,884,755
\$	(1,521,605) \$	(482,363)	\$	690,974	\$	(1,394,764)
	107.07%	102.50%		96.14%		109.00%
\$	4,397,249 \$	4,387,070	\$	4,210,346	\$	4,021,893
	-34.60%	-11.00%		16.41%		-34.68%

Notes to Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

*The Covered Payroll numbers shown are in compliance with GASB 82, except for the 09/30/2015 measurement period.

Plan information is only available for 2014 through 2020. Subsequent years will be added as available. Information includes the entire plan (City and County). The City's proportional share at September 30, 2020 is 57.73%, September 30, 2019 is 58.61%, 60.33% at September 30, 2018, 55.47% at September 30, 2017 and 56.32% at September 30, 2016.

Changes of benefit terms:

For measurement date 09/30/2019, amounts reported as changes of benefit terms resulted from the provisions of Chapter 112.1816, Florida Statutes. The Statutes state that, effective July 1, 2019, a death or disability (under the Plan's definition of total and permanent disability) for a Firefighter due to the diagnosis of cancer or circumstances that arise out of the treatment of cancer will be treated as duty-related.

For measurement date 09/30/2015, amounts reported as changes of benefit terms were resulted from:

- All New Firefighters hired on or after October 1, 2015 will participate in the FRS.
- Increase the Benefit Accrual Rate for all years of service to 3.12% of Average Final Compensation for Firefighters only.
- Provide that the Normal Retirement Date for Firefighters hired on or after September 15, 2013 will be the earlier of age 55 with 8 years of Credited Service or 25 years of Credited Service, regardless of age.
- Institute a Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) that provides that Firefighters who reach Normal Retirement Age will be able to participate in DROP for up to 5 years and receive the actual earnings of the Trust Fund, net of investment expenses, each quarter with a minimum return of 0.0% each quarter.

Changes of assumptions:

For measurement date 09/30/2020, as mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed to the rates used in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation for special risk lives, with appropriate risk and collar adjustments made based on plan demographic. Additionally, the investment return assumption was reduced from 7.60% to 7.55%, net of investment related expenses.

For measurement date 09/30/2019, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from lowering the investment rate of return from 7.65% to 7.60%.

For measurement date 09/30/2018, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from lowering the investment rate from 7.70% to 7.65%.

For measurement date 09/30/2017, as required by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality have been changed from those in the July 1, 2015 FRS valuation report to those used in the July 2, 2016 FRS valuation report. Additionally, the investment rate of return was lowered from 7.75% to 7.70%.

For measurement date 09/30/2016, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from the experience study dated August 8, 2016 and as mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, several changes to the assumptions were made in conjunction with the 10/01/2016 Valuation report. The changes are described in the Actuarial Assumptions and Methods section of the 10/01/2016 Valuation.

CITY OF CASSELBERRY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS POLICE OFFICERS' AND FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION PLAN

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

				City's proportionate	Plan fiduciary
		City's		share of the net	net position as
	City's proportion	proportionate		pension liability	a percentage of
Fiscal Year	of the net	share of the		(asset) as a	the total
Ending	pension liability	net pension	City's covered	percentage of its	pension
September 30,	(asset)	liability (asset)	payroll	covered payroll	liability(asset)
2020	0.577283947	\$ (406,661)	\$ 2,765,640	-14.70%	102.45%
2019	0.586090476	(985,771)	2,769,568	-35.59%	106.74%
2018	0.603349118	(1,247,233)	2,675,651	-46.61%	109.21%
2017	0.554676094	(848,113)	2,439,049	-34.77%	107.07%
2016	0.563206547	(271,670)	2,470,827	-11.00%	101.48%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 9/30.

Note 1: GASB 68 requires information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City is presenting information for only those years for which information is available. 2016 was the first year that the POFPP plan was a cost sharing multi-employer plan.

CITY OF CASSELBERRY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS POLICE OFFICERS' AND FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION PLAN

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	D	actuarially etermined ontribution	Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Cov	vered Payroll*	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2020	\$	578,019	\$ 583,717	\$ (5,698)	\$	2,765,640	21.11%
2019		578,840	567,218	11,622		2,769,568	20.48%
2018		553,860	551,602	2,258		2,675,651	20.62%
2017		560,981	536,095	24,886		2,439,049	21.98%
2016		630,061	649,272	(19,211)		2,470,827	26.28%
2015		1,052,952	1,087,280	(34,328)		4,210,346	25.82%
2014		1,018,499	1,018,499	-		4,021,893	25.32%

^{*} The Covered Payroll numbers shown are in compliance with GASB 82, except for the 9/30/15 measurement period.

Notes to the Schedule:

Plan information is only available for 2014 through 2020. Subsequent years will be added as available. Information above for 2014 and 2015 is for the consolidated plan prior to the fire services merger with Seminole County. Information for 2016 forward is reported for the City's proportional share only (56.32% for 2016, 55.47% for 2017, 60.33% for 2018, 58.61% for 2019 and 57.73% for 2020).

Valuation Date: 10/1/2018

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Funding Method Aggregate Actuarial Cost Method

Amortization Method N/A Remaining Amortization Method N/A

Asset Valuation Method Each year, the prior actuarial value of assets is brought forward utilizing the historical geometric

4-year average Market Value return. It is possible that over time this technique will produce an

insignificant bias above or below Market Value.

Inflation 2.5% per year

The projected salary in the year of retirement is increased individually to account for non-regular Salary Increases

compensation (no final load assumed for Disability retirees).

Interest Rate 7.7% per year compounded annually, net of investment related expenses.

Earlier of 1) age 55 and the completion of 6 years of service, or 2) the completion of 25 years of Retirement Age

service, regardless of age. There is a 5% chance per year of Early Retirement at age 50 and

older if eligible for Early Retirement.

See table below.

Termination Rates Disability Rates See table below.

Marriage Assumption: 75% of members are assumed married with the husband three years older than his wife. Healthy Lives: RP2000 Generational. Female:100% Annuitant White Collar. Scale BB. Male: Mortality

10% Annuitant White Collar/90% Annuitant Blue Collar, Scale BB.

Disabled Lives: 60% RP2000 Female: Set forward two years, Male: Setback four years/40%

Annuitant White Collar with no setback, no projection scale.

Termination and Disability Rate Tables Other Information

	% Becoming Disabled
<u>Age</u>	During The Year
20	0.28%
30	0.36%
40	0.60%
50	2.00%

Service	Age	% Terminating During the Year-Police Officers	% Terminating During the Year-Firefighters
<6	<30	11.50%	11.50%
	30-34	9.80%	9.80%
	35-39	7.30%	7.40%
	40-44	5.10%	4.70%
	45+	1.20%	1.60%
6+		5.00%	2.00%

CITY OF CASSELBERRY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS POLICE OFFICERS' AND FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION PLAN

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expense
2020	9.10%
2019	3.82%
2018	9.59%
2017	12.76%
2016	9.29%
2015	-4.38%
2014	10.12%

Note to the Schedule:

Plan information is only available for 2014 through 2020. Subsequent years will be added as available.



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OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Non-Major Governmental Funds:

 Combining Financial Statements for All Nonmajor Governmental Funds and Individual Budgetary Comparison Schedules (GAAP BASIS) for All Budgeted Nonmajor Governmental Funds

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The City has the following nonmajor special revenue funds:

Police Education Fund

To account for statutory defined law enforcement education expenditures financed by fines levied in accordance with State Statute and local ordinance.

Recreation Escrow Fund

To account for proceeds received from developers in lieu of dedicating land. Revenues must be used for the purpose of acquiring and developing park and recreation areas.

Law Enforcement Trust Fund

To account for proceeds obtained through the sale of confiscated and unclaimed property turned over to the City through court judgments. The proceeds are to be used solely for crime fighting purposes.

Municipal Impact Fee Trust Fund

To account for proceeds received from municipal impact fees charged on new construction projects. Revenue must be used to fund growth related increases in municipal services.

Local Option Gas Tax Fund

To account for proceeds from the City's share of a six-cent local option gas tax. Revenue must be used to fund related road improvement and maintenance projects.

Building Safety Fund

To account for revenues and expenditures related to Florida Building Code enforcement.

Multimodal Impact Fees Fund

To account for proceeds received from multimodal impact fees charged on new construction projects. Revenue must be used to fund growth related transportation projects.

Solid Waste Fund

To account for revenues and expenditures related to contracted residential solid waste management. The City is not responsible for the care and upkeep of a landfill facility.

Tree Replacement Fund

To account for donations which promote the planting of replacement trees after new construction in the City.

Treasury Equity Sharing IRS Fund (non-budgeted)

To account for reimbursements and expenditures related to shared task force initiatives between the City's law enforcement and federal agencies (IRS).

Justice Equity Sharing Fund (non-budgeted)

To account for federal reimbursements from the Department of Justice for agreed upon law enforcement activities.

Street Light Assessment Fund

To account for the street light special assessments and related expenditures to provide that benefit.

Summerset Wall Fund

To account for special assessment fees collected on homeowners in the Summerset community to be used for the repair and maintenance of a barrier wall.

Police and Firefighters Premium Tax Trust Fund (non-budgeted)

To account for excise tax imposed on homeowners' insurance premiums collected by the State of Florida Department of Revenue and remitted to the City. These tax revenues are to be used as retirement contributions to Police and Firefighters' Pension plans.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

Debt Service Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. The City has the following nonmajor debt service fund:

Debt Service Fund

To account for the funding and payment of the City's long term outstanding debt.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital outlay. The City has the following nonmajor capital projects funds:

Capital Improvement Fund

To account for the grant proceeds and related expenditures of various projects in the City's long-range capital improvement project budget.

Equipment Replacement Fund

To account for the replacement of equipment in accordance with the City's long-range capital improvement project budget.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2020

		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		Nonmajor Debt Service Fund		Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	G	Total Nonmajor Sovernmental Funds
ASSETS	_		_		_		_	
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$	1,993,503 3,673,624	\$	30,027	\$	789,530 2,685	\$	2,813,060 3,676,309
Accounts Receivable		213,921		-		2,000		213,921
Prepaid Items		1,090		-		-		1,090
Due from Other Governments		43,595		_		_		43,595
Total Assets	\$	5,925,733	\$	30,027	\$	792,215	\$	6,747,975
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	189,664	\$	_	\$	109,056	\$	298,720
Accrued Liabilities	Ψ	7,526	Ψ	_	Ψ	100,000	Ψ	7,526
Due to Other Governments		10,864		_		_		10,864
Total Liabilities		208,054	_	-	_	109,056		317,110
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Prepaid Items and								
Inventories		1,090		-		-		1,090
Restricted for Public Safety		2,432,468		-		-		2,432,468
Restricted for Transportation Projects		2,224,536		-		-		2,224,536
Restricted for Solid Waste		321,301		-		-		321,301
Restricted for Capital Improvements		-		-		284,995		284,995
Restricted for Recreation Improvements		215,128		-		-		215,128
Restricted for Debt Service		-		30,027		-		30,027
Committed for Improvements		523,156		-		-		523,156
Committed for Equipment Purchases			_	-		398,164		398,164
Total Fund Balances		5,717,679		30,027		683,159		6,430,865
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	5,925,733	\$	30,027	\$	792,215	\$	6,747,975

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	_	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		Nonmajor Debt Service Fund	 Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	(Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES Taxes Permits, Fees and Special Assessments Intergovernmental Revenues Charges for Services Fines and Forfeitures Investment Income Miscellaneous Revenues Total Revenues	\$	530,614 900,915 74,996 1,742,200 17,341 104,525 381,628 3,752,219	\$	- - - - - 614 - 614	\$ - - - - 2,978 - 2,978	\$	530,614 900,915 74,996 1,742,200 17,341 108,117 381,628 3,755,811
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Safety Physical Environment Transportation Debt Service: Notes Payable Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges Capital Outlay		1,046,299 1,698,789 889,914 - -	_	- - - 657,637 181,802 -	- - - 250 1,705,185		1,046,299 1,698,789 889,914 657,637 182,052 1,705,185
Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		3,635,002	_	839,439 (838,825)	1,705,435		6,179,876 (2,424,065)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES) Transfers In Transfers (Out) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets Issuance of Capital Lease Total Other Financing Sources And (Uses)	_	12,200 (324,710) - - - (312,510)		865,901 - - - - 865,901	 31,153 - 55,739 1,014,072 1,100,964		909,254 (324,710) 55,739 1,014,072
Net Change in Fund Balances		(195,293)	_	27,076	(601,493)	-	(769,710)
Fund Balances - Beginning		5,912,972		2,951	 1,284,652		7,200,575
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	5,717,679	\$	30,027	\$ 683,159	\$	6,430,865

CITY OF CASSELBERRY, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS September 30, 2020

		Police Education Fund		Parks and Recreation mpact Fee Fund	Law Enforcement Trust Fund		Municipal Impact Fee Trust Fund		L	ocal Option Gas Tax Fund
ASSETS	_		_		_		_		_	
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$	31,277 -	\$	215,128 -	\$	51,580 -	\$	249,932	\$	438,228 803,729
Accounts Receivable		-		-		-		-		-
Prepaid Items		1,090		-		-		-		-
Due from Other Governments		-		-		-		-		43,595
Total Assets	\$	32,367	\$	215,128	\$	51,580	\$	249,932	\$	1,285,552
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable	\$	26	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,694
Accrued Liabilities		-		-		-		-		-
Due to Other Governments						-		1,646		<u>-</u>
Total Liabilities		26					_	1,646		8,694
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Prepaid Items and										
Inventories		1,090		-		-		-		-
Restricted for Public Safety		31,251		-		51,580		248,286		-
Restricted for Transportation Projects		-		-		-		-		1,276,858
Restricted for Solid Waste		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted for Recreation Improvements Committed for Improvements		-		215,128 -		-		-		-
Total Fund Balances		32,341		215,128		51,580		248,286		1,276,858
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	32,367	\$	215,128	\$	51,580	\$	249,932	\$	1,285,552

Continued

 Building Safety Fund	Multimodal mpact Fees Fund	Solid Waste Fund	R	Tree eplacement Fund	S	Treasury Equity haring Fund	5	Justice Equity Sharing DEA Fund
\$ 282,615 1,660,568 -	\$ 111,709 401,865 -	\$ 115,648 132,845 213,921	\$	257,731 251,165 -	\$	19,700 95,038 -	\$	72,990 27,015 -
\$ 1,943,183	\$ 513,574	\$ 462,414	\$	508,896	\$	114,738	\$	100,005
\$ 31,922 7,526 9,218	\$ -	\$ 141,113 - -	\$	- -	\$	7,909 - -	\$	-
 48,666	 -	 141,113		-		7,909		-
- 1,894,517 -	- - 513,574	- - -		- - -		- 106,829 -		- 100,005 -
 - - - 1,894,517	 - - - 513,574	 321,301 - - 321,301		508,896 508,896		106,829		100,005
\$ 1,943,183	\$ 513,574	\$ 462,414	\$	508,896	\$	114,738	\$	100,005

CITY OF CASSELBERRY, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - CONTINUED NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS September 30, 2020

		treet Light ssessment Fund	_	Summerset Wall Fund		Police and Firefighters Premium Tax Trust Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Accounts Receivable Prepaid Items Due from Other Governments Total Assets	\$	132,705 301,399 - - - - 434,104	\$	14,260 - - - - - - 14,260	\$	- - - - - -	\$ 1,993,503 3,673,624 213,921 1,090 43,595 5,925,733
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities Due to Other Governments Total Liabilities	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$ 189,664 7,526 10,864 208,054
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Prepaid Items and Inventories Restricted for Public Safety Restricted for Transportation Projects Restricted for Solid Waste Restricted for Recreation Improvements Committed for Improvements Total Fund Balances	_	434,104 - - - 434,104		- - - - 14,260 14,260	_	- - - - - -	 1,090 2,432,468 2,224,536 321,301 215,128 523,156 5,717,679
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	434,104	\$	14,260	\$	-	\$ 5,925,733



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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Police Education Fund	Parks and Recreation Impact Fee Fund	Law Enforcement Trust Fund	Municipal Impact Fee Trust Fund	Local Option Gas Tax Fund
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 530,614
Permits, Fees and Special Assessments	-	10,235	-	18,160	-
Intergovernmental Revenues	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for Services	-	-	-	-	-
Fines and Forfeitures	6,135	-	8,500	-	-
Investment Income	82	533	114	715	6,751
Miscellaneous Revenues		<u> </u>	· 	· 	179
Total Revenues	6,217	10,768	8,614	18,875	537,544
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Public Safety	3,944	-	2,421	37,357	_
Physical Environment	-	-	, -	-	_
Transportation	_	-	-	-	418,173
Total Expenditures	3,944	-	2,421	37,357	418,173
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	2,273	10,768	6,193	(18,482)	119,371
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In	-	-	-	-	-

2,273

30,068

32,341 \$

10,768

204,360

215,128 \$

6,193

45,387

51,580 \$

(18,482)

266,768

248,286 \$

119,371

1,157,487

1,276,858

Continued

Transfers (Out)

Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)

Net Change in Fund Balances

Fund Balances - Beginning

Fund Balances - Ending

Building Safety Fund		Multimodal Impact Fees Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Tree Replacement Fund	Treasury Equity Sharing Fund	Justice Equity Sharing DEA Fund		
Φ.		Φ.	Φ.	Φ.	Φ.	Φ.		
\$	- 439,575	\$ - 67,068	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
	439,375	07,000	-	-	-	-		
	1,618	-	1,740,582	-	-	-		
	260	-	-	-	-	2,446		
	74,848	3,067	12,337	2,538	1,733	317		
				300				
	516,301	70,135	1,752,919	2,838	1,733	2,763		
	548,249 -	- - - 74	- 1,698,789	- - - 05.027	63,379 -	9,800		
	548,249	74	1,698,789	65,927 65,927	63,379	9,800		
	340,249		1,090,709	03,921	03,379	9,000		
	(31,948)	70,061	54,130	(63,089)	(61,646)	(7,037)		
	- (76,394)		(248,316)	<u>-</u>				
	(76,394)		(248,316)					
	(108,342)	70,061	(194,186)	(63,089)	(61,646)	(7,037)		
	2,002,859	443,513	515,487	571,985	168,475	107,042		
\$	1,894,517	\$ 513,574	\$ 321,301	\$ 508,896	\$ 106,829	\$ 100,005		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - CONTINUED NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	Street Light Assessment Fund	Summerset Wall Fund	Police and Firefighters Premium Tax Trust Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 530,614
Permits, Fees and Special Assessments	365,877	-	-	900,915
Intergovernmental Revenues	74,996	_	-	74,996
Charges for Services	-	_	-	1,742,200
Fines and Forfeitures	-	-	-	17,341
Investment Income	1,454	36	-	104,525
Miscellaneous Revenues			381,149	381,628
Total Revenues	442,327	36	381,149	3,752,219
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Safety Physical Environment	-	-	381,149	1,046,299 1,698,789
Transportation	405,740	-	-	889,914
Total Expenditures	405,740		381,149	3,635,002
•	100,7 10		001,110	0,000,002
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	36,587	36		117,217
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers (Out)	12,200	-		12,200 (324,710)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	12,200			(312,510)
Net Change in Fund Balances	48,787	36	-	(195,293)
Fund Balances - Beginning	385,317	14,224		5,912,972
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 434,104	\$ 14,260	\$ -	\$ 5,717,679

CITY OF CASSELBERRY, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE POLICE EDUCATION FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Budget	Δctı	ual Amounts		Variance with Budget - Over / Under
		Daagot	71011	au / unounto		7 011401
REVENUES						
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	13,000	\$	6,135	\$	(6,865)
Investment Income	•	150	•	82	т.	(68)
Total Revenues	-	13,150		6,217		(6,933)
						, , , ,
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Public Safety		23,485		3,944		19,541
Total Expenditures		23,485		3,944		19,541
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(10,335)		2,273		12,608
` , ,		<u> </u>				
Net Change in Fund Balance		(10,335)		2,273		12,608
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning		10,335		30,068		19,733
Fund Polonos (Deficit) Ending	œ		œ	22 244	ው	22 244
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	Ф		\$	32,341	\$	32,341

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PARKS AND RECREATION IMPACT FEE FUND

	 Budget	Act	ual Amounts		Variance with Budget - Over / Under
REVENUES					
Permits, Fees and Special Assessments	\$ 25,000	\$	10,235	\$	(14,765)
Investment Income	 550		533		(17)
Total Revenues	 25,550		10,768		(14,782)
EXPENDITURES Current: Total Expenditures	 <u>-</u>			_	<u>-</u> _
Net Change in Fund Balance	25,550		10,768		(14,782)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning	 (25,550)		204,360		229,910
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$ 	\$	215,128	\$	215,128

CITY OF CASSELBERRY, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE LAW ENFORCEMENT TRUST FUND

		Budget	Actu	ıal Amounts	Variance with Budget - Over / Under
REVENUES					
Fines and Forfeitures Investment Income	\$	3,786	\$	8,500 114	\$ 4,714 114
Total Revenues		3,786		8,614	4,828
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Public Safety		2,422		2,421	 1_
Total Expenditures		2,422		2,421	1
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		1,364		6,193	4,829
Over (Under) Expenditures	-	1,304		0,193	 4,029
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,364		6,193	4,829
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning		(1,364)		45,387	 46,751
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	51,580	\$ 51,580

CITY OF CASSELBERRY, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MUNICIPAL IMPACT FEE TRUST FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	 Budget	Act	ual Amounts	 Variance with Budget - Over / Under
REVENUES				
Permits, Fees and Special Assessments	\$,	\$	18,160	\$ (340)
Investment Income	 900		715	 (185)
Total Revenues	 19,400		18,875	 (525)
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Public Safety	65,000		37,357	27,643
Total Expenditures	65,000		37,357	27,643
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	 (45,600)		(18,482)	 27,118
Net Change in Fund Balance	(45,600)		(18,482)	27,118
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning	 45,600		266,768	 221,168
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$ 	\$	248,286	\$ 248,286

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE LOCAL OPTION GAS TAX FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	 Budget	Act	ual Amounts	 Variance with Budget - Over / Under
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 605,000	\$	530,614	\$ (74,386)
Investment Income	5,800		6,751	951
Miscellaneous Revenues			179	179
Total Revenues	 610,800		537,544	 (73,256)
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Transportation	638,379		418,173	220,206
Total Expenditures	638,379		418,173	220,206
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (27,579)		119,371	 146,950
Net Change in Fund Balance	(27,579)		119,371	146,950
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning	 27,579		1,157,487	 1,129,908
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$ 	\$	1,276,858	\$ 1,276,858

CITY OF CASSELBERRY, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE BUILDING SAFETY FUND

	 Budget	Ac	ctual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Over / Under
REVENUES				
Permits, Fees and Special Assessments	\$ 389,850	\$	439,575	\$ 49,725
Charges for Services	4,000		1,618	(2,382)
Fines and Forfeitures	1,500		260	(1,240)
Investment Income	 30,800		74,848	44,048
Total Revenues	 426,150		516,301	 90,151
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Public Safety	804,455		548,249	256,206
Total Expenditures	 804,455		548,249	256,206
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (378,305)		(31,948)	346,357
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (Out) Total Other Financing	 (76,394)		(76,394)	
Sources and (Uses)	 (76,394)		(76,394)	 - _
Net Change in Fund Balance	(454,699)		(108,342)	346,357
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning	 454,699		2,002,859	 1,548,160
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$ 	\$	1,894,517	\$ 1,894,517

CITY OF CASSELBERRY, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MULTIMODAL IMPACT FEES FUND

	Pudant	A of	ual Amounta		Variance with Budget - Over / Under
	 Budget	ACI	ual Amounts		/ Officer
REVENUES					
Permits, Fees and Special Assessments	\$ 50,000	\$	67,068	\$	17,068
Investment Income	 1,075	-	3,067		1,992
Total Revenues	 51,075		70,135	-	19,060
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Transportation	75		74		1
Total Expenditures	75		74		1
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	 51,000		70,061		19,061
Net Change in Fund Balance	51,000		70,061		19,061
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning	 (51,000)		443,513	_	494,513
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$ -	\$	513,574	\$	513,574

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SOLID WASTE FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	 Budget		Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Over / Under
REVENUES Charges for Services Investment Income Total Revenues	\$ 1,800,000 7,500 1,807,500	\$	1,740,582 12,337 1,752,919	\$ (59,418) 4,837 (54,581)
EXPENDITURES Current: Physical Environment Total Expenditures	1,740,800 1,740,800		1,698,789 1,698,789	 42,011 42,011
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 66,700	_	54,130	(12,570)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (Out) Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	(248,316) (248,316)		(248,316) (248,316)	 <u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	(181,616)	· .	(194,186)	 (12,570)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$ 181,616	\$	515,487 321,301	\$ 333,871 321,301

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE TREE REPLACEMENT FUND

				_	ariance with udget - Over
	 Budget	Actua	al Amounts		/ Under
REVENUES					
Investment Income	\$ 1,747	\$	2,538	\$	791
Miscellaneous Revenues	 18,300		300		(18,000)
Total Revenues	 20,047		2,838		(17,209)
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Transportation	102,502		65,927		36,575
Total Expenditures	102,502		65,927		36,575
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (82,455)		(63,089)		19,366
Net Change in Fund Balance	(82,455)		(63,089)		19,366
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning	 82,455		571,985		489,530
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$ 	\$	508,896	\$	508,896

CITY OF CASSELBERRY, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE STREET LIGHT ASSESSMENT FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Budget	Actu	ual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Over / Under
REVENUES				
Permits, Fees and Special Assessments	\$ 363,000	\$	365,877	\$ 2,877
Intergovernmental Revenues	74,996		74,996	- 4 454
Investment Income	 437,996		1,454 442,327	 1,454 4,331
Total Revenues	 437,990		442,321	 4,331
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Transportation	 461,300		405,740	 55,560
Total Expenditures	 461,300		405,740	 55,560
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	 (23,304)		36,587	 59,891
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	12,200		12,200	_
Total Other Financing	<u> </u>			
Sources and (Uses)	 12,200		12,200	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(11,104)		48,787	59,891
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning	 11,104		385,317	 374,213
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$ 	\$	434,104	\$ 434,104

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE <u>DEBT SERVICE FUND</u>

	Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Over / Under
REVENUES	•		Ф С4.4
Investment Income Total Revenues	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 614 614	\$ 614 614
EXPENDITURES Debt Service:	205.000	057.007	7.050
Notes Payable Principal Retirement	665,290	657,637	7,653
Interest and Fiscal Charges	200,611	181,802	18,809
Total Expenditures	865,901	839,439	26,462
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(865,901)	(838,825)	27,076
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In Total Other Financing	865,901	865,901	
Sources	865,901	865,901	
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	27,076	27,076
Fund Balance - Beginning		2,951	2,951
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ -	\$ 30,027	\$ 30,027

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

September 30, 2020

	lm	Capital provement Fund		Equipment eplacement Fund	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$	354,275 2,685	\$	435,255 -	\$ 789,530 2,685
Total Assets	\$	356,960	\$	435,255	\$ 792,215
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Total Liabilities		71,965 71,965		37,091 37,091	 109,056 109,056
FUND BALANCES Restricted for Capital Improvements Committed for Equipment Purchases Total Fund Balances		284,995 - 284,995	_	398,164 398,164	 284,995 398,164 683,159
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	356,960	\$	435,255	\$ 792,215

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

	lm	Capital provement Fund	Equipment eplacement Fund	 Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
REVENUES				
Investment Income Total Revenues	\$	93	\$ 2,885 2,885	\$ 2,978 2,978
EXPENDITURES Debt Service:				
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-	250	250
Capital Outlay		655,642	1,049,543	1,705,185
Total Expenditures		655,642	1,049,793	1,705,435
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(655,549)	(1,046,908)	(1,702,457)
· , , .		(,,	() = -) = -)	 () -) - /
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		04.450		04.450
Transfers In		31,153	- 55,739	31,153 55,739
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets Issuance of Capital Lease		-	1,014,072	1,014,072
Total Other Financing	-		 1,014,072	 1,014,072
Sources and (Uses)		31,153	 1,069,811	 1,100,964
Net Change in Fund Balances		(624,396)	22,903	(601,493)
Fund Balances (Deficit) - Beginning		909,391	 375,261	 1,284,652
Fund Balances (Deficit) - Ending	\$	284,995	\$ 398,164	\$ 683,159

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND

	Budget	<u> </u>	Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Over / Under		
REVENUES Investment Income	\$	9 \$	93	\$	84	
Total Revenues		9	93		84	
EXPENDITURES						
Capital Outlay	733,	286	655,642		77,644	
Total Expenditures	733,	286	655,642		77,644	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(733,	277)	(655,549)		77,728	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Total Other Financing	31,	153	31,153			
Sources (Uses)	31,	153	31,153			
Net Change in Fund Balance	(702,	124)	(624,396)		77,728	
Fund Balance - Beginning	702,	124	909,391		207,267	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	<u>-</u> \$	284,995	\$	284,995	

CITY OF CASSELBERRY, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE **EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT FUND**

	E	Budget	 Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Over / Under		
REVENUES						
Investment Income	\$		\$ 2,885	\$	2,885	
Total Revenues			 2,885		2,885	
EXPENDITURES Debt Service:						
Interest and Fiscal Charges		250	250		-	
Capital Outlay		1,158,966	1,049,543		109,423	
Total Expenditures		1,159,216	1,049,793		109,423	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,159,216)	 (1,046,908)		112,308	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets Issuance of Capital Lease		- 1,014,072	 55,739 1,014,072		55,739	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,014,072	 1,069,811		55,739	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(145,144)	22,903		168,047	
Fund Balance - Beginning		145,144	 375,261		230,117	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$		\$ 398,164	\$	398,164	



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City of Casselberry, Florida <u>Statistical Section</u> September 30, 2020

This part of the City of Casselberry, Florida's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

and the activities it performs

Financial frends	
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time	p.130
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax	p.140
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future	p.144
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place	p.150
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand	

<u>Sources:</u> Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant years.

p.154

how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides

Schedule 1 City of Casselberry, Florida

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT (accrual basis of accounting)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Governmental activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 38,237,516	\$ 43,260,652	\$ 43,881,176	\$ 43,676,889	\$ 45,818,091
Restricted	8,955,267	6,946,993	6,056,686	8,381,363	8,471,838
Unrestricted	7,648,630	9,533,895	9,973,259	9,818,476	6,183,719
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 54,841,413	\$ 59,741,540	\$ 59,911,121	\$ 61,876,728	\$ 60,473,648
Business-type activities					
Net investment in capital assets (1)	\$ 31,211,848	\$ 33,454,101	\$ 35,987,390	\$ 38,717,023	\$ 43,836,847
Restricted	3,361,712	3,812,676	2,593,896	2,737,115	2,217,575
Unrestricted	10,422,311	12,972,662	15,033,066	15,648,522	11,535,774
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 44,995,871	\$ 50,239,439	\$ 53,614,352	\$ 57,102,660	\$ 57,590,196
Primary government					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 69,449,364	\$ 76,714,753	\$ 79,868,566	\$ 82,393,912	\$ 89,654,938
Restricted	12,316,979	10,759,669	8,650,582	11,118,478	10,689,413
Unrestricted	 18,070,941	22,506,557	25,006,325	25,466,998	17,719,493
Total primary government net position	\$ 99,837,284	\$ 109,980,979	\$ 113,525,473	\$ 118,979,388	\$ 118,063,844

⁽¹⁾ Calculation of net investment in capital assets includes intangible water capacity rights for proper calculation of this net position component.

2016	2017		2018 2019		2020	
\$ 42,377,080 9,498,303 7,256,239	\$ 48,485,241 6,604,173 5,961,015	\$	50,467,884 7,652,254 6,389,494	\$	51,096,199 9,400,516 10,753,200	\$ 48,514,546 14,448,073 12,773,757
\$ 59,131,622	\$ 61,050,429	\$	64,509,632	\$	71,249,915	\$ 75,736,376
\$ 48,179,369 2,269,490 12,494,507	\$ 51,593,224 2,928,449 15,670,045	\$	51,759,237 6,059,855 17,212,445	\$	53,458,694 6,656,072 19,125,478	\$ 59,766,825 7,622,854 16,181,318
\$ 62,943,366	\$ 70,191,718	\$	75,031,537	\$	79,240,244	\$ 83,570,997
\$ 90,556,449 11,767,793 19,750,746	\$ 100,078,465 9,532,622 21,631,060	\$	102,227,121 13,712,109 23,601,939	\$	104,554,893 16,056,588 29,878,678	\$ 108,281,371 22,070,927 28,955,075
\$ 122,074,988	\$ 131,242,147	\$	139,541,169	\$	150,490,159	\$ 159,307,373

Schedule 2 City of Casselberry, Florida

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (accrual basis of accounting)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	3,298,566	\$	2,583,706	\$	3,412,716	\$	3.967.888	\$	4.190.599
Public safety	•	9,992,303	Ψ.	8,554,565	Ψ.	10,837,854	Ψ.	11,204,752	Ψ.	11,124,994
Physical environment		1,923,965		4,855,403		3,386,599		3,156,147		3,118,016
Transportation		3,146,813		2,253,921		2,453,640		2,398,827		2,773,141
Economic environment		163,100		564,047		94,765		61,410		136,462
Culture/Recreation		1,528,141		1,598,074		1,604,334		1,672,216		2,001,989
Interest on long-term debt		508,617		332,621		217,285		202,032		262,541
Total governmental activities expenses		20,561,505		20,742,337		22,007,193		22,663,272		23,607,742
Business-type activities:										
Water and wastewater		10,307,498		10,207,280		11,783,674		11,581,779		13,972,550
Golf course		-		-		-		-		-
Total business-type										
activities expenses		10,307,498		10,207,280		11,783,674		11,581,779		13,972,550
Total primary government expenses	\$	30,869,003	\$	30,949,617	\$	33,790,867	\$	34,245,051	\$	37,580,292
Program revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services										
General government	\$	45,769	\$	49,572	\$	52,808	\$	96,074	\$	109,915
Public safety		1,573,826		1,891,645		1,830,512		2,396,254		1,836,400
Physical environment		3,323,173		3,361,215		3,300,664		3,315,480		3,328,477
All others		544,566		472,542		503,835		548,057		681,107
Operating grants										
and contributions		242,597		394,833		307,060		189,679		198,659
Capital grants										
and contributions		1,257,390		3,224,956		375,817		1,706,439		66,125
Total governmental activities										
program revenues		6,987,321		9,394,763		6,370,696		8,251,983		6,220,683
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services										
Water and wastewater		13,979,272		14,782,112		14,932,155		15,546,208		16,103,074
Golf course		-		-		-		-		-
Operating grants										
and contributions		-		-		-		-		-
Capital grants		2,235,141		1,612,436		1 001 045		624 570		93,744
and contributions	_	2,235,141		1,012,430		1,261,945		631,570		93,744
Total business-type activities		40 044 440		40 004 540		10 101 100		40 477 770		40 400 040
program revenues	_	16,214,413	Φ.	16,394,548	Φ.	16,194,100	Φ.	16,177,778	Φ.	16,196,818
Total primary government program revenues	\$ <u></u>	23,201,734	\$	25,789,311	\$	22,564,796	\$	24,429,761	\$	22,417,501
let (expense) / revenue	_	(10 == 1 15 ::		/// 0.= == ··	_	//= 000 /c=:	_	(4.4.4.4.055)	•	/47.007.076
Governmental activities	\$	(13,574,184)	\$	(11,347,574)	\$	(15,636,497)	\$	(14,411,289)	\$	(17,387,059
Business-type activities		5,906,915		6,187,268		4,410,426		4,595,999		2,224,268
Total primary government net (expense)	\$	(7,667,269)	\$	(5,160,306)	\$	(11,226,071)	\$	(9,815,290)	\$	(15,162,791
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Continued next page

		204=		2010			
	2016	2017		2018	2019		2020
\$	6,016,606	\$ 2,842,728	\$	3,186,612	\$ 3,129,368	\$	3,413,461
	7,420,301	7,312,223		7,628,779	7,984,299		8,477,960
	2,976,161	3,357,673		3,673,470	4,095,432		5,722,219
	4,082,053	2,789,917		3,156,259	3,174,747		3,331,195
	13,752	508,643		444,771	160,332		116,710
	2,014,366 368,787	2,225,677 324,371		2,227,600 323,555	2,322,355 345,752		2,522,877 323,148
_	22,892,026	19,361,232		20,641,046	21,212,285		23,907,570
	22,002,020	10,001,202		20,041,040	21,212,200		20,007,070
	13,668,903	12,586,024		13,416,587	14,596,333		15,124,290
	763,860	782,835		957,864	1,025,105		1,112,636
	14,432,763	13,368,859		14,374,451	15,621,438		16,236,926
\$	37,324,789	\$ 32,730,091	\$	35,015,497	\$ 36,833,723	\$	40,144,496
\$	104,741	\$ 83,559	\$	100,365	\$ 111,295	\$	97,918
	1,605,034	978,344		670,582	1,468,858		664,335
	3,350,913	3,420,413		3,466,507	3,821,785		3,954,230
	664,798	760,894		768,189	798,121		630,465
	117,381	177,318		619,693	1,435,762		405,264
	1,470,983	581,132		606,533	1,343,751		2,168,040
	7,313,850	6,001,660		6,231,869	8,979,572		7,920,252
	17,621,017	19,289,087		18,910,270	18,924,898		19,875,270
	542,478	554,365		617,863	827,496		1,209,343
	-	20,771		1,808	323,640		78,845
_	1,585,078	316,921		78,024	358,681		126,250
_	19,748,573	 20,181,144	_	19,607,965	 20,434,715	_	21,289,708
\$	27,062,423	\$ 26,182,804	\$	25,839,834	\$ 29,414,287	\$	29,209,960
\$	(15,578,176)	\$ (13,359,572)	\$	(14,409,177)	\$ (12,232,713)	\$	(15,987,318)
	5,315,810	6,812,285		5,233,514	4,813,277		5,052,782
\$	(10,262,366)	\$ (6,547,287)	\$	(9,175,663)	\$ (7,419,436)	\$	(10,934,536)

Schedule 2 City of Casselberry, Florida

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (accrual basis of accounting)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
General revenues and other changes in net position						
Governmental activities:						
Property tax	\$	6,034,297	\$ 5,658,691	\$ 5,429,824	\$ 5,580,687	\$ 5,763,275
Infrastructure surtax		1,301,383	337,843	· · · -	-	895,787
Public service tax		3,431,425	3,145,389	3,236,418	3,329,289	3,197,113
Gas tax		484,995	473,641	533,773	546,713	568,107
Sales tax		1,350,893	1,519,307	1,583,077	1,661,536	1,788,785
Unrestricted state revenue sharing		774,081	783,937	852,380	904,763	983,190
Franchise fees		2,121,340	1,958,086	1,916,161	2,035,970	2,031,474
Other taxes		231,925	233,941	218,555	404,103	437,277
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues		548,861	535,934	520,124	348,127	339,741
Interest revenue		65,227	161,797	105,718	97,958	163,344
Miscellaneous revenues		274,933	387,679	306,183	212,697	180,258
Gain on sale of capital assets		´ -	, <u> </u>	-	78,988	679,920
Special item (1)		_	_	-	· -	(2,842,591)
Transfers in (out)		981,201	1,051,456	1,103,865	1,176,065	1,619,368
Total governmental activities	_	17,600,561	16,247,701	15,806,078	16,376,896	15,805,048
Business-type activities:						
Interest revenue		42,763	107,756	68,352	68,374	118,573
Miscellaneous revenues & Gain(Loss) on Disposal			-	-	-	
Transfers in (out)		(981,201)	(1,051,456)	(1,103,865)	(1,176,065)	(1,619,368)
Total business-type activities		(938,438)	(943,700)	(1,035,513)	(1,107,691)	(1,500,795)
Total primary government	\$	16,662,123	\$ 15,304,001	\$ 14,770,565	\$ 15,269,205	\$ 14,304,253
, , ,						
Change in net position						
Governmental activities	\$	4,026,377	\$ 4,900,127	\$ 169,581	\$ 1,965,607	\$ (1,582,011)
Business-type activities		4,968,477	5,243,568	3,374,913	3,488,308	723,473
	\$	8,994,854	\$ 10,143,695	\$ 3,544,494	\$ 5,453,915	\$ (858,538)

⁽¹⁾ The Special Item in 2015 relates to the transfer of Fire and Emergency operations to Seminole County. The Special Item for 2016 relates to the change in the City's pension plan as a result of that merger for Fire Services. See related footnotes in the respective CAFR for further information

	2016		2017		2018		2019		2020
\$	3,458,276	\$	3,642,618	\$	3,863,887	\$	4,507,851	\$	4,790,637
	1,639,378		1,704,689		1,800,220		1,835,713		1,808,031
	3,212,368		3,217,101		3,304,018		3,514,113		3,698,428
	587,332		607,164		609,022		610,603		530,614
	1,839,335		1,873,706		1,968,337		1,998,820		1,944,151
	1,020,492		1,077,566		1,116,019		1,178,959		1,086,494
	1,933,738		1,978,429		2,147,683		2,320,432		2,281,451
	459,219 344,120		486,080 340.284		540,830 359,917		947,735 381,963		1,013,402 396.695
	209.796		132.871		124.463		650.894		528,715
	209,790		369,927		331,854		290,755		116,173
	200,010		-		-		60,733		58,988
	(760,730)		_		_		-		-
	83,011		(152,056)		936,532		1,484,425		1,410,000
			, ,						
	14,236,150		15,278,379		17,102,782		19,782,996		19,663,779
	120,371		127,731		126,516		711,372		635,568
	-		156,280		151,502		168,483		52,403
	(83,011)		152,056		(936,532)		(1,484,425)		(1,410,000)
	27 200		400.007		(050 544)		(004 570)		(700,000)
	37,360		436,067		(658,514)		(604,570)		(722,029)
\$	14,273,510	\$	15,714,446	\$	16,444,268	\$	19,178,426	\$	18,941,750
	·						·		
\$	(1,342,026)	\$	1.918.807	\$	2.693.605	\$	7.500.283	\$	3,676,461
Ψ	5,353,170	Ψ	7,248,352	Ψ	4,575,000	Ψ	4,208,707	Ψ	4,330,753
	-,,		, , - 3 =		, - : - ; - 30		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
\$	4,011,144	\$	9,167,159	\$	7,268,605	\$	11,708,990	\$	8,007,214

Schedule 3 City of Casselberry, Florida

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
General fund					
Nonspendable	\$ 236,288	\$ 223,423	\$ 439,801	\$ 479,339	\$ 83,084
Restricted	329,424	400.000	-	-	444.555
Committed	681,674	499,080	-	4 474 700	144,555
Assigned	-	-	892,457	1,474,798	1,474,798
Unassigned	 6,860,201	8,118,121	7,413,300	6,914,615	3,944,250
Total general fund	\$ 8,107,587	\$ 8,840,624	\$ 8,745,558	\$ 8,868,752	\$ 5,646,687
All other governmental funds					
Nonspendable	\$ 5,335	\$ 979,543	\$ 5,532	\$ 5,762	\$ 680
Restricted	12,021,331	10,590,808	10,983,244	10,874,020	20,203,467
Committed	1,888,704	2,074,779	681,215	1,699,132	1,735,565
Assigned	1,045,648	-	1,992,268	-	-
Unassigned (Deficit)	 -	(41,346)	-	(193,414)	(71,683)
Total all other					
governmental funds	\$ 14,961,018	\$ 13,603,784	\$ 13,662,259	\$ 12,385,500	\$ 21,868,029

2016		2017	2018	2019	2020		
\$ 206,102	\$	206,491	\$ 62,278	\$ 229,972	\$	232,549	
-		-	-	1,707,713 -		196,344 -	
305,152 5,052,535		1,474,083 4,761,125	700,407 7,305,097	1,799,166 8,439,786		1,058,596 11,211,767	
\$ 5,563,789	\$	6,441,699	\$ 8,067,782	\$ 12,176,637	\$	12,699,256	
\$ - 17,369,847 2,630,696	\$	- 13,708,131 816,201	\$ 3,833 13,287,243 639,876	\$ 31,504 14,495,538 937,379	\$	8,306 12,592,988 921,320	
 -		-	- 81	-		- -	
\$ 20,000,543	\$	14,524,332	\$ 13,931,033	\$ 15,464,421	\$	13,522,614	

Schedule 4 City of Casselberry, Florida

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 10,422,385	\$ 9,773,298	\$ 9,686,031	\$ 9,960,121	\$ 10,027,677
Special assessments (1)	-	-	-	-	-
Impact fees (1)	-	-	-	-	-
Permits, fees and special assessments	2,744,491	2,532,485	2,555,090	2,894,439	2,644,656
Intergovernmental revenues	5,272,724	5,845,195	3,275,988	4,627,878	4,356,694
Charges for services	4,333,359	4,499,340	4,552,732	4,751,127	4,957,743
Fines and forfeitures	402,401	589,820	428,905	726,254	258,783
Investment income	63,077	161,797	105,718	97,958	163,344
Miscellaneous revenues	 344,178	431,170	347,550	323,726	310,156
Total revenues	 23,582,615	23,833,105	20,952,014	23,381,503	22,719,053
Expenditures					
General government	3,157,420	2,933,931	3,159,865	3,854,216	4,987,753
Public safety	9,651,009	9,894,626	10,616,986	10,571,178	11,048,612
Physical environment	2,464,440	3,392,195	2,339,896	3,087,954	2,881,266
Transportation	1,927,474	1,870,757	1,815,409	1,649,675	1,943,276
Economic environment	162,118	563,082	93,691	61,410	57,833
Human services	-	-	-		-
Culture/Recreation	1,282,971	1,446,080	1,532,384	1,332,158	4,142,638
Debt service: Principal retirement	1,991,785	2,094,920	2,003,394	1,248,733	2,833,434
Interest and fiscal charges	694,484	229,766	229,765	210,497	247,312
Capital Outlay	1,693,731	3,828,335	1,222,831	4,065,574	2,505,971
Total expenditures	23,025,432	26,253,692	23,014,221	26,081,395	30,648,095
France (deficiency) of management					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	557.400	(0.400.507)	(0.000.007)	(0.000.000)	(7,000,040)
over (under) expenditures	 557,183	(2,420,587)	(2,062,207)	(2,699,892)	(7,929,042)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	4,252,818	2,834,073	2,701,477	4,988,962	3,767,386
Transfers (out)	(2,244,298)	(1,782,617)	(1,597,612)	(3,812,897)	(2,148,018)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	17,500	38,190	56,875	111,262	48,997
Insurance recoveries	-	-	70,206	-	-
Issuance of borrowing/refunding	9,392,950	706,744	794,670	259,000	12,511,141
Payment to escrow/current redemption	(8,367,000)	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,051,970	1,796,390	2,025,616	1,546,327	14,179,506
Net change in fund balances	\$ 3,609,153	\$ (624,197)	\$ (36,591)	\$ (1,153,565)	\$ 6,250,464
Debt service as a percentage					
of non-capital expenditures	 12.9%	11.7%	10.8%	7.0%	12.7%

⁽¹⁾ Special assessments and impact fees combined with other fees for reporting classifications starting in 2011.

_	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
	2010	2017	2010	2010	2020
\$	7,795,712	\$ 7,678,297	\$ 8,009,855	\$ 8,868,505	\$ 9,242,147
	-	-	-	-	-
	4,225,117	3,257,859	2,908,601	4,301,140	3,297,715
	5,391,142	5,545,543	5,992,652	7,904,063	6,197,710
	3,508,144	3,651,352	3,706,588	4,080,108	4,081,130
	283,573	280,551	289,272	395,196	213,450
	209,796	132,871	124,463	650,894	528,715
	963,424	840,392	1,282,052	1,080,101	659,986
	22,376,908	21,386,865	22,313,483	27,280,007	24,220,853
	4,518,196	3,194,771	3,059,476	2,988,687	3,265,976
	6,705,637	6,783,770	7,287,826	7,511,951	7,963,877
	2,765,574	4,753,202	3,790,145	4,630,272	4,619,935
	1,850,727	3,690,932	3,090,590	4,151,571	4,518,168
	13,752	499,805	446,577	147,893	105,269
	1,464,683	1,847,132	2,146,161	2,731,834	3,239,542
	1,591,828	2,369,493	2,018,693	2,187,193	2,380,839
	345,698	330,811	322,443	358,653	324,310
	9,580,334	4,505,002	721,811	578,227	1,705,185
	28,836,429	27,974,918	22,883,722	25,286,281	28,123,101
	(6,459,521)	(6,588,053)	(570,239)	1,993,726	(3,902,248)
	13,150,837	2,669,544	2,990,656	4,307,996	4,893,935
	(10,769,256)	(1,511,622)	(2,054,124)	(2,823,571)	(3,483,935)
	1,574,556		-	60,732	58,988
	- 	-	-	2 402 260	1 014 070
	553,000 -	831,830 -	666,491	2,103,360	1,014,072
	4,509,137	1,989,752	1,603,023	3,648,517	2,483,060
\$	(1,950,384)	\$ (4,598,301)	\$ 1,032,784	\$ 5,642,243	\$ (1,419,188)
_					
	6.6%	11.5%	12.0%	12.8%	11.9%
	0.0 /0	11.0/0	12.0 /0	12.070	11.37

Schedule 5 City of Casselberry, Florida

ASSESSED AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollar amounts are expressed in thousands)

	A	ssessed Value							
Fiscal Year	Real Property (1)	Personal Property	Total	Less: Tax Exempt Property	Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Actual Taxable Value	Value as a Percentage of Actual Value	
2011	\$1,478,385	\$ 99,535	\$1,577,920	\$362,991	\$1,214,929	5.4500	\$1,577,920	76.996%	
2012	1,267,636	102,567	1,370,203	324,803	1,045,400	5.4500	1,370,203	76.295%	
2013	1,290,455	103,670	1,394,125	335,516	1,058,609	5.4500	1,394,125	75.934%	
2014	1,310,448	101,086	1,411,534	323,247	1,088,287	5.4500	1,411,534	77.100%	
2015	1,320,635	97,222	1,417,857	323,283	1,094,574	5.4500	1,417,857	77.199%	
2016	1,371,003	96,071	1,467,074	319,412	1,147,662	3.1201	1,467,074	78.228%	
2017	1,430,110	93,493	1,523,603	314,084	1,209,519	3.1201	1,523,603	79.385%	
2018	1,506,976	92,049	1,599,025	315,201	1,283,824	3.1201	1,599,025	80.288%	
2019	1,762,300	97,878	1,860,178	327,761	1,532,417	3.0519	1,860,178	82.380%	
2020	1,880,367	100,393	1,980,760	350,757	1,630,003	3.0519	1,980,760	82.292%	

Source: Seminole County Property Appraiser's Office.

Note: Property is reassessed each year by the Seminole County Property Appraiser. Real property is assessed at 98% of actual value and personal property is assessed at 100% for 2019. Estimated actual taxable value is calculated by dividing assessed value by

those percentages. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed valuation.

(1) Real property was not broken down into residential and commercial property due to lack of information available from the Seminole County Property Appraiser's Office.

Schedule 6 City of Casselberry, Florida

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Per \$1,000 of Assessed Taxable Value)

Fiscal	City of Casselberry Florida	Semino	le County	St. Johns River Water	
Year	Total Direct	Government	School Board	Mgmt. Dist.	Total
2011	5.450	5.045	7.722	0.331	18.548
2012	5.450	5.045	7.553	0.331	18.379
2013	5.450	4.875	8.361	0.328	19.014
2014	5.450	4.875	7.897	0.316	18.538
2015	5.450	4.875	7.849	0.302	18.476
2016	3.120	4.875	7.849	0.302	16.146
2017	3.120	4.875	7.557	0.289	15.841
2018	3.120	4.875	6.569	0.272	14.836
2019	3.052	4.875	6.313	0.256	14.496
2020	3.052	4.875	6.133	0.241	14.301

Source: Seminole County Property Appraiser's Office.

Schedule 7 City of Casselberry, Florida

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		Fiscal Year 2	2019 / 2020	(a)	Fiscal Year 2010 / 2011 (b)				
Use	Taxpayer	Taxable Value	Percent of Total Taxable Value	Rank		Taxable Value	Percent of Total Taxable Value	Rank	
Residential	TGA 3851 Grandpine Way LLC	\$ 57,351,406	3.31%	1	\$	-	-		
Residential	BPP Alphabet MF Newport Colony	54,334,591	3.13%	2		-	-		
Residential	Vinings FL Partners LLC	45,282,246	2.61%	3		-	-		
Residential	4704 Integra LLC	33,128,084	1.91%	4		-	-		
Residential	Radius Winter Park LLC	31,881,762	1.84%	5		-	-		
Shopping Center	DDRM Casselberry Commons LLC	28,080,949	1.62%	6		15,940,724	1.20%	5	
Residential	PBH Stonecastle LLC	26,852,392	1.55%	7		18,664,983	1.23%	4	
Residential	The Allegro at Casselberry LLC	24,421,752	1.41%	8		-	-		
Residential	CPI Lake Kathryn Estates Owner	21,620,827	1.25%	9		-	-		
Residential	Goldelm at Regency Oaks LLC	21,052,128	1.21%	10		-	-		
Shopping Center	Wal-Mart Stores East LP	-	-			24,899,426	1.83%	1	
Residential	Casselberry Harbor Inv. Inc.	-	-			24,660,994	1.68%	2	
Residential	Newport Colony Apartments	-	-			19,607,966	1.66%	3	
Shopping Center	Greater Properties Inc.	-	-			15,029,260	1.16%	6	
Shopping Center	C J Properties	-	-			12,268,895	1.16%	7	
Residential	MSKP Casselberry Exchange LLC	-	-			12,083,458	0.84%	8	
Residential	Casselberry-Oxford Assoc.	-	-			11,338,065	0.82%	9	
Shopping Center	Target Corp	 				9,801,899	0.73%	_ 10	
	Totals	\$ 344,006,137	19.84%		\$	164,295,670	12.31%		

⁽a) The fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 tax levy is based on the 2019 taxable value.

Source: Seminole County Property Appraiser's Office.

⁽b) The fiscal year ended September 30, 2011 tax levy is based on the 2010 taxable value.

Schedule 8
City of Casselberry, Florida

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy(a)	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Levy Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Levy Collected
2011	\$6,255,694	\$6,034,297	96.5%	\$12,367	\$6,046,664	96.7%
2012	5,845,247	5,641,962	96.5%	14,484	5,656,446	96.8%
2013	5,683,328	5,402,096	95.1%	6,843	5,408,939	95.2%
2014	5,759,596	5,573,014	96.8%	14,254	5,587,268	97.0%
2015	5,965,394	5,756,392	96.5%	6,169	5,762,561	96.6%
2016	3,580,798	3,451,207	96.4%	7,069	3,458,276	96.6%
2017	3,773,793	3,634,046	96.3%	8,573	3,642,619	96.5%
2018	4,005,637	3,862,610	96.4%	1,277	3,863,887	96.5%
2019	4,676,760	4,507,851	96.4%	1,284	4,509,135	96.4%
2020	5,004,175	4,790,637	95.7%	1,893	4,792,530	95.8%

⁽a) Gross taxes before taxpayer elective early payment discount of 1% - 4% depending on month paid.

Source: Seminole County Tax Collector's Office.

Schedule 9 City of Casselberry, Florida

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Go	vernmental Activiti	es			
Fiscal Year	Sales Tax Revenue Notes	Special Assessment Revenue Note	Sausalito Wall Special Assessment Revenue Note	Local Option Gas Tax Revenue Note	Infrastructure Surtax Revenue Note	Capital Improvement Revenue Note	Capital Leases	Other Loans
2011	\$8,445,000	\$135,000	-	\$ 819,020	\$1,620,000	\$ -	\$ 964,873	\$ -
2012	8,056,400	107,000	-	554,984	675,000	-	1,202,333	-
2013	7,626,550	77,000	-	282,077	-	-	1,401,366	-
2014	7,187,300	47,000	-	-	-	-	1,162,959	-
2015	6,743,350	-	-	-	9,894,000	-	437,614	1,000,000
2016	6,290,000	-	-	-	9,570,000	-	676,139	500,000
2017	5,820,000	-	-	-	8,583,000	-	1,095,476	-
2018	5,345,000	-	-	-	7,578,000	-	1,223,274	-
2019	4,810,000	-	1,643,579	-	6,554,000	-	1,054,862	-
2020	4,275,000	-	1,520,942	-	5,511,000	-	1,388,732	-

Sources:

Population and personal income data from University of Florida, Bureau of Economic and Business Research. Per capita increase data from DR420MM per capita Florida personal income as provided by Seminole County Property Appraiser.

Note:

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial

statements.

Debt limitation: There are no legal debt limits for Florida municipalities.

Bus	iness-Type Activities	;				
Utility System Revenue Notes	State Revolving Loans	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Casselberry Personal Income	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
\$6,469,583	\$3,813,108	\$ -	\$22,266,584	\$1,157,276,783	1.92%	\$941
5,797,349	5,493,742	-	21,886,808	1,217,548,954	1.80%	829
5,354,385	5,433,505	-	20,174,883	1,152,979,941	1.75%	746
5,173,231	4,912,349	-	18,482,839	1,227,153,660	1.51%	671
4,473,408	4,395,826	-	26,944,198	1,273,806,206	2.12%	976
3,760,883	3,878,043	158,570	24,831,635	1,322,210,842	1.88%	894
3,035,439	3,562,922	100,280	22,197,117	1,372,454,854	1.62%	778
2,296,854	3,241,019	1,160,453	20,844,600	1,424,608,138	1.46%	700
1,544,905	2,916,386	953,106	19,476,839	1,478,743,248	1.32%	648
8,779,364	2,587,884	1,012,582	25,075,503	1,534,935,491	1.63%	826

Schedule 10

City of Casselberry, Florida

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt

September 30, 2020

	Net General Obligation	Percentage Applicable to	Amount Applicable to
Taxing District	Outstanding	City Taxpayers	City Taxpayers
Seminole County Government	\$	0.00%	\$
City of Casselberry	\$	100.00%	\$

Note: Management has determined that there is no direct and overlapping debt.



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Schedule 11 City of Casselberry, Florida

PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE (dollar amounts are expressed in thousands)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Utility System Revenue Notes									Sales Tax Revenue Notes						s		
Fiscal Year Re		Gross Revenues (1)		Less: Available Operating For Debt Expenses (2) Service		Pri	Debt Service Requirements Principal Interest		Coverage		iles Tax	Debt Service Requirements Principal Interest		Coverage				
2011	\$	14,022	\$	9,903	\$	4,119	\$	936	\$	370	3.15	\$	1,351	\$	389	\$	31	3.22
2012		15,955		10,778		5,177		969		196	4.44		1,519		389		32	3.61
2013		14,999		9,445		5,554		959		275	4.50		1,583		430		46	3.33
2014		15,891		9,095		6,796		748		234	6.92		1,662		439		38	3.48
2015		16,222		9,774		6,448		700		93	8.13		1,789		444		164	2.94
2016		17,741		10,466		7,275		713		80	9.17		1,839		453		156	3.02
2017		19,877		10,902		8,975		1,039		167	7.44		1,874		470		147	3.04
2018		19,234		14,915		4,319		1,060		146	3.58		1,968		475		145	3.17
2019		19,781		10,735		9,046		1,116		129	7.27		1,999		535		155	2.90
2020		20,576		11,510		9,066		1,094		106	7.56		1,944		535		139	2.88

⁽¹⁾ Gross revenues are defined pursuant to the resolution authorizing the issuance of the notes as all revenues of the Utilities System, excluding governmental grants (and any interest earned on such grants) and water and sewer connection fees.

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Source: City of Casselberry Finance Department.

⁽²⁾ Operating expenses are defined pursuant to the resolution authorizing the issuance of the notes as all expenses of the Utilities System, with the exception of interest, depreciation, depletion, amortization, or similar expenses.

⁽³⁾ Revenue collections began 1/15 - remitted to City 3/15.

⁽⁴⁾ Revenue collections began 11/19 for a 20 year period. Debt service covering 10 year period.

	Local Op	otion Ga	as Ta	x Re	venue	Note		Infrastru	ıctuı	re Surta	x Re	venue	Note	Saus	salito Wall T	axable No	te
	l Option			ervic				astructure		Debt S				Special	Debt S		
Ga	is Tax	Rec	quire	emen	ts		Surtax		Requirements			Assessment	Require	ements			
Rev	/enues	Princi	pal	Inte	erest	Coverage	Rev	enues (3)	Pr	incipal	Int	terest	Coverage	Revenues (4)	Principal	Interest	Coverage
\$	503	\$ 2	65	\$	23	1.75	\$	1,303	\$	650	\$	35	1.90	-	-	-	-
	474	2	64		26	1.63		338		650		36	0.49	-	-	-	-
	534	2	73		3	1.93		-		675		12	-	-	-	-	-
	566	2	82		5	1.97		-		-		-	-	-	-	-	-
	-		-		-	-		-		-		-	-	-	-	-	-
	-		-		-	-		1,639		324		149	3.47	-	-	-	-
	-		-		-	-		1,705		987		168	1.48	-	-	-	-
	-		-		-	-		1,800		1,005		149	1.56	-	-	-	-
	-		-		-	-		1,836		1,024		131	1.59	-	-	13	-
	-		-		-	-		1,808		1,043		112	1.57	104	123	43	0.63

Schedule 12 City of Casselberry, Florida

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	P	er Capita Personal come (2)	Personal Income (2)	School Enrollment (3)	Unemployment Rate (4)
2011	23,657	\$	48,919	\$ 1,157,276,783	3,524	9.8%
2012	26,387		46,142	1,217,548,954	3,466	7.7%
2013	27,057		42,613	1,152,979,941	3,563	5.7%
2014	27,527		44,580	1,227,153,660	3,604	5.1%
2015	27,614		48,075	1,327,552,485	3,518	4.6%
2016	27,786		47,841	1,329,308,944	3,531	4.3%
2017	28,548		48,075	1,372,454,854	3,543	3.0%
2018	29,778		47,841	1,424,608,138	3,571	3.5%
2019	30,035		49,234	1,478,743,248	3,363	2.7%
2020	30,341		50,589	1,534,935,491	3,279	6.4%

Sources: (1) University of Florida, Bureau of Economic and Business Research, "Florida Statistical Abstract".

⁽²⁾ University of Florida, Bureau of Economic and Business Research website: Per Capita and Total Personal Income, 2004-2005 Since FY06, an escalation of 3% was calculated for CPI increase.

⁽³⁾ Seminole County School Board.

⁽⁴⁾ Florida Department of Economic Opportunity, Labor Market Statistics, Local Area Unemployment Statistics Program, in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Schedule 13 City of Casselberry, Florida

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	Fiscal	Year 2019 / 202 Percent of Total City	Fiscal	Fiscal Year 2010 / 2011 Percent of Total City				
Employer	Employees	Employment	Rank	Employees	Employment	Rank		
Wal-Mart	460	3.27%	1	520	3.89%	1		
Publix (2 stores)	355	2.52%	2	314	2.35%	2		
Dynafire	265	1.88%	3	-	-	-		
City of Casselberry	206	1.46%	4	-	-	-		
Air Flow Designs	185	1.31%	5	185	1.38%	4		
Home Depot	170	1.21%	6	150	1.12%	7		
Dialog Direct	145	1.03%	7	-	-	-		
The Geneva School	128	0.91%	8	-	-	-		
T&T Construction of Central Florida	115	0.82%	9	77	0.58%	10		
Employ U (f/k/a Seminole Work Opportunity)	95	0.68%	10	150	1.12%	6		
Jackson Hewitt	-	-	-	200	1.50%	3		
Target	-	-	-	160	1.20%	5		
MHNet	-	-	-	95	0.71%	8		
Winn Dixie	-	-	-	84	0.63%	9		
Total	2,124	15.09%		1,935	14.48%	-		

City of Casselberry Community Development Department Bureau of Labor Statistics Sources:

Schedule 14 City of Casselberry, Florida

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION / PROGRAM

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Full	Full-time Equivalent Employees as of September 30								
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015					
General government										
Administration	7	8	9	10	10					
Administrative Services	11	10	6	0	0					
Finance	13	12	14	12	12					
Community Development	12	10	7	7	7					
Public safety										
Police	63	63	63	62	62					
Fire *	42	42	43	43	43					
Protective Inspections	0	0	0	5	4					
Physical environment										
Public Works	49	55	63	62	63					
<u>Transportation</u>										
Streets & Fleet	13	18	17	17	14					
Culture / Recreation										
Parks	11	13	11	14	14					
Total	221	231	233	232	229					

Source: City of Casselberry Office of Management and Budget.

^{*} City of Casselberry's Fire Department consolidated with Seminole County effective 10/1/2015.

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
				_
10 0 13 7	10 0 13 7	9 0 13 7	7 7 11 7	8 10 7 7
62 0 5	63 0 5	65 0 7	68 0 8	70 0 8
65	62	62	63	67
14	14	15	16	16
16	17	17	18	18
192	191	195	205	211

Schedule 15 City of Casselberry, Florida

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Building Inspections					
Building permits issued	1,539	1,226	1,349	1,794	1,596
Law Enfavorage					
<u>Law Enforcement</u> Traffic Citations	9,367	11,413	9,529	9,100	7,516
Parking Citations	8	12	11	7	28
Arrests	1,401	1,576	1,373	1,446	854
Fire*					
Fire Responses	1,337	1,165	1,386	1,411	1,537
EMS Responses	3,089	3,495	3,294	3,468	3,659
Patient Transports	1,353	2,198	2,271	2,496	2,609
Public Works - Streets Division					
Street resurfaced (tons/asphalt)	3,543	74	0	10,756	8,230
Street repairs (potholes)	132	136	124	83	203
Water					
New Meter Set	12	7	19	57	16
New Irrigation Meters	17	14	14	14	25
New Reclaimed Meters	9	5	21	46	7

Note: Indicators are not available for the general government function.

Source: Various City Departments.

^{*} City of Casselberry's Fire Department consolidated with Seminole County effective 10/1/2015.

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
1,792	2,297	2,550	2,988	3,100
8,970	11,118	10,636	7,921	4,525
62	120	157	89	60
755	868	913	900	596
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
879	11,214	3,001	126	6,698
78	64	51	58	52
30	134	23	16	22
17	13	18	8	15
28	80	22	11	10

Schedule 16 City of Casselberry, Florida

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Dublia Cafatu					
Public Safety	•	•	•	•	•
Fire stations	2	2	2	2	2
Police stations	1	1	1	1	1
Other Public Works					
Miles of streets	66	66	66	66	66
Parks and Recreation					
Park acreage	132	132	132	132	132
Number of community parks	3	3	3	3	3
Number of neighborhood parks	8	10	10	10	10
Number of golf courses (18 holes)	0	0	0	0	1
Number of golf courses (10 holes)	U	U	U	U	1
Water					
Water Mains (Miles)	215	215	215	216	217
Maximum Plant Capacity (MGD)	14.23	14.23	14.23	14.23	14.23
Fire Hydrants	1,315	1,321	1,338	1,345	1,360
i ne riyaranto	1,010	1,021	1,000	1,040	1,000
Wastewater					
Sanitary Sewers (Miles)	176	174	131	132	132
Treatment Capacity (MGD)	5.595	5.595	5.595	5.595	5.595
	3.000	2.300	2.300	2.300	2.200

Source: Various City Departments.

^{*} Revised acreage and number of parks in accordance with 2017 Parks Master Plan. Figure includes three undeveloped parks totaling 9.5 acres.

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
0 1	0	0	0 1	0 1
·	•	•	·	•
66	67	67	67	67
132	*105.40	109	109	109
3 10	3 *19	6 17	6 17	6 17
10	19	17	17	17
'	'	'	'	,
218	220	221	222	222
14.23	14.23	14.23	14.23	14.23
1,380	1,389	1,401	1,402	1,402
134	133	134	134	134
5.595	5.595	5.595	5,595	5,595



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Casselberry, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Casselberry, Florida, (the "City") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 1, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Casselberry, Florida

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, grant agreements and contracts, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Pursuant to provisions of Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, we reported certain matters to management of the City in a separate management letter and Independent Accountant's Report dated March 1, 2021.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida March 1, 2021



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Casselberry, Florida

We have examined the City of Casselberry, Florida's (the "City") compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. Management is responsible for the City's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City is in accordance with those requirements, in all material respect. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida March 1, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Casselberry, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Casselberry, Florida (the "City") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated March 1, 2021.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have also issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and our Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated March 1, 2021, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial report. There were no audit findings or recommendations identified in the preceding annual financial report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The legal authority is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Casselberry, Florida

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), *Rules of the Auditor General*, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), *Rules of the Auditor General*, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based, in part, on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Special District Component Units

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, to provide the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit, within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we did not note any special district component units that failed to provide the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Mayor, City Commission, and applicable management and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida March 1, 2021



City of Casselberry

Finance Department

95 Triplet Lake Drive, Casselberry, Florida 32707 • Telephone (407) 262-7700 Fax (407) 262-7746

AFFIDAVIT OF IMPACT FEE COMPLIANCE

The City of Casselberry has complied with Section 163.31801 of Florida Statutes regarding accounting and reporting impact fee collections and expenditures for Fiscal Year 2020.

Carol A. Conroy Finance Director

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF SEMINOLE

The forgoing instrument was sworn to and subscribed before me by means of physical presence this day of day of day of 2021, by Carol A. Conroy, of the City of Casselberry, Florida, who is personally known to me.

SIGNATURE OF NOTARY PUBLIC-STATE OF FLORIDA

